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The

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Hongkong Telegraph

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1938.

日一廿月八

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1938
DUNLOP
100 YEARS OF GROWTH

DUNLOP Fort
The Tyre with 2,000 Teeth

Author of
21 Books

WILL
LIVE
IN H.K.

NOW working on her twenty-first romantic novel, a young English writer, whose love stories are widely read by women, will arrive in Hongkong this week to live here with her naval officer husband.

She is Marjorie Price, 31-year-old author of "The Mantle of Saltash," and "Pandora Dances."

Her husband, Lieut. F. C. V. Brightman, arrived in Hongkong last week. Mrs. Brightman is remaining in Singapore for a fortnight to join H.M.S. Westcott.

"My latest novel is about life at Malta, where I spent several months, while my husband was stationed there," the well-known authoress said recently.

Before she married, Mrs. Brightman had had about five novels published.

"Most of my books are heart stories," she said with a smile. "And it is great fun for me to watch typists and shop girls eagerly reading them in the buses and tubes at home."

Mrs. Brightman says she finds life as a naval wife eminently suitable for her work. A novelist can work anywhere and if she has the opportunity of seeing as much of the world as a naval wife invariably has, she always has new settings for stories. She left England to marry her husband in Burma, when he was stationed there. After leaving home to dance in musical comedy, she wrote her first novel, "The Mantle of Saltash," to amuse herself.

**PROTECTING
JAPANESE
IN COLONY**

Consul-General Sees
Police Commissioner

THE "TELEGRAPH" is authoritatively informed that a warning has been issued to all Japanese subjects residing in Hongkong to be cautious in view of the possibility of anti-Japanese feeling arising amongst the Chinese in the Colony.

The warning to the Japanese was conveyed by their Consul General, Mr. T. Nakamura.

It is understood from authoritative sources that Mr. Nakamura interviewed the Hon. T. H. King, Commissioner of Police, on Wednesday, and requested that precautionary measures be taken for the complete protection of Japanese residents in Hongkong.

It is understood that the Police Department had already increased the normal guards which have been protecting Japanese business establishments, hotels and residences, before Mr. Nakamura's approach was made.

Mr. Nakamura has also addressed an official note to the Government of Macao, requesting the Portuguese authorities to take appropriate measures for protecting Japanese subjects residing there.

**Plot To Seize
Power In
Sofia**

LONDON, Oct. 13. The Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Belgrade reported to-day that a plot had been hatched to overthrow the Government of Sofia.

He added that many members of a Macedonian secret revolutionary organisation had been arrested, and ordered to leave the country as a result of General Poer's assumption of power.

It is officially announced that a search of the extremists' hide-outs had resulted in many arrests. The police were patrolling the streets before dawn.—United Press.

BRITAIN MAY SEND MORE WARSHIPS TO CHINA

Chamberlain Returning To
London this Week

Special to "Telegraph".

(Telecommunication Ordinance 1938. Copyright by United Press. Received 6.30 a.m. Published 10.30 a.m.)

LONDON, Oct. 13.

THE DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT OF THE "DAILY EXPRESS" PREDICTED TODAY THAT THE CABINET MIGHT DECIDE THIS WEEK-END TO STRENGTHEN THE BRITISH NAVAL FORCES IN FAR EASTERN WATERS.

It is understood, states the Correspondent, that Mr. Chamberlain is curtailing his vacation in Scotland for the second time since the beginning of September.

He will probably return to London to initiate a big-scale armament drive and at the same time consider suggestions that the China Station squadron should be substantially increased in view of the Japanese invasion of Kwangtung province.

The present British China Squadron, exclusive of Yangtse River gunboats, consists of the 5th Cruiser Squadron, comprising six cruisers; the aircraft carrier Eagle, the 8th Destroyer Flotilla, comprising nine destroyers; five vessels—H.M. ships Folkestone, Sandwich, Falmouth, Grimsby and Lowestoft—employed on patrol duties; the submarines Odin, Otus, Olympus, Orpheus, Perseus, Parthian, Phoenix, Pandora, Proteus, Rainbow, Rover, Regent, Regulus, Grampus and Rorqual; five West River gunboats, and H.M. ships Thracian and Thanet, of the local Defence Flotilla.

Recently two speedy motor torpedo boats, the first of a flotilla of similar craft, were added to the Station.

With docking accommodation now available at Singapore and the easing of tension in Europe, the "Daily Express" envisages the possible despatch of one or two battleships to the Far East in addition to other smaller craft.

The Cabinet, at the meeting to be called by the Premier, will have placed before it proposals for a great speed-up in British armaments, particular emphasis being laid upon fighting airplanes.

In addition, it is expected that the controversial conscription issue will be fully investigated before Parliament meets again next month.—United Press.

MUSSOLINI BELIEVES JAPAN WILL WIN

Rome, Oct. 13. It is learned that on receiving the mission of visiting Japanese journalists to-day Signor Mussolini expressed the opinion that he was confident the Japanese would be victorious in the war in China and would eventually banish Communism in the Far East.

A victory by Japan will permit that country to carry out the development which is a necessity for a strong, sound and meritorious people." It is reported to have said.—United Press.

PALESTINE DISORDERS SPREADING

Entire Country In
Throes Of Civil War

CAIRO, Oct. 13.

IN SPITE of the sparseness of the uncensored accounts reaching here of conditions in Palestine, the opinion is rapidly gaining ground that the position of the British mandate Government is becoming more and more untenable each day.

Fighting is now going on in every part of the country and 28 battles have taken place during the last three days.

The authority of the Government is now practically confined to those big towns having con-

(Continued on Page 4.)

Anglo-Italian Parleys Resumed in Rome

ROME, Oct. 13.

Resuming negotiations for a quick settlement of the Spanish problem, Lord Perth, British Ambassador to Rome, unexpectedly called on Count Clano, the Italian Foreign Minister.

It is assumed that Lord Perth had received London instructions regarding the new aspect of the problem.

Coincident with the visit was the publication of the list of Black-shirt casualties in Spain, and there are indications that Signor Mussolini is displeased with the effect of the re-

(Continued on Page 4.)

NEW CRISIS IN EUROPE

Czech-Hungarian Parleys Cease

KOMAROM, Oct. 13.

CAUSING A GRAVE CRISIS in the negotiations between the Carpatho-Ruthenian delegates and the Hungarian authorities, official despatches have disclosed a reign of terror in Ruthenia by organised gangs equipped with foreign arms and led by Hungarian reserve officers.

It is officially reported that there has been sporadic fighting and at least two Czechs have been killed, while many Hungarians have been arrested.

The Czech Government has invoked martial law.

It is also reported that terrorism is rife in Bratislava. A number of Hungarians have been arrested and charged with terrorist activity.

At Mukacevo, the centre of the Ruthenian terrorist outbreak, there is "murder, manslaughter, robbery, robbery and crimes endangering the public" according to a Czech description.

Meanwhile, the Czech-Hungarian relations are very strained.

HUNGARIANS DEPART

Budapest, Oct. 13. Negotiations between Hungary and Czechoslovakia were broken off at 7.12 p.m. this evening. The meeting lasted only five minutes, and the Hungarian delegation returned to the Hungarian side of the town of Komarom, and boarded a steamer.

Mr. Károlyi de Kánya, the Hungarian Foreign Minister, issued a statement emphasising that the Czech counter-proposals referring to the frontier differed to such an extent from the Hungarian viewpoint, and there was such a wide gulf between the stand-points of the two delegations concerning fundamental principles of the new settlement, that they cannot hope to be bridged through the present negotiations.

The statement adds that Hungary will request the speediest possible settlement of its territorial claims against Czechoslovakia by the four powers, who are signatories to the Munich protocol.

REUTER

CZECHS REFUSE TO
GIVE WAY

Budapest, Oct. 13. Reports from Komarom state that in a two-hour session the Czechs were unexpectedly firm concerning their negotiations with Hungary over minority rights, an attitude which is attributed to the German and Hungarian assurances of support.

It is understood that the Czechs offered to cede an area inhabited by more than 100,000 Hungarians. However, the Czechs are adamant in their refusal to surrender Bratislava, Kosice and other cities.

Meanwhile, Hungarian extremists are arming for war. One of the newspapers observes: "We will obtain minorities in Czechoslovakia even if we have to do so with our bare hands."

APPEAL TO WORLD POWERS

Budapest, Oct. 13. Shortly after the expiration of the time limit to Hungary's demands regarding Czechoslovakia, the Hun-

Ten Million Gallons Of Petrol Afire

LINDEN, Alabama.

Oct. 13.

After an 18-hours fight, firemen to-day extinguished a blaze which fed almost 10,000,000 gallons of gasoline, naphtha and kerosene oil.

It is estimated that the damage exceeds \$500,000,000.—United Press.

LONDON RAIL STRIKE SPREADS

London, Oct. 13.

A strike is spreading among the London, Midland and Scottish Railway freight workers, which threatens a serious interference with Britain's food supply.

The strike started because a ticket-collector refused to join the Union.—United Press.

BIAS BAY FIGHTING

Japanese Enter Strategic City

Railway Gateway Falls After Severe Fighting

DRIVING INLAND FROM HACHUNG AND PAKKONG, TWO BIAS BAY COAST TOWNS WHERE LANDINGS WERE EFFECTED ON WEDNESDAY, THE JAPANESE SOUTH CHINA EXPEDITIONARY FORCE ENTERED THE IMPORTANT CITY OF TAMSHUI THIS MORNING.

Tamshui, which is only twenty miles from the Chinese section of the Kowloon-Canton Railway, fell shortly before dawn, it is reported.

The city is about ten miles inland from Bias Bay, and is reached from Hachung through a fairly wide valley between two chains of mountains.

Tamshui is on the east bank of the Takkong River, which the Japanese must attempt to cross in their drive on the railway.

It is about 18 miles from the British frontier.

It is reported that vigorous fighting proceeded throughout the night at Yimpatow, about three-quarters of a mile east of Tamshui.

Meanwhile, Hungarian extremists are arming for war. One of the newspapers observes: "We will obtain minorities in Czechoslovakia even if we have to do so with our bare hands."

APPEAL TO WORLD POWERS

Budapest, Oct. 13.

Shortly after the expiration of the time limit to Hungary's demands regarding Czechoslovakia, the Hun-

garian artillery was brought into play for the first time

since the invasion commenced, and a long-range bombardment was carried out by Japanese naval ships.

Tamshui was almost completely wrecked when the Japanese entered.

For 72 hours it has been subjected to almost incessant bombing by squadrons of Japanese machines, which have made Tamshui and Wuchow, another Japanese objective, their principal targets.

(Continued on Page 12.)

STOP PRESS

Kwangtung Government Leaves Canton

400,000 Women, Children Evacuating

CANTON, OCT. 14.

It is learned from authoritative course that the Kwangtung Provincial Government and Canton Municipal Government are moving from Canton to Yungtien, in North Kwangtung this afternoon.

Preparations are being made for the evacuation of all Chinese women and children from Canton to the interior. Arrangements have been completed for immediately evacuating 400,000.

Notices in the streets of Canton urge the populace to remain calm, and express the hope that they will take advantage of the arrangements made for evacuation.

The Chinese are admit the fall of Tamshui. The Japanese forces are converging on Wuchow from Tamshui and Nanking.—Reuter.

**Dr. Maberley
says:**

Radio is converting us into a nation of listeners, and in some measure making us less sociable.

"There is far too much listening nowadays, and while there is much to be said for a good listener, it is far more advantageous, both from a personal and social point of view, that people should take some part in the life and interests around them.

"Before the advent of radio people used to call on one another and find fresh interests in discussions and conversations with their neighbours.

"But to-day they sit at home listening to lectures and speeches, and find little opportunity to express their own views on these subjects."

SCOUTMASTER'S ALLEGED MERCY MURDER PLEA

Story Of Drive With Nurses After Mothers' Death

A 29-year-old Scoutmaster who was alleged to have said that his mother asked him to end her sufferings faced a charge of murder at Torquay recently.

It was stated that the man, Norman John Walter Smith, walked into the police station on August 28 and said he had killed his mother, Mrs. Alice Maud Smith, at their home at Hill Park Road, Torquay.

Mr. G. R. Paling, prosecuting, said Mrs. Smith lived apart from her husband, Smith lived with her and supported her with the salary he received as a solicitor's clerk.

On Friday, August 26, his employment ended and on the Sunday, he called at the police station and said to Sergeant Taylor: "Sergeant, I have killed my mother. Don't look alarmed. I hit her with a rolling-pin." He added that she had suffered from internal trouble.

The officer went with Smith to the house and in a bedroom he saw the mother's body.

PUT HER TO BED

Smith said: "I have washed her and done her hair, and then put her to bed, as you see."

Smith further said: "I promised mother on Friday I would take two nurses for a ride on Sunday morning, so I took them out before I came here."

To Det-Sergeant Roper, Mr. Paling continued, Smith said, "I have no regrets, officer. She is better off than she has been for 12 years."

Mr. Paling read a statement alleged to have been made by Smith. "I then went downstairs to get the supper. I was taking the frying-pan off the hook and I had to take the rolling-pin off first.

"I had my fingers through the string when I heard a bump and a shriek from upstairs. I rushed upstairs and found my mother kneeling down. She said: 'For God's sake, Norman, finish me quick!'

"Without hesitation, I lifted the rolling-pin and hit her two or three quick blows on the head."

If that statement was proved, Mr. Paling said, Smith killed his mother on the Saturday evening.

He remained in the house that night and the next morning took

two women for a ride in his motor-car. Mr. Paling said that when Smith was searched a document purporting to be his will was found on him. It contained the clause: "I desire my body to be cremated with that of my darling mother, and the ashes to be thrown in the sea."

Mr. Paling said: "That document was dated August 26, the day he left his employment. I suggest that he formed on the Friday the intention to commit this offence and possibly some other offence."

Police-Sergeant Taylor said Smith appropriated some of the firm's money.

Smith was committed for trial at the next Devon Assizes.

DISGUSTING

"It is disgusting to see a girl of 15 with her face made up like that. Take her home now and see that she washes her face and bring her back later."

The West London magistrate, Mr. Paul Bennet, said this to the father of a girl accused of insulting behaviour, who appeared heavily rouged and powdered.

She returned without make-up and the case was adjourned.

Drivers "Steam-Bound"

Motorists complained of being "steam-bound" during an electrical storm in which the temperature tumbled 30 degrees in 15 minutes.

Drivers said that because of the rapid drop in temperature, steam rising from the highways was so dense it cut off their vision.



Asserting they vastly enjoyed their 26-day visit in the United States, members of the Swedish royal family leave New York for home. At left, Crown Prince Gustaf Adolf waves farewell, on the gangplank of the Swedish liner Gripsholm. With him are Crown Princess Louise and Prince Bertil. Bertil smiled happily over gift of two automobiles.

ROTHSCHILD RANSOM: HALF A BUSINESS

TURNING down £120,000 offered as "ransom" for Baron Louis Rothschild, imprisoned in Vienna, Germany's Nazis are now demanding not merely money but a foothold in Czechoslovakia.

They want control of the Wittkowitz works, the Czechs' biggest industrial concern, 51 per cent. of whose shares are held by the Austrian Rothschilds.

To this end they have sent a lawyer, Dr. Erich Fuehrer, to Paris to negotiate with the French branch of the Rothschild family, as well as with Baron Louis' brother, Baron Alphonse Rothschild.

Baron Louis, imprisoned by the Gestapo soon after Hitler seized Austria, should have been freed a fortnight ago.

The Austrian Rothschilds offered £120,000 for his release while the French family also declared itself willing to make a considerable contribution.

But this is not enough for the Nazis.

They see in the possession of the Wittkowitz shares an economic foothold—and an important one—in Czechoslovakia.

The other 49 per cent. of the shares are held by Zivno, the big Czech

bunk, which bought them from another Austrian family, the Guttmans.

It was announced at the time that the price paid was £6,000,000.

Up to now the Rothschilds have always firmly declared that if they ever sold out it would be to a Czech concern.

Wife Collects Buttons

Charlotte, Mich. If buttons are missing on W. R. Brott's shirts here, it is not because his wife has run short of them. Mrs. Brott, whose hobby is collecting them, has more than 1,500 buttons. One is from a Civil War uniform.

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Ladies' black or white satin court shoes for dancing...
Price \$4.00.



Ladies' crepe-de-chine evening shoes of latest design.
Price \$6.00.

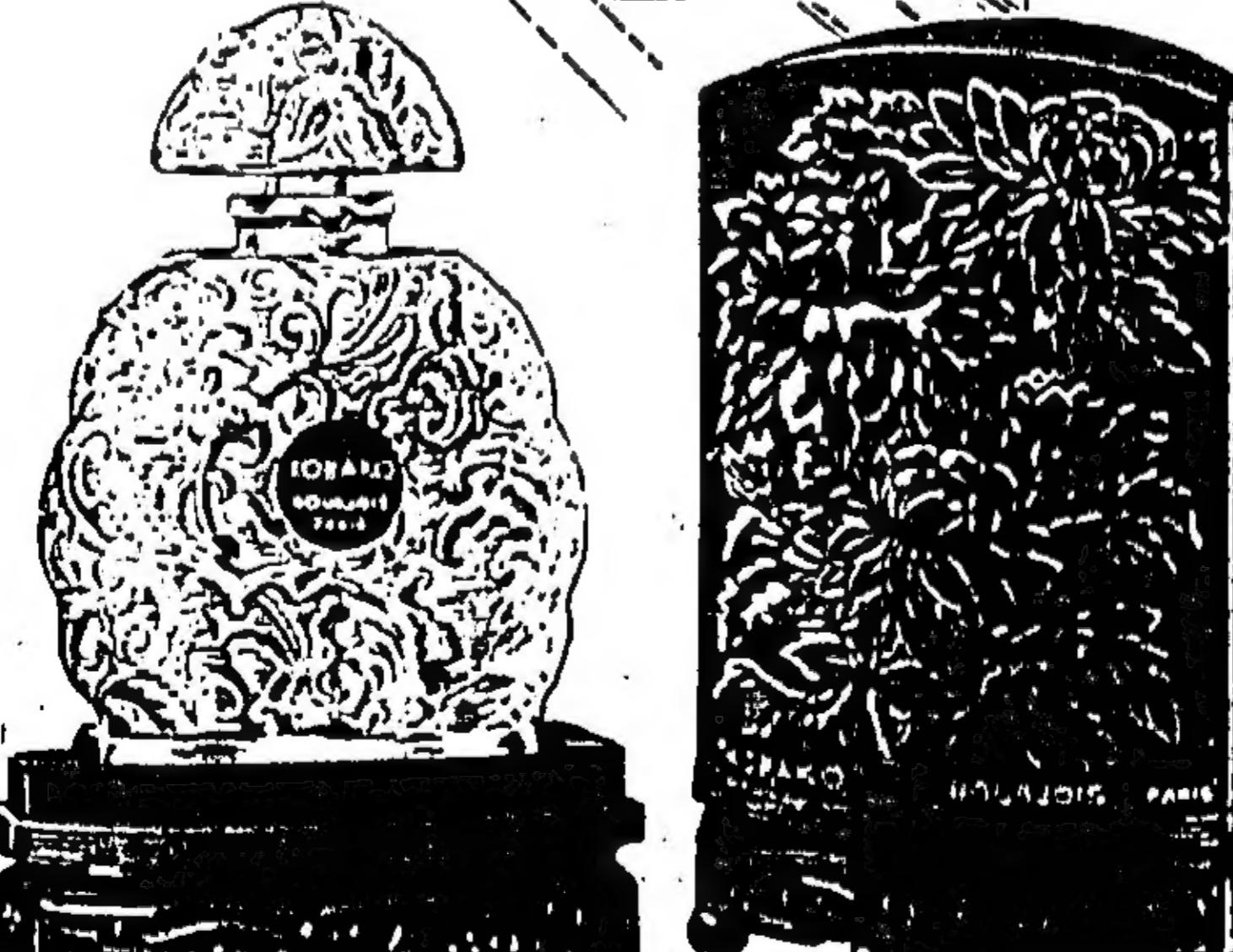


Patent leather dress shoes without toe cap. Light and comfortable.
Price \$4.50.

Rato

KOBAKO

Kobako... a witty French interpretation of an exotic Oriental perfume... created by the greatest living perfumer. Because it is spiced with Gallic humor, it helps you to play the part of the mysterious, alluring and captivating... but with that light touch that gives you ultimate glamour in modern eyes.



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PREPARE YOUR CARROT DIET

Carrots are chopped up as fine as possible until they are almost mashed, then put in a muslin bag and the juice squeezed into a cup. Nothing is added.

Young carrots give the most juice, which is extremely sweet.

It is drunk as often as fancied in whatever quantity.

When the stars are on the 1 lb. a day reducing diet, they take nothing but vegetable and fruit juices. It is claimed that these are so sustaining that solid food is unnecessary. Vegetable broths are allowed as a change.

A LIVENER

On the keep-your-weight-as-it-is diet, carrot juice is taken as a morning livener and at any other time during the day. It is often served as a pre-lunch cocktail, is supposed to clear up the bloodstream and to be very effective for dealing with puffy eyes and too many chins.

In addition, Dr. Benjamin-Gaylord Houser, dietician to the stars, who started the carrot cure, prescribes an individual diet for each person's needs.

Wholemeal flour is used and either raw sugar or honey.

Potatoes must be baked. Meat is allowed once a day with all kinds of clear soups. The chief dishes in the diet are salads, vegetables and fruits—especially oranges.

Steamed puddings and creamy pastries become once-in-a-while treats, and drinks are allowed in "strict moderation."

Gargle with ODOL —

It is as refreshing to the mouth as a shower-bath to the body!

Odol has further unique quality! It possesses great germicidal power and antiseptic properties. Bacteria are destroyed in a few seconds. Let the fragrant taste of Odol be a twice-daily delight to you —

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WANTED KNOWN.

MR. SCHMIDT has returned from his holiday, which was spent in Europe, and will be glad to see his customers again at Andre's Beauty Parlour.

CHRISTMAS CARDS and original sketches by R. Poinot, depicting Junks, Chinese life and scenery. Exhibited for sale at The Little Shop, Gloucester Arcade. Book early.

SILVERFOXES and capes; further shipment from London has just been received, and now offered at \$120. up. Alaska Fur Co., Alexandra Building, 2nd floor. 11 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 3 to 6 p.m. (including Saturday).

ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—By Service couple, room with partial board for two weeks with British or American private family. Write Box No. 493, "Hongkong Telegraph."

MOTOR CARS.

WE BUY, sell and exchange cars from \$400. in good running condition. We also insure and repair. China Trading Company. G.P.O. Box 200. Tel. 2383.

PHOTO. CONTEST WINNERS

(Continued from Page 1.)

3rd Prize:—Mr. Wang Lau-sun, Lawson & Company, 39, Hankow Rnd.

SECTION 4

(Children's Section)

1st Prize:—"A Good Guess"....

Kwan Chung-chin, 7, Ground Floor, Yau Yung Hong, Canton.

2nd Prize:—Wong Chun-fai, 2, Lower Castle Rnd.

BEST ACTION PHOTO AWARD

Mr. Danny Yan, 57, Queen's Road Central, for entry entitled "Who's the Winner?"

COMMENDED

Section 1: Kung Ng Kuen, E. W. Fielding, Leung Hong, Che Luk Kun, Hung Man Lee, Mrs. Elly Hess, Kan Che Luk, Yau Hok Kan, Y. H. Hung, Section 2: N. Hildersay, Koo She

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES AND UNDERWRITERS

S/B "CHENONCEAUX"
Voyage 22-Return/1938.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above mentioned steamer having grounded on the 4th of October, 1938, four miles off Hongkong, General Average has been declared on all cargo on board from Japan Ports and Shanghai.

Consignees of cargo for Hongkong are hereby requested to sign a General Average Bond supported by two copies of the original invoices, and pay a 4% Average Deposit on the c. i. f. value of the goods before the cargo can be delivered.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

R. OHL,
Agent.

Hongkong, October 11, 1938.

AMBULANCE WORK

The return of cases treated during September by the St. John Ambulance New Territories Medical Benevolent Branch show that the total dealt with was 12,773, of which 5,512 were new cases. One thousand, six hundred and five people were seen by the doctors at the various clinics, while 285 visits were paid to homes. There was a total of 137 vaccinations. The clinics at Tsuen Wan and Kam Tin supplied quinine mixtures to 570 and 118 patients, respectively.

Fu, Yau Hok Kan, T. K. S. Chan Klin Pong, W. C. Clark, Kwok Ying Chiu, Tai Tin Tsui, Samuel Ng, E. K. Kwik, K. F. Yeung, Hung Man Lee, C. E. Wittschie, Alfred Wang, H. A. McKay.

Section 3: Robert Rule, Wong Kam Chow, Leung Li Choh, Che Luk Kun, K. F. Yau, C. H. Blair, Wang Lao Sun, Danny Yau.

Section 4: Lee Qui, Wong Chun Fui, K. C. Yau.

EXHIBITION MONDAY

An exhibition of the prize winning entries, together with a selection of outstanding photographs entered in the competition, will commence in the Board Room of the South China Morning Post Ltd. building, Wyndham Street, on Monday morning.

TAG ALONG WITH THIS MAD, MERRY TRIO . . .

For licky-split, uproarious fun . . . as two gay moderns (and Ossified Oscar) bounce from love and watered soup in a Bohemian attic to hisses and champagne breakfasts in a Park Avenue penthouse!

Robert MONTGOMERY Rosalind RUSSELL Robt BENCHLEY

Live, Love and Learn
with HELEN VINSON

MICKEY ROONEY
MONTY WOOLLEY
Directed by George Stevens
Produced by Harry Saltzman

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HONGKONG'S HOUSING PROBLEMS: EFFORT TO SUGGEST SOLUTION

(Continued from Page 7.)

necessary to civilization and these are supplied, largely, by "home" industries. To meet the demand, the factory system has now made its appearance in Hongkong, but at present the majority of such concerns are small. The more obvious factory-sites have already been taken up by the more advanced, and the newer concerns seek sites in areas not intended for housing and the "home" industries. It is questionable whether the establishment of new factory in a built-up area will provide work for the unemployed in that area or attract additional population. Where there is no room for the existing population to expand, the replacement of existing houses by factories is bound to increase overcrowding.

16. Unfortunately these new industrial concerns are too small to build factories away from the populated areas. They cannot afford to lay out capital to provide housing for their workpeople, even if they could, where there is no room. Before they can build, they require not only good cheap building land, with room for expansion and for housing, but adequate communications and public services such as water, light and power, drainage, and sewage disposal. Of these new industries, there are not to be permitted to add to existing congestion, it is essential that they should be encouraged to establish themselves elsewhere, and the necessary provision be made for them. The cost of providing for them may be prohibitory, for on small items but not for a number of firms. The cost, too, must not be weighed against the immediate advantages, which may appear negligible, but against the ultimate objective, which, on achievement, may make the initial outlay itself appear negligible. Once the nucleus of new communities is established, it will attract further population. In such case the "home" industries' character of local industries will be favourable to decentralization. There will be no big works to move and no expensive machinery to be transported. All that is wanted is room for their works. It is certain that, if further congestion is to be avoided, the obvious policy is to facilitate the erection of factories in less densely developed areas and not to wait until they have established themselves in Victoria and Kowloon, whence their removal will be both difficult and expensive.

17. The type of house in Hongkong occupied by the masses has been briefly mentioned. It is however necessary to consider it in detail, to find out its defects and their bearing on the housing question generally. Does it provide accommodation suited to the needs and circumstances of the poor, for whom it is built? Is it decent, in what way is it defective? Is it too costly or merely badly planned or both? What are the needs and circumstances of the majority of the population? An answer to the last question is a necessary preliminary to the consideration of the others.

18. Throughout the world it has always been recognized, and still is, that the family is the social unit. In some countries, particularly China, family ties are so strong that the term "family" includes all blood relatives. The "clan" is almost synonymous with the "clan". For practical purposes however the clan is too loose a term, and too variable a quantity, to be of much use, and the term "family" is

applied only to parents and their direct offspring. As soon as one of the drawn marriage, now largely created, to provide houses suitable for family life, it is necessary to know the normal size of families. On this point, unfortunately, no figures are available.

In England, statistics show that about 75% of families consist of between two and five people, and the extremes are less than 10% of the total. The general impression amongst Europeans is that Chinese families are large. Although the birth rate is undoubtedly high, the infant death rate is also high and, in consequence, the actual number of living children is relatively very little greater per family than in England. Allowing for the fact that throughout the world, the poorer classes tend to have larger families than the wealthier classes, it does not seem unreasonable to presume that the average Chinese family is five or six. (See Paragraph 42.)

19. The next point for consideration is the normal earnings of the Chinese family and how much of those earnings is spent on housing. In Appendix III are given the normal rates of wages for different classes of workers. The wages for skilled workers vary between \$30 and \$70 per month and, for unskilled workers, between \$15 and \$22 per month. Family factory workers earn from \$6 to \$24 per month. Among the poorer classes both husband and wife usually work, so their combined earnings would, if on full time employment, range from \$21 to \$94 per month. As far as the poorer classes are casual labourers, it is probably that amongst those normally employed, not more than twenty dollars per month could be called their combined earnings would drop to between \$14 and \$61 per month. When both husband and wife are unskilled casual labourers, as they generally are, a normal wage level of between \$14 and \$30 per month is the most that can be expected.

MUMINUM RENTS

20. What are the maximum rents which can be expected from such incomes? It is a generally accepted principle that rent should not exceed one-fifth of family income. In exceptional cases, where cost of transport, food, etc., is cheap, a rent equal to one-quarter of family earnings might be quite reasonable. The working classes and the middle class in Hongkong therefore rent should be between \$3 and \$6 per month and at worst should not exceed \$4 to \$7.50 per month. On average, the maximum rents should not exceed \$6 per month. There are, however, other factors to be taken into consideration; namely, the number of months to be fed out of family income and the cost of feeding them. If sufficient money is available the poorer Chinese normally spend \$5 or \$6 per month on food. It could safely be assumed therefore, that food of satisfactory quality and quantity can be obtained for less than \$4 per month. In fact, it does not, in what way is it defective? Is it too costly or merely badly planned or both? What are the needs and circumstances of the majority of the population? An answer to the last question is a necessary preliminary to the consideration of the others.

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22. In Paragraph 25 it has been stated that economic pressure necessitated from two to six families occupying one floor. In Paragraph 20 it has been stated that for a very large number of families the amount of rent which would normally be required would range from nothing to \$7.50 per month. Reference to the valuation tables in Appendix IV (Table 2) shows that, under private ownership, and depending on land values and shop rents, the rents for houses in the slums would range from \$15 and \$20 per month at 4% net interest, which is the normal return expected by private enterprise. Even at 4% net interest rents must be between \$13 and \$16. With an average return paying capacity of \$5 per family of five or six, overcrowding is inevitable, and the law is powerless to prevent it.

23. From the foreign paragraphs it can be seen that the present type of tenement is not conducive to the betterment of the health. In consequence, the actual number of living children must be estimated by the fact that throughout the world, the poorer classes tend to have larger families than the wealthier classes. It does not seem unreasonable to presume that the average Chinese family is five or six. (See Paragraph 42.)

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25. Plans are attached which show the three main types of Chinese tenement houses which are to be found in Hongkong.

26. Economic pressure, unfortunately, necessitates from two to six families sharing a floor, as a rule, and as present standards in Hongkong permit between ten and twelve people to occupy such a floor, then the normal manner of use cannot be considered satisfactory. The narrow and deep type of tenement is responsible for the obstruction of free circulation of light and air. The room can only be divided by means of cubicles; the walls of these cubicles cannot be taken up to the ceiling, as all light and air would be cut off from inner compartments. They are therefore multiply subdivided and the result is that it is virtually one in a place like Hongkong, where infectious diseases and epidemics are ever present, the spread of disease is facilitated by such an arrangement. Whilst the arrangement permits of through ventilation it is only in very hot weather that windows are kept open, and then only at the wish of the occupants of the outer compartments. The occupants of the inner cubicles can have no say in the matter.

27. Another fault with the present type of tenement is that it is bigger than the absolute minimum required for the average family, i.e., in view of normal poverty it is bigger than the normal family can afford. When the rent of a whole floor is beyond the family means, and when the law permits the floor to be occupied by a greater number than the family, then it is only natural that the spare floor space should be rented out, and at a profit. This situation is systematically exploited and a middleman's profits are thus introduced, with the result that rents are increased for such accommodation as the poor require, or alternatively, that the poor are forced to pay something for these items, but only at the cost of under-nourishment, making them particularly liable to illness and open to attacks of infectious diseases, with consequent loss in earning capacity, and another trap in income. No information is available as to earnings in relation to the numbers in families. It might however be reasonably assumed that, in a family with

four children, the older children will four children, the older children will

provide themselves with food. It might also be taken as a working basis that, where family income is less than \$4 per month, rent of any sort is beyond their means.

28. For the purpose of housing it is not advisable to classify the population into three heads.

Class A.—Those who can remunerate private enterprise for housing accommodation.

Class B.—Those who can only afford to pay sufficient rent to provide a rate of return insufficient to attract private enterprise.

Class C.—Those who can only be housed at a loss.

29. No figures are available from which the numbers in each class could be estimated with any degree of accuracy.

30. Criticism of existing accommodation can now be based on certain known facts or reasonable assumptions. They are:

(a) The regard for family ties amongst the Chinese is exceedingly strong, and housing, to be satisfactory, must enter for satisfactory, must enter for

(b) The normal size of family can be assumed to be between five and six per family.

(c) For those whose earnings are fairly steady a rent between \$4 and \$7.50 per month per family might normally be acceptable.

31. Before proceeding to consider possible improvements it would be advisable first, to give some attention to the question whether fair or not to demand a rent for a house which is occupied by a single person or a single class of family life.

32. Approximately 43% of Hongkong tenements are three stories in height and 40% are four stories. In Kowloon there is development in the slums, particularly where, owing to wider roads, increased maximum building heights are possible, the majority of houses are only three stories high. One would expect that the demand for the most part develops their land to the maximum intensity permissible. As they have not done so, it can only be concluded that the demand for many short-term tenements, while that is even objection to them.

33. In view of high land values in Victoria, it is even fairly certain that, if any rehousing and replanning is to be done, some blocks of multistoried tenements will have to be erected. Tenements will have to be erected, for the sake of the many objections to them. There are, however, according to the Census Report of 1931, some 150,000 people over 17 years of age who either live in or are employed in either a single or with their families a large number will be living independently. If multistoried blocks must be erected, they might be designed to suit the needs of the lower floors for the lower blocks for the use of families.

34. High land values make the provision of two storied tenement houses impossible for the masses. Even with rent at its cheapest, the necessary rents would be prohibitive for all who could not pay at least \$7 or \$8 per month.

35. Segregation of different social grades is a subject of controversy in Europe and particularly in England. Among the Chinese, the question between classes is so strictly regarded as in Europe. Differences in circumstances there are, but they do not engender sharp social classes. Poor and wealthy frequently live side by side in similar houses. In England it is now recognized that "white" and "black" people can mix.

36. The object of planning the complete segregation of large blocks of different types of houses is undesirable on social grounds. Although it is not to be deplored, a complete lack of class consciousness can give rise to a situation, which can by no means be regarded with equanimity. In Hongkong, there are many people occupying flats in the congested areas, who could well afford to move to the outskirts, and pay rents for much better houses than they

now occupy. Their presence in the congested areas reduces the amount of accommodation available to the poor, forces up rents, and increases the obstacles in the way of enforcement of the law against overcrowding. If new houses are to be provided for the poor, it is essential that this class should be discouraged from deriving advantage from it, at the expense of the poor, for whom such housing may be

37. To many people the slum dwellers appear to be a shifting crowd for whom no provision is made. It is not to be expected however that the vast majority are the victims of economic circumstances. They are to be found in the slums and have known no other environment. Experience in most countries has shown that the great majority of slum dwellers are not immediately improved by improved surroundings.

38. In Hongkong it is true that there is a tendency to overcrowd, even when more comfortable surroundings are available. Possibly this is due to centuries of life under unsettled conditions during which time the herd instinct for self protection has been highly developed. Possibly it is due to the influx of relatives from the country, which, in combination with the strong regard for family life, lead to the desire for a stable, comfortable congregation under one roof, in preference to splitting up into groups in separate dwellings. Whatever the cause, the existence of the tenement must be recognized. Overcrowding alone is a factor which strongly tends towards the creation of slums; coupled with lack of repair and proper maintenance of property, and deterioration into slum conditions is a certainty.

39. The next point for consideration

is the TUITION IN ART OF LIVING

40. The great majority however live under overcrowded conditions from necessity and not from choice, and if given a chance will rent favourably of their own environment. The true tuition in the art of living is necessary must be conceded. They must be taught the value of personal and household cleanliness, the use of sanitary conveniences, respect for property and the ill effects of overcrowding.

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HONGKONG'S HOUSING PROBLEMS: EFFORT TO SUGGEST SOLUTION

Remarkable Document By Public Works Dept. Official

ECONOMICS OF COOLIE CHINESE A BIG FACTOR

IN A MEMORANDUM, remarkable for its comprehensiveness, and brilliant in its analytical description, Mr. W. H. Owen, B.Sc., A.R.I.B.A., A.M.T.P.I., of the Public Works Department, endeavours to tackle the housing and slum problems of Hongkong. The memorandum, which is incorporated in the Housing Commission's report published yesterday, makes bold, not only to show why Hongkong has such acute housing and over-crowding problems, but to indicate the lines along which to solve them.

Mr. Owen insists that it is useless to consider housing and slum problems, without taking into full cognisance the economics attached thereto. Legislation, he says, which ignores economics is useless. He therefore pays considerable attention, not only to economics of Hongkong's housing problems, but to the financial considerations involved, while in an appendix he offers plans of what he regards as the most desirable type of tenement house to be built for the lower-class Chinese, whose incomes are too low to permit them to rent normal accommodation.

The memorandum is too long to produce in its entirety in one issue, but because it is a document of considerable interest and value, the Telegraph is reproducing it in serial form during the next two or three days. The first section which is published to-day deals with the history of housing and slum problems, as well as the sociological and economic aspects *apropos* Hongkong.

The first part of the memorandum is as follows:

1. The provision of housing for the working classes is a world-wide problem to which as yet no completely satisfactory solution has been found. The problem is initially one of economics, arising from the fact that the majority of the working classes cannot, out of their earnings, pay a rent which will cover running costs and provide interest on the capital outlay required, whether the capital be provided by private enterprise or by the State. Private enterprise house building is a method of putting capital to use for private gain. For the State it is a matter of social duty and the profit motive can be eliminated. Until recent years the State has tried to compete with private enterprise, but the steadily improving standards required for working-class houses have cut down profits to such an extent that, for the most part, the building of working-class houses is no longer attractive to the private investor, and the State has been forced to enter, and the State has been

2. The housing problem is as old as the hills, but it is only in comparatively recent times that any concerted and sustained attempt has been made to solve it. The present movement began in Europe with the rise of industrialism at the beginning of the 19th Century. The rapid influx of people from the country to the towns found municipal

authorities totally unprepared. Towns grew like mushrooms, without plan and without control. Where sanitary provision was made it was extremely primitive; for the most part however it was completely lacking. Dally built houses were crammed together as tightly as possible round the factories. Conditions were equally appalling, that

which had to be done. In England, from 1848 to the end of the 19th Century, a long series of Sanitary and Public Health Acts were passed, but the net result was that, although sanitary conditions improved, over-crowding actually increased. Improving houses were achieved at the cost of increased rents, which the workers could not afford to pay.

3. The same thing has happened in Hongkong. Whilst the latest type of tenement is healthy enough if each four were occupied by one normal family, the vast majority of workers cannot afford sufficient money to rent a floor for the use of one family alone and the result is that, in normal periods, we have over-crowding, side by side with empty tenements. Legislation which ignores economics is useless.

THE ENGLISH PROBLEM

4. In England, prior to the war, the State had been content to supervise the provision of housing by private enterprise. The shortage of houses and the high cost of building after the war

necessitated action being taken by the State. The economic effects of pre-war legislation controlling housing, public health and communications had led to the working class housing becoming almost standardised and plan. The building was deep and narrow fronted, similar to the normal Chinese tenement in Hongkong. The high cost of building after the war necessitated the strictest economy and, on examination, it was found that the present type of house was uneconomical in plan. It was found that the nearer the plan approached to a square the cheaper the cost of the building covering the same area of land and the greater the access of light and air in all parts. In spite of the utmost attempts at economy, costs could not be reduced sufficiently to enable the working classes to pay an economic rent. The responsibility for providing working-class houses was thrust on to the local authorities but little was done until the Government agreed that, whatever the loss, no part of it exceeding a rate of one pound in the pound should fall upon the local authority. The supply of houses resulted from this was, numerically, a great success but the cost to the State enormous. In consequence methods were changed and a grant was offered of a fixed subsidy per house of specified size built by private enterprise to let to the local authority to build houses to let. This method resulted in 400,000 houses being built in six years, but the majority were built to sell and not to let. The poorer working classes remained unprovided for. Other difficulties in the way of providing houses were shortage of labour and the high cost of materials. Costs reached their peak in 1927 but by 1929 had fallen to the levels of 1923. Even so rents were still beyond the capacity of the poorer classes, and the slum problem had not been touched. Between the end of the war and 1931 some 15,000,000 houses were built of which about 1,000,000 were for sale and the remainder, owing to high rents, were mainly let to the superior artisan and professional classes, most of whom could afford an economic rent.

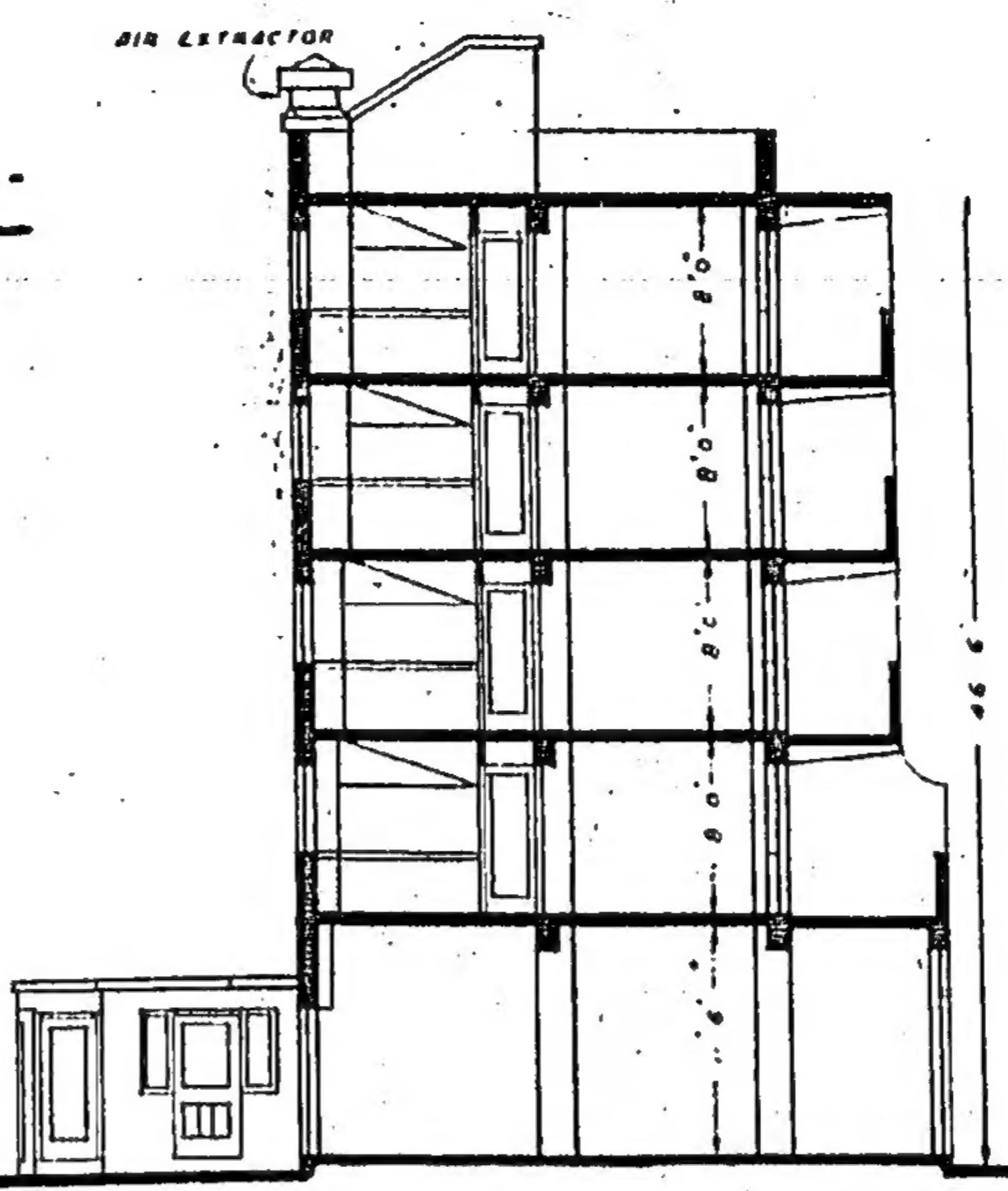
SUBSIDY PROBLEMS

5. The erection of large numbers of low-rented houses brings in its train numerous subsidiary problems. The first is that the rent must be within the means of the prospective tenant.

When income is limited, no rise in rent means less money for food, and cases have been known where tenants have been removed from slum areas and the death rate among them has increased through malnutrition. Many new housing estates initially built and situated have failed to attract the working classes for whom they were intended, as they were situated so far from means of livelihood, that the workers could not afford either the time for travelling or the increased transport costs. In the case of the latest model school, church, shop and such like which have kept prospective tenants away, the slum dweller is a sociable person; his environment and almost complete lack of privacy has forced upon him a degree of sociability entirely absent in the wealthier classes. In England the change from overcrowded and built slums to the comparative solitude of twelve houses per acre, with no social centre or common meeting ground, has occasionally proved too drastic, and tenants have drifted back to the more familiar neighbourhoods of the slums.

6. The type of house in relation to the slum is the house which is suitable for serious consideration. In England, the general tendency has been towards the "garden suburb" but, in rebuilding congested areas, economic pressure has

LEGAL NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS (2)



Section view of the model type of tenement suggested by Mr. Owen in report.

brought about the erection of blocks of flats. On the continent, in Europe, the early tendency was to rehouse in blocks of flats. Flats versus houses is a long standing subject for controversy. There are undoubtedly room for both, the provision of one or the other must largely be dependant on local circumstances. For family life there are many objections to flats; even if provided with lifts. In congested areas however where the majority of tenants must be rehoused on the spot, flats appear to offer the only solution.

7. The Chinese peasant works long hours for a scanty wage and gets practically no holidays. In general, the Chinese are inclined to be fatalists. Although this attitude facilitates the government of the masses, it is unfortunate inimical to progress. Contact with Europe is bound, in the course of time, to have some effect on the character of those who make Hongkong their home.

8. The standard of accommodation to be provided will depend on what the prospective tenant can afford and factors unmet, and, if necessary, subsidies are available. In many European schemes no bathing or laundry facilities are provided, but in most cases this is balanced by the provision of communal bath houses and laundries. There must also be taken into account the cost and availability of public supplies for water, power and light and heating.

9. It can be seen therefore that to consider housing from one point of view only is to court failure. The factors affecting housing can be broadly classed under four headings, sociology, hygiene and standards, finance, and planning.

SOCIOLOGY

10. A very large proportion of the working class Chinese in Hongkong is composed of immigrants from South China. Before their arrival in Hongkong they lived in villages and were engaged chiefly in agricultural pursuits and native industries. For the purpose of defence and management are generally compactly built and surrounded by a wall. In the absence of wheeled traffic, roads are reduced to the minimum necessary for pedestrian circulation. As in most rural communities sanitation is extremely primitive. With no large herds of livestock to provide manure, human waste was used for this purpose. The limitations placed by the surrounding wall on an expanding population have inevitably resulted in overcrowding.

11. The normal village house is deep and narrow fronted, the width being limited by the distance available along the China pie pole with which most floors and roofs are constructed. The ground floor is one long room, with a minute courtyard at the back of the building.

12. As in Europe, the town attracted people from the country, so Hongkong has attracted the population from the neighbouring provinces of South China. Their habits and customs have had an enormous effect on the development of the town. The standard tenement house followed the traditional type of the village house, but with an increased number of floors. Overbuilding, overcrowding, and lack of sanitation have been taken for granted, as such conditions, and their fatalistic attitude towards life have produced a strong desire for improvement. It must be conceded that when Hongkong became a British colony, conditions were little better in Europe. It is natural however that the spirit of improvement in Europe should be reflected in a British colony in the East, but, as in Europe, the Chinese have lagged far behind the mother country. In consequence, in 1931, when the population was returned at nearly 850,000, there were some 270 acres populated at an average density of over 1,000 per acre, with a minimum of 600 per acre, and a maximum of over 1,700 per acre in parts. Since the commencement of hostilities in China, there has been a rapid increase in the local population, which is now estimated at about 1,250,000. During the last few years the rate of building has been very rapid. It is therefore safe to assume that the above mentioned densities are now greatly exceeded. The houses themselves average over three stories in height and are built at a density of approximately 20 per acre. Much has been done to improve sanitation but, even so, there are still hundreds of houses with one latrine per house and that for the use of the ground tenants only. To add more latrines, even when available, would only add to the cost of the building and would result in increased rents and a rise in the poverty of the masses. Increased overcrowding, if any improvement is to be effected, can only be done by reducing building and population density everywhere.

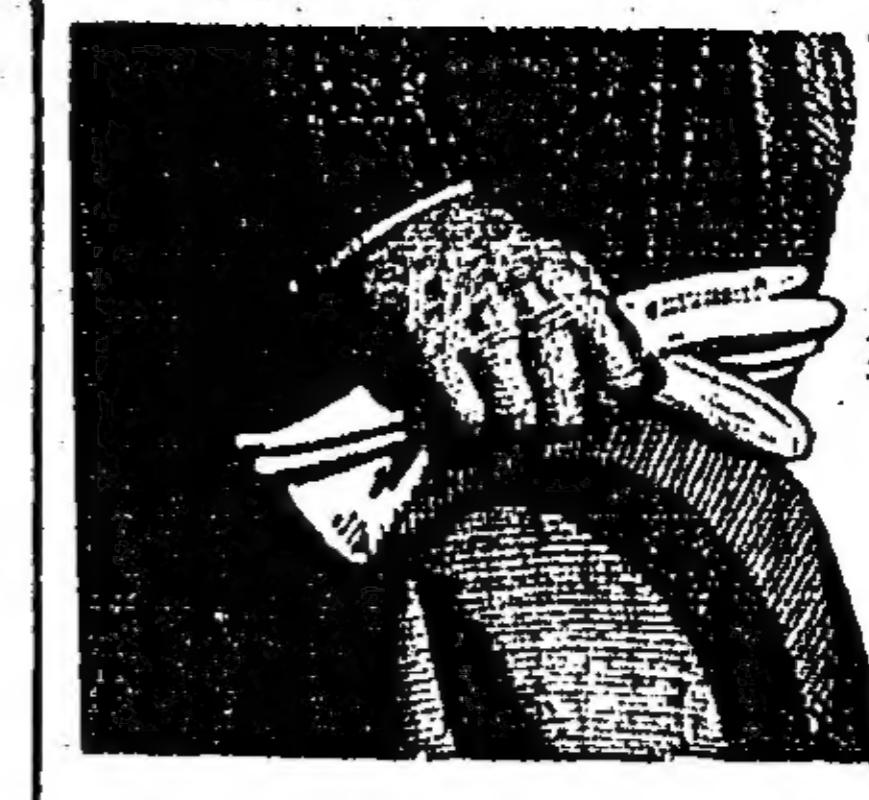
13. The present bulk of Hongkong industries are still of the "home" variety. The ground floor of nearly every tenement is either a shop or workshop. The factory system has made its appearance, but through lack of planning and direction the factories are competing with houses for building sites and further adding to congestion and confusion.

14. Industry and housing are so intimately related that it is impossible to consider one without the other. People live by industry and their standard of living is directly governed by the measure of return derived from industry. The type of industry, to a great extent, determines the type of housing and its situation in relation to industry.

INDUSTRIAL DIFFICULTIES

15. In any well planned community proper provision should be made for industry and housing. In Hongkong the basic industries are shipping and commerce. Arising from these two, numerous other industries have become established, many of them, such as building, shipbuilding and engineering, being relatively large industries, and providing work for large numbers of employees. There are still some, though, and one thing in the way of goods and services which are considered

(Continued on Page 8.)



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"TWELVE"	242	"TWENTY" TOURING SALOON	368

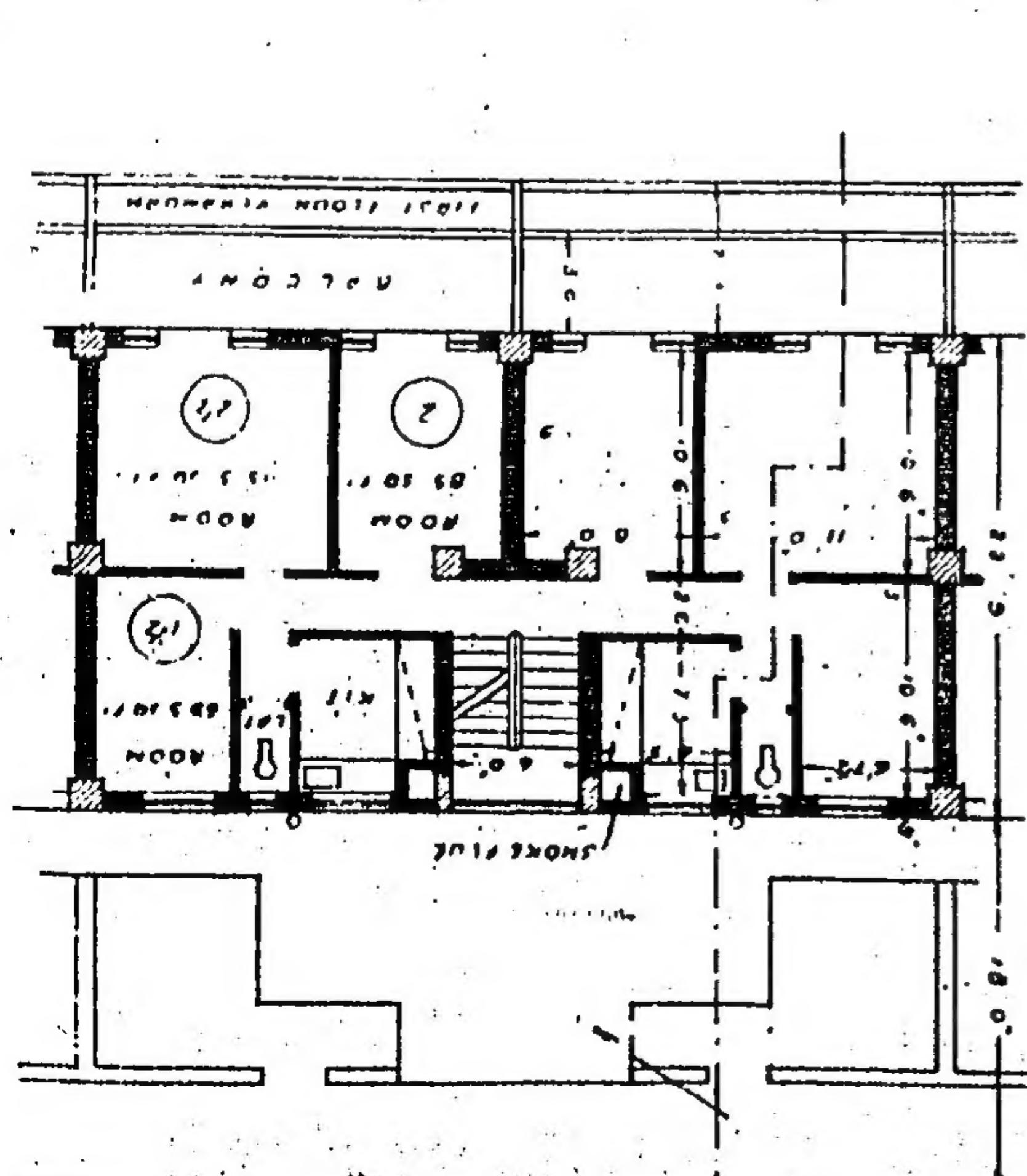
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Ground floor and upper floor plans of the type of Chinese tenement buildings suggested by Mr. Owen's memorandum.

Two-Day Race Meeting Great Success: Fast Runs Seen

Favourites Had Lean Time On Second Day Of Carnival

(By "Captain Foster")

The Double Tenth Meeting under the auspices of the Hongkong Jockey Club held on Saturday and Monday at Happy Valley was without any doubt a huge success from every point of view.

The attendance on the first day was pretty good, but on Monday the crowd was much bigger and this could be easily gauged by the support received by the cash sweep department. In the last race, the lucky ticket No. 1021 which drew Mr. Li Lan-sung's Scenic View in the Kiangsi Handicap, received \$3.304 for an outlay of \$2.

The track was in excellent condition and although no new records were established there were a few fast runs, especially in the Kiangsi Handicap for "B" class China ponies. This event was won by Mrs. L. Dunbar's Red Feather, piloted by Peter Wei, from the 1½ mile post (about half mile 170 yards) in 1.07-2, and the scramble was faster by one three-fifths seconds than King's Warden's time for the Double Tenth Plate over the same distance.

Racing was of very high standard, but the two main events, the October Handicap and the Double Tenth Plate, were poor, for there were only three starters for each race. However, all other events were keenly contested with several good finishes and this spoke volumes for the handicapping.

Centre Court Starts The Ball Rolling

The favourites had a lean afternoon on Monday, the crash commencing like a procession from the second event and Centre Court, with S. W. Tang in the saddle, started the ball rolling with a dividend of \$205.20 for a win in the Canberra Handicap over the champion course for "A" class Australian ponies. This was followed by an explosion in the fifth race when National Guard, cleverly ridden by Young Wing-kwai, captured the novice event, the Fokien Plate, over a mile and paid \$530 to the delight of 23 staunch supporters. The jockey not only broke his "duck" but the pay-out was the biggest of this season, the best last being by Oak Bay who handed out \$431.30 for a win in the Judo Handicap. Young's success caused another sensation, for National Guard was the flat leg of the daily double and there were six backers who could not connect the second leg. One of these six "unfortunate" selected Coronation Day while another picked Plain View. There were two tickets on Salvage Master, who was beaten by Gold Coin, one each on Valorous (third pony) and Whiskey. The most interesting feature of the gamble was that Gold Coin was made a hot favourite in the pari-mutuel department, but none of these six backers would place any confidence in the mare even with a crack jockey like Encarnacao. The pool of \$3,704 will be carried over to the next meeting on October 22 and it is interesting to relate that this will be the third since the inception in 1933. The last pool carried over was on November 2 in 1935 when punters failed to connect Night Star with Beginner's Luck.

V. V. Needa Best Jockey Of Meeting

Append below a complete list of the successful riders:

	1st	2nd	3rd
V. V. Needa	3	3	4
P. Y. Wei	3	2	1
C. Encarnacao	2	1	1
A. W. Raymond	2	1	1
H. C. Pih	2	1	2
S. W. Tang	1	2	1
H. J. Hearne	1	1	1
B. Proulx	1	1	1
Young Wing-kwai	1	—	—
P. L. Jul	—	2	—
B. L. Tao	—	2	—
L. Wade	—	1	1
L. W. Collom	—	1	1
W. Poy	—	1	1
P. P. Botelho	—	1	1
H. P. Chanson	—	1	1
S. W. Lee	—	1	1
C. L. Gregory	—	1	1

The champion jockey of the meeting was V. V. Needa who has a ratio of 3-3-4, followed by Peter Wei who rode three winners with two seconds and a third. It will be seen that Needa was placed ten times out of a total of 10 events and those who had backed him must have been on the right side. C. Encarnacao figures third in the list while Alan Raymond is closely behind, losing the position by only a third.

OCTOBER HANDICAP A TAME AFFAIR

The October Handicap, which promised to be a great event, turned out a tame affair and Mr. Moller's Silky-light had an easy canter to win by four good lengths. Owing to the low impostation allotted to King's Warden and the pony being ridden by Needa, the Dynasty's candidate had some support in the betting but the grey stallion could not put a fight. It was indeed a great pity that Desert Chief could not weigh out owing to a stiff shoulder and the other nomination, Cameronian, belonging to Mr. Eu Tong-sen was considered by the connections to be a sprinter. However, Bear Claw with S. W. Tang up, broke the tape first with Silky-light and King's Warden hanging on behind. At the football gate Needa took his mount forward and he maintained the lead until the 1½ mile beacon was reached when we saw the transformation scene. At this juncture Silky-light was given a stroke of the cane and the brown stallion responded so gamely that Proulx had no difficulty in overtaking King's Warden. In less than a second Proulx got on level terms with the leader and thereafter he had an arm-chair ride down the straight, winning by four lengths. In fact Proulx ended his mount in the last 100 yards from the touch line and the whole distance was covered in 2.30% which was two-fifths of a second faster than the Nathan Handicap (first section) for "B" class China ponies.

FAITH IN ELIZABETH JUSTIFIED

Judging by her performance in the Nathan Handicap (second section) over a distance jaunt, the opinion formed by punters was that Elizabeth was more of a sprinter

RUGGERITES PREPARING FOR SEASON



The rugby section of the Hongkong F.C. held their last practice trial at Happy Valley on Wednesday in preparation for the forthcoming season. Here is one of the line-outs.—Staff Photographer.

Stake Money Very Evenly Distributed

It is gratifying to note that the stake money has been well distributed, no owner scoring a double, and it will be of interest to know that 30 stables have come in for the stakes. The most successful owner was Mr. Li Po-chun who has a win, three seconds and a third and the total value of the staked amounts to \$1,450. Then comes the Dynasty and the owner of this stable is going to receive \$1,200 collected by King's Warden and King's Lead. Mr. L. Dunbar has a win coupled with a second and a third, but the sum of the stake-money comes to \$75. It will be observed that only two owners have collected over \$1,000 and the rest are under this figure. Hereunder I enumerate a list of the successful stables:

	1st	2nd	3rd	Stakes
Li Po-chun	1	3	1	\$1,450
Dynasty	1	1	1	1,200
L. Dunbar	1	1	1	975
Eu Tong-sen	1	1	1	975
Mrs. Dunbar	1	—	2	925
Lan	—	1	—	750
Marber	—	1	—	750
Cire	—	1	—	500
G. Treverton	—	1	—	500
V. M. Grayburn	—	1	—	500
T. K. L.	—	1	—	500
John Peel	—	1	—	450
W. T. Stanton	—	1	—	450
Fish	—	1	—	450
Young Bros.	—	1	—	450
L. T. F.	—	1	—	400
P. P. B.	—	1	—	300
Artharry	—	1	—	300
Li Po-chun & Son	—	1	—	300
J. E. D.	—	1	—	300
Commodity	—	1	—	275
Kong Bros.	—	1	—	250
Helenside	—	2	—	250
D. S. N. Chau	—	1	—	225
M. H. T.	—	1	—	225
Oliver	—	1	—	225
Wong Sin-nga	—	1	—	200
Ellandee	—	1	—	200
Mrs. J. H. Taggart	—	1	—	200
Why	—	1	—	150

NATIONAL GUARD SURPRISES BIG FIELD OF CRACKS

After a sequence of four unplaced outings National Guard, with Young Wing-kwai up, presented his credentials to the two judges and the pony came home first in the Fokien Plate for "E" class China ponies and sub-division of this season. It was an amazing feat, for there were several good "uns" in the field such as Dark Hazard, Double Chance, Easy Time, Wenning and Yum Sling and, being a novice event, some allowances must be given. Dark Hazard unseated his pilot after passing the judge's box for the first time, but luckily nothing happened to the jockey, Chiu who was riding in the rear. The novices were out to kill each other and a fast race was seen. Timing was not necessary and the first half of the circuit was run in 1.05, the last half being covered in 1.07%. The result was that the ponies were crawling down the straight, the last quarter being changed in 33½ seconds. However National Guard paid \$530 for a win, the best of this season. There were only six backers on the pony for the first leg of the daily double.

Favourite Not Backed In The Daily Double!

It was not very edifying reading to these six punters when they found in the gambling sheet issued by the Club showing that Gold Coin had not been backed in the second selected race, the Hunan Handicap for "D" class China ponies, and the pool of \$3,704 was to be carried over to the next meeting. It was impossible to understand, for Gold Coin was made a hot favourite in the pari-mutuel and she was neglected in the second leg of the daily double.

SPECIAL SWEEP

The main attraction to the Ninth Extra Race Meeting to be held on October 22 will be the Kwangtung Handicap for "D" class China ponies over a mile in which a special dollar cash sweep is being conducted by the Hongkong Jockey Club. The sale of this special lottery has exceeded 150,000 tickets and it is expected to reach the 200,000 mark ere long. Should the sale reach this figure, the first prize is guaranteed over \$80,000.

SHANGHAI INTERPORTERS

ARRIVE IN COLONY: BOWLERS, GOLFERS

Two Interport teams from Shanghai arrived in the Colony this morning. The lawn bowlers came by the Tsinan and the golfers by the Rajputana.

The lawn bowlers who reached Hongkong to-day were H. Wallace, captain and manager of the team, J. M. C. Lopes, W. J. MacDermott and K. L. Swartzell. The other two members of the team, J. W. Brierley and A. M. Gutierrez, have been here for a few days.

On their arrival, the Shanghai players were met by officials of the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association, including Mr. A. Hyde-Lay (President), Mr. C. B. Hosking (Hon. Secretary), and several members of the Hongkong team.

The official programme of the team commences to-morrow with a match against the Craigmegowen C.C., but it is more than likely that the visitors will be given a green for practice this afternoon.

Local officials are anxious to give the Shanghai players as much practice as possible before the First Interport, which will be played at Kowloon Docks on Sunday. The programme is as follows:

THE PROGRAMME

The following is the programme drawn up for the visitors:

Saturday, Oct. 15.—Shanghai v.

Wednesday, Oct. 20.—Shanghai v. Kowloon C. C.

Friday, Oct. 21.—Shanghai v.

Indian R. C.

Saturday, Oct. 22.—Third Interport at Club de Recreio.

Sunday, Oct. 23.—Shanghai v.

Kowloon B. G. C.

Monday, Oct. 24.—Shanghai v.

Hongkong F. C.

Tuesday, Oct. 25.—Shanghai v.

H. Excellency the Governor's team.

Wednesday, Oct. 26.—Shanghai v. Yacht Club and Kowloon Tong at Kowloon Tong.

Thursday, Oct. 27.—Shanghai v. Taikoo and Hongkong Electric at Taikoo.

Friday, Oct. 28.—Shanghai v.

Association Rink.

The Interport dinner will be held as arranged on Saturday, October 22 after the final interport.

Herman Is To Leave Hampshire

London, Sept. 30.

Herman, the Hampshire fast bowler, has signed a contract to play for Rochdale, the Central Lancashire League club, for the next two seasons. Herman, who has played for Hampshire since 1920, qualified from Oxford. He has taken 818 wickets for Hampshire, his best season being 1937, when he took 142 wickets and scored 810 runs. Last season he did the hat-trick against Glamorgan and took more than 100 wickets for the third year in succession. Earlier this week it was announced that Arnold, the Fulham footballer, was leaving Hampshire.

Optional Home Selections

Newcastle
West Brom.
Cardiff
Bradford C.
New Brighton
Aberdeen
Clyde
Hearts
Rangers

Optional Home Selections

Charlton
Queen's P.R.
Oldham
Stockport

AMERICA PLEASED WITH THE R. AND A.

London, Sept. 30.
The decision of the Royal and Ancient Golf Club to follow America's example by limiting the number of clubs a player may carry to 14, has been met with enthusiasm in the United States.

Gene Sarazen is reported to have said in New York "I think it is a good thing where caddies are concerned, and too many clubs make the game complicated".

Jesse C. W. Sweetser, former

British and American amateur champion, who is now treasurer of the United States G. A. said "We have had the best possible results this year through limiting the number of clubs to 14, and there has been only the slightest adverse criticism."

CAUGHT FOR NOUGHT

Falcon's eleven had declared at 132 for 2 in order that the drenched spectators might see Edrich bat.

Hearty cheers greeted him as he went out to the crease with his father.

William Junior faced the bowling of G. E. Pilch, snicked a short ball, and was promptly caught by Rooney C. Rought-Rought, Cambridge Blue, playing his first game of the season.

The Edriches made 65 for six before rain caused an abandonment.

In the Edrich team were the Test player's father, his three brothers, three cousins and three uncles.

LATEST CALL-OVER FOR THE CESAREWITCH

Football Clubs' Prospects

No. 20—FIGHTING MEN OF POMPEY

Although Portsmouth made such a bad start that they only narrowly escaped relegation last season, they played football worthy of champions when they really began to make progress. Indeed, their record then—33 points from their last 27 games—was surpassed only by the Arsenal.

The team, which fought so strenuously to keep the club in the First Division, is available to start the new season, and it includes one of the strongest half-back lines in the League in Guthrie, Rowe and Wharton. Altogether 22 players have been re-engaged, and although there have been no sensational close-season captures, several promising youngsters have been signed, bringing the professionals staff up to 29.

RESERVE STRENGTH

Portsmouth's brightest prospect, in fact, lies in the strength of their reserves. Last season the second team were runners-up in the London Combination, and among them are several young players who would do well in any First Division side. There are one or two positions which the directors would like to see strengthened, but with a limited purse the club will probably have to be content with a few more juniors, in the hope of building them into good players.

Anyhow, Manager Jack Tinn is quite alive to the position, but, as he points out, the club can hardly give the public better football than was produced in the second half of last season, and if the team continue to show the same form Portsmouth will soon be among the League leaders.

Among the newcomers are two young six-footers in Ernest Butler, an 18-year-old goalkeeper from Bath City, and A. Dale, a 19-year-old back

from Sheffield United. The other five are all forwards—Ibbotson from Leeds United, who has won 50 first prizes as an amateur sprinter; Taylor, loaned by Boscombe to Ipswich last season; Jepson and Buckingham, two young Bolsover Colliery lads; and Hartman, from Barton Athletic.

Of last season's players, Smith (left back) has gone to Stockport County, Young (right half) to Notts County, Hanson (left half) to Bostcombe, Price (outside right) to Hartlepool, Weddle (centre forward) to Blackburn Rovers, Beaumont (outside left) to Notts Forest, and Cook (outside left) to St. Johnstone. Symon and Strong have not yet re-signed.

THE PLAYING LIST

Name.	Birthplace	Height	Weight
Goalkeepers			
Howe, T. (Poole)	(C.H.)	6 1	12 7
Salmond, R. (Kilmarnock)	(C.I.)	6 0	13 0
Pringle, A. (Craghead)	(L.I.)	6 0	11 0
Wharton, G. (Broomhead)	(L.I.)	5 0 1/2	12 0
Forwards			
Ibbotson, F. (Bradford)	(O.I.)	5 0	11 0
Jones, E. (Birmingham)	(O.I.)	5 7	10 0
Worrall, F. (Warrington)	(O.I.)	5 7 1/2	11 7
Anderson, J. (Dundee)	(I.R.)	5 10	12 7
Groves, A. (Kilmarnock)	(I.R.)	5 11	10 0
Taylor, E. (Sheffield)	(I.R.)	5 8 1/2	10 6
Bentle, J. (Montrose)	(C.F.)	5 10 1/2	12 0
Jepson, W. (Clowne)	(C.F.)	5 10	10 7
Bagley, W. (Wolverhampton)	(I.I.)	5 6 1/2	11 0
Buckingham, F. (Clowne)	(I.I.)	5 7 1/2	11 0
Easson, J. (Breckin)	(I.L.)	5 8 1/2	10 0
Hartman, W. (Boston)	(I.L.)	5 7 1/2	11 0
Parker, C. (Denaby)	(O.L.)	5 6 1/2	11 0
Half-backs			
Duffield, A. (Worthing)	(I.L.)	6 0 1/2	12 7
Morgan, L. (Woodend)	(I.L.)	6 2	13 7
Hall, J. (Grange Villa)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	12 0
Walker, G. H. (Ayrshire)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	11 7
Full-backs			
Dale, A. (Sheffield)	(I.L.)	6 0 1/2	12 7
Butler, E. (Bath)	(I.L.)	6 1 1/2	12 0
Hall, J. (Grange Villa)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	12 0
Walker, G. H. (Ayrshire)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	11 7
Goals			
Butler, E. (Bath)	(I.L.)	6 1 1/2	12 0
Hall, J. (Grange Villa)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	12 0
Walker, G. H. (Ayrshire)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	11 7
Totals			
Butler, E. (Bath)	(I.L.)	6 1 1/2	12 0
Hall, J. (Grange Villa)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	12 0
Walker, G. H. (Ayrshire)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	11 7
Totals			
Butler, E. (Bath)	(I.L.)	6 1 1/2	12 0
Hall, J. (Grange Villa)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	12 0
Walker, G. H. (Ayrshire)	(I.L.)	5 10 1/2	11 7

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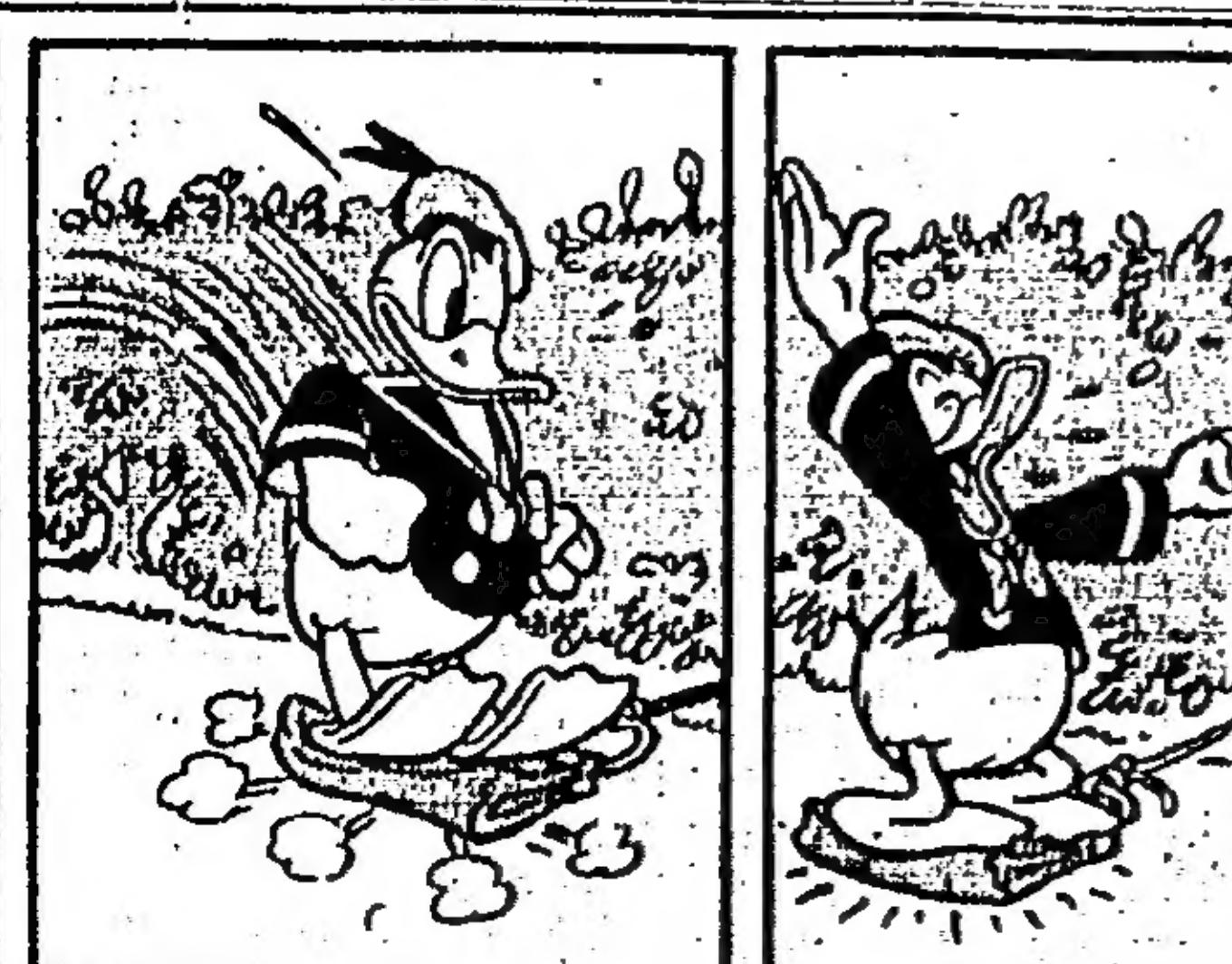
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DONALD DUCK "Forewarned Is Forearmed" By Walt Disney



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DEWAR TROPHY
Sunday Starting TimesFor Kowloon G.C.
Tournament

Play for the Dewar Trophy of the Kowloon Golf Club will commence on Sunday, October 16. The following starting times have been arranged:

9.00 a.m. T. B. Low v. S. A. Jex.
9.03 a.m. M. A. Cairns v. E. F. Fletcher.
9.10 a.m. W. C. Simpson v. F. A. Hill.
9.15 a.m. H. Lamb v. W. A. Stewart.
9.20 a.m. A. E. Davies v. A. A. Lopez.
9.23 a.m. A. J. Dennis v. J. Kerwin.
9.30 a.m. T. Henderson v. E. O. Murphy.
9.35 a.m. W. V. Ahern v. J. G. R. Humble.
9.40 a.m. T. D. Paton v. A. N. Other.



Robert Montgomery and Rosalind Russell in "Live, Love and Learn," one of the best comedies of the year, coming to the King's Theatre on Sunday.

HONGKONG
RACING
ENTRIES

The following entries have been received by the Hongkong Jockey Club for the Hongkong Griffins Cup and the handicap events of the Ninth Extra Race Meeting which will be held at Happy Valley on Saturday, October 22:

Wyndham Handicap.—First or Second Section.—For China Ponies, "B" Class. Griffins of this season, barred. Jockey allowance. One mile.—Boat Bay, Commencement Bay, Cossack's Beauty, Dawn Star, Harvest View, Honeymoon Eve, King's Coronation, New Star, Oak Bay, Potentate, Red Feather, Rob Roy, Soldier of Britain and Wild Life.

Ballarat Handicap.—For Australian Subscription ponies, "C" Class. Jockey allowance. From the 1 1/2 mile post (about half mile 170 yards).—A Great Time, A Lovely Time, Bredon, Brutus, Cape York, Colorado Star, Lianggollen, Macquarie River, Murray River, Perfect Day, Strathcarrick, The Buffer, Twilight Star and Violet Queen.

Hongkong Griffins Cup.—A handicap for China ponies, Griffins of this season, that have started in at least three Extra Race Meetings of this Club. Winners of \$4,000 or more in stakes, barred. Jockey allowance. One and a quarter miles.—Confusion Bay, Elizabeth, Expression Time, Jober and Moonlight View.

Connaught Handicap.—First or Second Section.—For China ponies, "C" Class. Jockey allowance. From the 1 1/2 mile post (about half mile 170 yards).—Amberley, Apilas, Gold Coin, Jungle Jim, Just In Time, King's Bounty, Kum Shan, Lancashire Boy, Laughing Buddha, Laughing Girl, Night View, Plinforths, Rose Evelyn, Rose Jane, Rose-Queen, Scenic View, Soldier of China, Sunlight View, Tampa Bay and Tyne.

Nillan Nullah Handicap.—For Australian Subscription ponies, "B" Class. Jockey allowance. One and a quarter miles.—A Better Time, Annabella, Aztec, Dick Turpin, Katinka, Ranger, Snowy River and Tornado Star.

Kwangtung Handicap.—A forced entry for China ponies classified "D" Class, that have started at a Race Meeting of this Club since July 1, 1938. Winners of less than \$500 in stakes since January 1, 1938, barred. Jockey allowance. One mile.—Araxy, Borrachito, Capo, Comorin, Charybdis, Coronation Day, Dekko, Diogenes, Double Chance, Emergency Call, Estover, Fei Ying, Golden Cow, Gold Sovereign, Good Morning, Lancashire Chap, Lucky Eleven, Mac's Adventure, Meteor, Piet Helm, Salvage Master, Sea Dragon, Tempest, The Leopard, Tribute, Valorous and Whalsey.

FRIENDLY CRICKET
Players Selected For
Week-End Games

The following players have been chosen to represent the Club de Recreio 1st XI against the Indian R.C. on the former's ground at 2 p.m. on Saturday, October 15:

Dr. A. M. Rodrigues (Capt.), Dr. E. L. Gosano, Dr. H. L. Ozorio, P. M. N. da Silva, Jnr., W. A. Read, A. M. Prata, A. P. Pereira, E. M. L. Soares, L. G. Gosano, G. A. Guterres and N. Beltrao.

Hongkong C.C. v. Civil Service. The following teams have been chosen to represent the Hongkong C.C. against the Civil Service C.C. on Saturday, October 15:

1st XI at home.—H. Owen Hughes (Capt.), A. C. Beck, A. C. I. Bowker, J. H. Davis, R. D. Gillespie, L. D. Kilbee, J. B. H. Leckie, G. Longfield, R. E. H. Nelson, L. T. Ride and F. H. Stokes.

2nd XI away.—E. J. R. Mitchell (Capt.), C. W. E. Bishop, V. C. Bond, S. J. Cooke, G. E. R. Divett, N. P. Fox, R. M. M. King, D. O. Parsons, R. S. W. Paterson, W. Stoker and J. R. Way.

BASEBALL MANAGER

New York, Oct. 12. At a Baseball Writers' luncheon to-day, MacPhail announced that Durocher would manage the Brooklyn Dodgers for the coming year. The amount of the salary, however, was not mentioned. Durocher said that he had selected Chuck Dressen and Nashville as coaches of the team.—United Press.

WATER-POLO DRAW

A three-all draw was the result of the water polo match played between the Hongkong Aquatic Stars and the R.A.F. at the Chinese Swimming Club, Singapore, recently.

The Hongkong team left for Ipoh by train.

HOME RACING

London, Oct. 13. Foxbrough II won the Middlepark Stakes to-day by one and a half lengths from Blue Peter. Rogerstone Castle was third three lengths behind.

Ten ran. The betting was 13-8 Foxbrough II, 10 Blue Peter, 11-4 Rogerstone Castle.—Reuter.

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book Autumn and
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space early.

Where Were They TWENTY YEARS AGO?

By George Edinger



MUSSOLINI
ANTHONY EDEN
PROF. EINSTEIN

THE War was nearly over, but nobody seemed to think so. Mr. Bonar Law was saying that the Allies would certainly have lost if it ever became possible for a man or group of men to plunge the world into such a conflict again.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain had just stopped being Minister of National Service with his own department at St. Ermin's Hotel. Mr. Charles Chaplin had just started his own company in Hollywood because "Shoulder Arms" had been so successful.

Sir Thomas Horder had got his knighthood (it was in the New Year's Honours List) for his work at the Royal Cancer Hospital in Fulham and managers were wondering who would replace Leslie Henson, drafted to the Flying Corps to do clerical work.

IVOR NOVELLO had made his name as an actor in "The Yellow Jacket" and as a composer by writing a pantomime hit, "Keep the Home Fires Burning." He had a musical comedy running called "Arlette," but he could not do very much about that because he was in the War Office (after two aeroplane crashes) working under the keen eye of Winston Churchill's Military Secretary, a young Lifeguardian called Sir Archibald Sinclair.

Corporal Hitler, of the 16th Bavarian (Reserve) Infantry Battalion, raved about traitors in a Berlin suburban hospital while recovering from the effects of mustard gas (but if it was mustard gas, why was he discharged after three weeks?). The men in his ward would not be taught how to win the war by "someone who had wrangled a cushy job in the battalion orderly room."

A RECRUIT in the Artists' Rifles, Rifleman Coward, had just gone into hospital at Gidea Park, Romford, where the battalion was training, because he broke his head slipping on a soapy duck board.

Benito Mussolini had come out of hospital at Milan and was writing angry newspaper articles, "his eyes popping out of his head" with emotion, over Caporetto.

Major Hore-Belisha was flitting round the Near East in the green-tasseled uniform of the Intelligence Service, and 2nd Cisco Franco youngest field wrong end of Russia Second-ago.

NEWS FROM BERLIN

By IAN G. COLVIN

Hitler's Crucial Harvest

THE harvest is coming home in I took train recently to a fertile land, bloomed wheat, barley, rye, sugar intense black as dusk followed. A bad harvest could the Uckermark, fifty miles north of Berlin. This Berlin to visit friends. The terminus cripes the Four Year Plan. This Berlin to visit friends. The terminus year, thanked by Wotan, there was a tiny village, built in the record crop. Wheat, rye, oats, barley, settlement plans of Frederick the Great, their ears are full to bursting. Great Hens pecked in the dusty ley, when harvest is in, say the street, bees hummed in the village pessimists, then we shall see what lime grove, which loaded the air is afoot!

Even as we drive down the country roads, between poppy-sprinkled cornfields, the question of Marcellus occurs to me. (Hamlet, Act I, Scene I):

—tell me, he that knows, Why this same strict and most observant watch So nightly to the subject of the land? And when such daily east of brazen cannon, And foreign mart for implements of war?

Why such impress of shipwrights; whose sore task the Sunday from the week? What might be toward, that this sweaty haste Doth make the night joint labourer with the day?

Who is it, that can inform me?

Who indeed? The question of Marcellus has been put to the German Government by envoys extraordinary and simple journalists. That oracle of German intentions, the Foreign Ministry, smiles and smiles, and gives the reassuring answer.

So let us quit disgusting politics for a day and see the harvest home.

Here I was met by my friend with a horse trap—delightful surprise. I had expected an armoured car.

This horse trap, of antique pattern, brightly varnished, was drawn by two horses. It once belonged to Marshal Goering, who lives nearby in the Schorfheide, my friend told me. I was suitably impressed by the honour.

Later, a groom told me how I came as high. The Great Man, so get on well? I asked my host, a Prussian gentleman farmer. He told me that the Poles sometimes quarrelled among themselves, over their lunch sandwiches or their women, and the German harvesters had their little disputes among themselves.

In the stubble fields the threshers was making a deafening din. It continued until evening, when the sun to avoid "internecline" brawls; for they knew that such quarrels might become bloody and draw in all hands. A lesson for ministers of State!

But Poles and Germans were care-

fully to avoid "internecline" brawls; for they knew that such quarrels might become bloody and draw in all hands. A lesson for ministers of State!

The sheaves come lagging in slowly, in spite of night labour. But, come what may, it is a good sight for tired eyes, this alien corn in golden billows, and the sturdy horses dragging it towards the granary. Down with Weltpolitik, Daladier's noble efforts to "save the franc." But it was no use. My

man foreman told me. Around rosy and golden in the sunset, and

all threshed, and a trim stack towered above us. The seed in sacks was piled into carts. The thoughtful estate-factor then produced "forty bottles of Ring-Bo-Ree" and the labourers drank their lager beer deeply, in the dark, by lantern light.

It would be nice to see the Leader come into the fields and bind a sheaf, as Mussolini does, I thought; but he is too obsessed with the fate of his three million Germans across the border.

The sheaves come lagging in slowly, in spite of night labour. But, come what may, it is a good sight for tired eyes, this alien corn in golden billows, and the sturdy horses dragging it towards the granary. Down with Weltpolitik, Daladier's noble efforts to "save the franc." But it was no use. My

HOW LITTLE YOU KNOW

RECENTLY, I found myself willing in the grape-like gloom of a remote Scottish village, the victim of one of the periodic eruptions of the family conscience over its solitary maiden aunt. Inspection of the sitting-room bookcase having revealed nothing more brightly entertaining than "Ministering Children," "Christy's Old Organ," "Jessie's First Prayer," and other such cherished prizes of a well-spent youth, I slipped furtively out and made desperate tracks for the High Street.

There to the tune of ninepence for half-a-dozen weeklies, I encouraged the flaunting depravity of the local confectioners who, it appeared, coveted the proceeds from the sale of Sunday papers more than he did the Judgment his scandalised neighbours sternly predicted.

I returned home with my booty, and settled down with it in happy relief, to while away the next few hours. However, the Judgment must have decided to descend that day, and, for my brief share in the un-hallowed transactions, to include me in its sphere of operations, for I had only read as far as page two of my first paper when the trouble began. And, like all other tragedies, it began simply enough with a dear old lady.

The Old Lady's Fascism

It seemed, according to a paragraph on page two, that this innocent originator of my subsequent humiliation had much mystified and distressed her family by stoutly declaring herself to be a firm believer in Fascism, while mystification and distress were happily lightened by the discovery that she imagined Fascism to be something for making trains run on time.

I smiled a little smile of tenderly indulgent superiority, and was about to go on to page three when the movement of my head was arrested as if with the jerk of instantaneous brakes, and my smile became suddenly fixed and glassy. What was that I had heard? A plaintive voice asking, "Well, then, what exactly is Fascism?"

I dwelt uncomfortably with my imagination for the next few minutes, hearing myself trying to answer the question with due reference to that ominous "exactly."

After all, I ought to know! I certainly read or heard about the wretched thing at least ten times every day. But why was it called Fascism? I had a heroic shot at an exact and lucid explanation—but sadly realised that my muddled achievement of Dictators and Totalitarian States was like defining a spade in terms of agricultural implements. Moreover, I became distinctly nervous when I got to the Totalitarian State!

The Two "Thirds"

However, the old lady had given me an idea for the profitable employment of my enforced leisure. Quickly I hunted out a sheet of paper and a pencil, and proceeded haphazardly to set myself a newspaper general knowledge test. In other words, I proposed to dig out of my collection of newspapers terms which I read in them day in and day out, transplant them to my nice, clean, white paper, and see if I could write down exact and comprehensive explanations.

Alas! I have not yet finished my sad clambering out of the Slough of Horrified Humiliation!

I made a ghastly start with "The Third International." Certainly I knew two facts about it which were authentic and indisputable, but as one was that it had some connection with Russia, and the other that it had no connection with Rugby, I was not really very proud of them.

Tactfully I postponed the Third International for further consideration, and immediately, in the neighbouring column, encountered "The Third Reich" with an arch leer on its exasperating features. Reich, I remembered, was the German word for an empire, but why the third Reich? What had happened to the other two?

Now distinctly uneasy, I decided to postpone the Third Reich along with its international contemporary, childishly revelling myself with the contemplation of their horror at finding themselves abandoned in the same boat.

Gilt-Edged

I think it must have been the disapproving spirits of my Presbyterian ancestors, desirous of helping the Judgment to bring their wandering descendant back to the fold, which led me to pick up next a Conservative organ of the most dignified propriety, and to turn thereof to the columns devoted to economic and financial.

There could really be no other explanations of why the first paragraph to hold my casually roving eye should be entitled "Gilt-edged Securities". Reluctantly and with foreboding I wrote them down below the Third Reich. Had this been an intelligence test? I would doubtless have scored on my derisive refusal to believe that "gilt-edged" was here a literal description. But at least I had a knowledge test, and with it did not help.

Deciding definitely that, after all, finance was a highly specialised branch of knowledge, which could not reasonably be expected to have had any place in my humble life, I turned firmly over to the political pages, which I conscientiously scanned, trying all the while not to see the pushing headlines acclaiming M. Daladier's noble efforts to "save the franc." But it was no use. My

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Presbyterian ancestors insisted inexorably that I must play fair, so I have since tried my little test on various unsuspicious friends, and it was consolingly remarkable how often I passed with any degree of honour. It was still more remarkable how few of them were becomingly grateful for having their deficiencies brought to their notice.

All the same, it was an excellent plan, and one whose beneficial effect upon the mind and soul, I can thoroughly recommend. It is really extraordinary (and distinctly charming) once you begin to discover how many familiar names and terms there are of whose significance you have no absolutely accurate knowledge. Try it and see!

May Young

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EMPEROR OF JAPAN via Honolulu Noon, Fri., Nov. 11.
EMPEROR OF ASIA Noon, Fri., Nov. 25.

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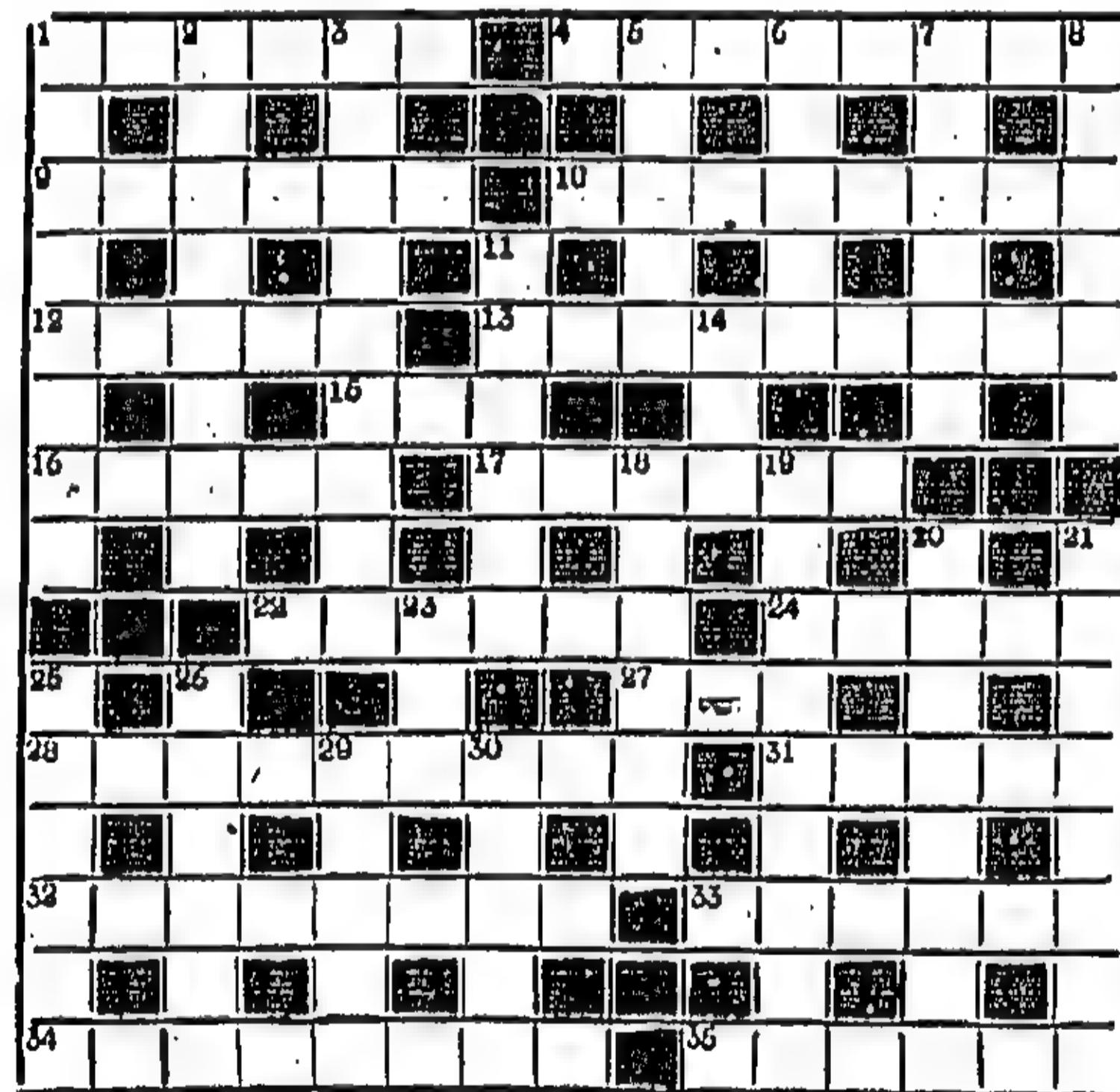
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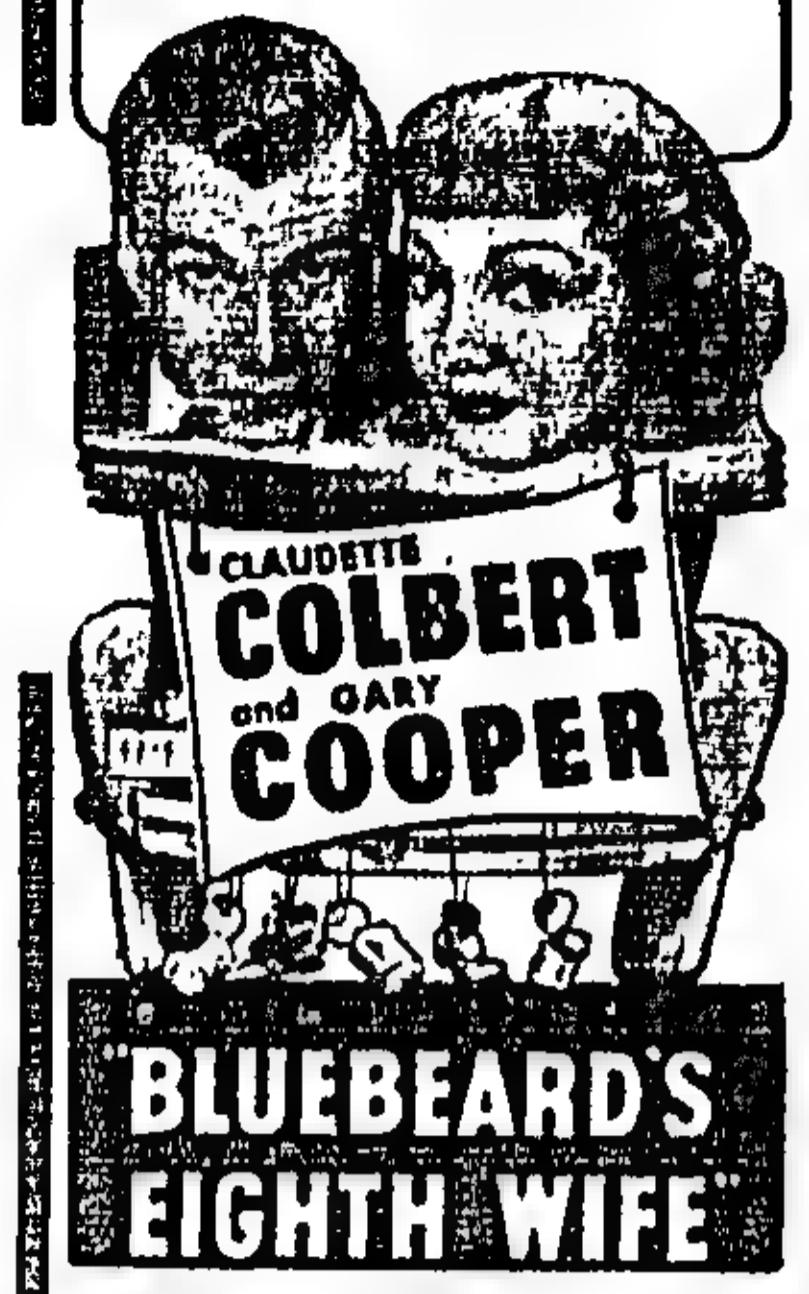
OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



ACROSS
1 At the mercy of current movements (6).
4 The description of this servant is of course an optimistic exaggeration (8).
9 Book of the O.T. (6).
10 Cook uses this for flavouring (8).
12 Save a healing stuff (5).
13 Put in a morning, in catching fish being very hungry (9).
15 Certainly no polished man about town (3).
16 Distinctly important (5).
17 Ancient city of Greece (6).
22 A steady change (6).
24 A foreign lady (6).
28 Colour (3).
30 Common cause of disease (5).
YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION
1 SWANS DOWN HEBB I
2 E A E A H A M L E T
3 M A G N E T I S M M A A I
4 L T E T T G A S C O N
5 S T E E R S M E N D X E
6 H E S T O N C R O M E R
7 O H U U S O F X A A A
8 P R O G N O S T I C A T I O N
9 E L D E W E D L E T
10 R A D L E Y A W O O D E
11 A B B A N T I Q U A R Y
12 R A W L S T B T I
13 C O I I I N T E N S I V E
14 V I K I N G O S S E E
15 E B G S T A T U O R Y

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CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

N. Y. K. LINE
(NIIPPON YUSEN KAISYA.)

From EUROPE and STRAITS.

The Steamship
"FUSHIMI MARU,"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 10th October, 1938, will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays at 1.30 p.m. within the free storage period. For the examination of damaged dutiable goods, the consignees must arrange for a Revenue Officer to be present.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

No fire insurance has been effected.

NIIPPON YUSEN KAISYA,
Hongkong, 12th October, 1938.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

Steamship "ATHOS II"
24/A/38

Bringing Cargo from Marseilles via
Salon, etc., arrived Hongkong on
Wednesday, 12th October, 1938.

Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co. Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before 22nd October, 1938, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyor Messrs.: Goddard and Douglass in the presence of the Consignees at 10.00 a.m. on Tuesday, 18th October, 1938.

Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL,
Agent,
Hongkong, 12th October, 1938.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES.

Steamship "SONTAY"
11/AEO/38

Bringing Cargo from Dunkirk via
Haiphong arrived Hongkong on
Wednesday, 12th October, 1938.

Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co. Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

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ERROL FLYNN
• "CAPTAIN BLOOD"

Continued From Page 1

Japanese Capture Key City To Canton Rly.

According to Chinese reports heavy losses were inflicted on the Japanese in the battle for possession of Tamsul and Yim-potow. Chinese reports state that the most vigorous fighting in the Blas Bay area is progressing in this sector, and claim that a large force of Japanese were completely surrounded near Yim-potow.

The Chinese now admit that Aotow, on the eastern side of Blas Bay, is in complete possession of the Japanese. The defenders were forced to evacuate the town, which has a population of about 6,000, owing to intensive Japanese naval bombardment.

Heavy Chinese reinforcements are being rushed to the Tamsul area by every conceivable form of locomotion, including afoot, from Wuchow and Pingshan.

It is reported that the main Canton-Waichow highway, which links up with the Hongkong frontier, is completely choked by lorries and buses carrying Chinese troops to the war zone. Consequently upon this event he had ordered certain measures to be taken.

Military observers in Canton believe that the Japanese are attempting to drive from Tamsul to the railway at Pingwu, slightly north of the border town of Shumchun. Pingshan and Wanglong lie on this route.

CHINESE RETIRE NORTH

Canton, Oct. 14. After heavy fighting yesterday, the Chinese troops at Tamsul have taken up new positions north of the town, where they are redoubling their efforts to resist the invaders.

Heavy casualties are said to have been inflicted upon the Japanese advancing on Tamsul at 11 a.m. yesterday when they were waylaid by Chinese troops at Putien, lying between Tamsul and Aotow. However, Japanese reinforcements were immediately rushed up and the battle raged with increasing severity.

Fighting continued till 2 p.m. when under the severe bombing of a large squadron of Japanese planes the Chinese troops withdrew to the north of Tamsul to avoid unnecessary losses. It is understood that the Japanese column at Tamsul aims at cutting the Canton-Kowloon Railway between Shumchun and Pinghu.

Another Japanese column in the Pingshan-Nimshan sector is driving toward Wuchow, from where it hopes to advance to Cheungmuktau and cut the railway line there. This column is understood to be still meeting stiff Chinese resistance around Pingshan and Nimshan.

The Japanese are said to be continuing their efforts to land on the Swatow-Chaoching coast. An attempt to land at Namkang in Tenkhu by about 200 Japanese in more than motor boats was frustrated by the Chinese yesterday. Over 100 shells were fired by Japanese warships off the coast to cover the attack.

RADIO BROADCAST

(Continued from Page 11.)

thing is Rhythm")... Harry Roy and His Orchestra with vocal refrain; She's Funny That Way (Morel-Whiting); From Monday On (Crosby-Barris) ... Harry Roy's Tiger Ragamuffins on two pianos string bass and drums with Clarinet and Vocal by Harry Roy.

8.30 London Relay—"Under Big Ben."

A talk by Howard Marshall; 8.45 Berlin State Opera Orchestra Hungarian Rhapsody No. 1 (Liszt); 8.55 Next week's Programme; 9.00 Studio—Barbara Gilmar (Soprano) with A. T. Lay at the Piano.

1. Arias from: (a) Gianni Schicchi (Puccini); (b) Tosca (Puccini) ... Barbara Gilmar with Piano; 2. Bruckner (Debussy) ... A. T. Lay at the Piano; 3. Arias from: (a) Manon Lescaut (Puccini); (b) Turandot (Puccini) ... Barbara Gilmar with Piano.

9.20 Sibelius—Symphonic Poem "The Oceanides", Op. 73.

Played by The B. B. C. Symphony Orchestra conducted by Adrian Boult.

9.30 London Relay—The News, 9.50 Rachmaninoff—Concerto No. 2 in G Minor, Op. 18.

Played by Sergei Rachmaninoff (Piano) and the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra conducted by Leopold Stokowski.

10.24 Songs by Theodore Charalambino (Bass).

Midnight Review (Glinka).... Orchestra cond. by Eugene Goossens; Song of the Needy Pilgrim (Nekrasoff-Nevstrueff-Manikin) with the Afonsky Choir and Balabulka Orchestra.

11.30 London Relay—The News.

12.00 Rachmaninoff—Concerto No. 2 in G Minor, Op. 18.

Played by Sergei Rachmaninoff (Piano) and the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra conducted by Leopold Stokowski.

12.30 London Relay—The News.

1. Arias from: (a) Gianni Schicchi (Puccini); (b) Tosca (Puccini) ... Barbara Gilmar with Piano; 2. Bruckner (Debussy) ... A. T. Lay at the Piano; 3. Arias from: (a) Manon Lescaut (Puccini); (b) Turandot (Puccini) ... Barbara Gilmar with Piano.

2. Arias from: (a) Gianni Schicchi (Puccini); (b) Tosca (Puccini) ... Barbara Gilmar with Piano; 2. Bruckner (Debussy) ... A. T. Lay at the Piano; 3. Arias from: (a) Manon Lescaut (Puccini); (b) Turandot (Puccini) ... Barbara Gilmar with Piano.

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

SECOND EDITION

From Express Co.



Author of
21 Books

WILL LIVE IN H.K.

NOW working on her twenty-first romantic novel, a young English writer, whose love stories are widely read by women, will arrive in Hongkong this week to live here with her naval officer husband.

She is Marjorie Price, 31-year-old author of "The Mantle of Saltash," and "Pandora Dances."

Her husband, Lieut. F. C. V. Brightman, arrived in Hongkong last week. Mrs. Brightman is remaining in Singapore for a fortnight to join H.M.S. *Westcott*.

"My latest novel is about life at Malta, where I spent several months while my husband was stationed there," the well-known authoress said recently.

Before she married, Mrs. Brightman had had about five novels published.

"Most of my books are heart-throb stories," she said with a smile. "And it is great fun for me to watch typists and shop girls eagerly reading them in the buses and tubes at home."

Mrs. Brightman says she finds life as a naval wife eminently suitable for her work. A novelist can work anywhere and if she has the opportunity of seeing so much of the world as a naval wife invariably has, she always has new settings for stories. She left England to marry her husband in Malta, when he was stationed there.

After leaving home to dance in musical comedy, she wrote her first novel, "The Mantle of Saltash," to amuse herself.

PROTECTING JAPANESE IN COLONY

Consul-General Sees
Police Commissioner

THE "TELEGRAPH" is authoritatively informed that a warning has been issued to all Japanese subjects residing in Hongkong to be cautious in view of the possibility of anti-Japanese feeling arising amongst the Chinese in the Colony.

The warning to the Japanese was conveyed by their Consul General, Mr. T. Nakamura.

It is understood from authoritative sources that Mr. Nakamura interviewed the Hon. T. H. King, Commissioner of Police, on Wednesday, and requested that precautionary measures be taken for the complete protection of Japanese residents in Hongkong.

It is understood that the Police Department had already increased the normal guards which have been protecting Japanese business establishments, hotels and residences, before Mr. Nakamura's approach was made.

Mr. Nakamura has also addressed an official note to the Government of Macao, requesting the Portuguese authorities to take appropriate measures for protecting Japanese subjects residing there.

Plot To Seize Power In Sofia

LONDON, Oct. 13. The Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Belgrade reported to-day that a plot had been hatched to overthrow the Government of Sofia. He added that many members of a Macedonian secret revolutionary organization had been arrested, and ordered to leave the country as a result of General Pashov's assassination. It is officially announced that a search of the extremists' hide-outs had resulted in many arrests. The police were patrolling the streets before dawn.—United Press.

BRITAIN MAY SEND MORE WARSHIPS TO CHINA

Chamberlain Returning To London this Week

Special to "Telegraph"

(Telecommunication Ordinance 1930. Copyright by United Press. Received 6.30 a.m. Published 10.30 a.m.)

LONDON, Oct. 13.

THE DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT OF THE "DAILY EXPRESS" PREDICTED TO-DAY THAT THE CABINET MIGHT DECIDE THIS WEEK-END TO STRENGTHEN THE BRITISH NAVAL FORCES IN FAR EASTERN WATERS.

It is understood, states the Correspondent, that Mr. Chamberlain is curtailing his vacation in Scotland for the second time since the beginning of September.

He will probably return to London to initiate a big-scale armament drive and at the same time consider suggestions that the China Station squadron should be substantially increased in view of the Japanese invasion of Kwangtung province.

The present British China Squadron, exclusive of Yangtse River gunboats, consists of the 5th Cruiser Squadron, comprising six cruisers; the aircraft carrier Eagle, the 8th Destroyer Flotilla, comprising nine destroyers; five vessels—H.M. ships Folkestone, Sandwich, Falmouth, Grimsby and Lowestoft—employed on patrol duties; the submarines Odin, Otus, Olympus, Orpheus, Perseus, Parthian, Phoenix, Pandora, Proteus, Rainbow, Rover, Regent, Regulus, Grampus and Rorqual; five West River gunboats, and H.M. ships Thracian and Thanet, of the local Defence Flotilla.

Recently two speedy motor torpedo boats, the first of a flotilla of similar craft, were added to the Station.

With docking accommodation now available at Singapore and the easing of tension in Europe, the "Daily Express" envisages the possible despatch of one or two battleships to the Far East in addition to other smaller craft. The Cabinet, at the meeting to be called by the Premier, will have placed before it proposals for a great spend-up in British armaments, particular emphasis being laid upon fighting airplanes.

In addition, it is expected that the controversial conscription issue will be fully investigated before Parliament meets again next month.—United Press.

MUSOLINI BELIEVES JAPAN WILL WIN

Rome, Oct. 13. It is learned that on receiving the mission of visiting Japanese journalists Signor Mussolini expressed the opinion that he was confident the Japanese would be victorious in the war in China and would eventually banish Communism in the Far East.

"A victory by Japan will permit that country to carry out the development which is a necessity for a strong, sound and meritorious people," Il Duce is reported to have said.—United Press.

(Continued on Page 4.)

Anglo-Italian Parleys Resumed in Rome

ROME, Oct. 13.

Resuming negotiations for a quick settlement of the Spanish problem, Lord Perth, British Ambassador to Rome, unexpectedly called on Count Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister.

It is assumed that Lord Perth had received London instructions regarding the new aspect of the problem.

Coincident with the visit was the publication of the list of Black-shirt casualties in Spain, and there are indications that Signor Mussolini is displeased with the effect of the re-

patration order in Britain and France.

Apparently he hoped that the British would agree to make effective a friendship pact as a result, whereas instead Britain has displayed no enthusiasm for the number to be repatriated, and is insistent that the numbers be increased.—United Press.

(Continued on Page 4.)



H.M.S. RODNEY, which may soon be seen in Hongkong under the proposed suggestion that Britain's Fleet in the Far East be increased.

NEW CRISIS IN EUROPE

Czech-Hungarian Parleys Cease

KOMAROM, Oct. 13.

CAUSING A GRAVE CRISIS IN the negotiations between the Carpatho-Ruthenian delegates and the Hungarian authorities, official despatches have disclosed a reign of terror in Ruthenia by organised gangs equipped with foreign arms and led by Hungarian reserve officers.

It is officially reported that there has been sporadic fighting and at least two Czechs have been killed, while many Hungarians have been arrested.

The Czech Government has invoked martial law.

It is also reported that terrorism is rife in Bratislava. A number of Hungarians have been arrested and charged with terrorist activity.

At Mukacevo, the centre of the Ruthenian terrorist outbreak, there is "murder, manslaughter, robbery and crimes endangering the public" according to an official description.

Meanwhile, the Czech-Hungarian relations are very strained.—United Press.

HUNGARIANS DEPART

Budapest, Oct. 13. Negotiations between Hungary and Czechoslovakia were broken off at 7.12 p.m. this evening. The meeting lasted only five minutes, and the Hungarian delegation returned to the Hungarian side of the town of Komarom, and boarded a steamer.

Mr. Koloman de Kenya, the Hungarian Foreign Minister, issued a statement emphasising that the Czech counter-proposals—referring to the new frontier—differed to such an extent from the Hungarian viewpoint, and there was such a wide gulf between the stand-points of the two delegations concerning fundamental principles of the new settlement, that they cannot hope to be bridged through the present negotiations.

The statement adds that Hungary will request the speediest possible settlement of its territorial claims against Czechoslovakia by the four powers who are signatories to the Munich protocol.—Reuters.

CZECHS REFUSE TO GIVE WAY

Budapest, Oct. 13. Reports from Komarom state that in a two-hour session the Czechs were unexpectedly firm concerning their negotiations with Hungary over minority rights, an attitude which is attributed to the German and Hungarian assurances of support.

It is understood that the Czechs offered to cede an area inhabited by more than 100,000 Hungarians. However, the Czechs are adamant in their refusal to surrender Bratislava, Kosice and other cities.

Meanwhile, Hungarian extremists are urging force. One of the newspapers observes: "We will obtain minorities in Czechoslovakia even if we have to do so with our bayonets." United Press.

APPEAL TO FOUR POWERS

Budapest, Oct. 13. Shortly after the expiration of the time limit to Hungary's demands regarding Czechoslovakia, the Hun-

Photo. Contest Winners

THE THREE JUDGES in the "Telegraph" Amateur Photographic Competition, who re-judged the entries consequent upon the withdrawal of prize-winning entries by Lo Kwan-ling, Eddie Lowe and Lo Tak-cho, have now completed this task.

The first Ilford Trophy, as before, has been awarded to

MR. GEORGE C. LAU,
8, Kent Road, Kowloon
Tong.

The second Ilford Trophy has been awarded to

MR. Y. H. HUNG,
c/o German Consulate,
who also becomes winner of the Second Prize in Section 2.

The following is the revised list of prize-winners:

SECTION 1

1st Prize—"The Kiss"....Mr. H. H. McKay,
Bay View Police Station.

2nd Prize—Mrs. Ely Iles,

1, Longsight Villas,

3rd Prize—Mr. L. Leong,
9, Breezy Terrace.

SECTION 2

(General Pictorial Section)

1st Prize—Mr. George C. Lau,
8, Kent Road,
(Mr. Lau also receives the 1st
Ilford Trophy).

2nd Prize—Mr. Y. H. Hung,
German Consulate,
(Mr. Hung also receives the 2nd
Ilford Trophy).

3rd Prize—Mr. Yau Hok-kan,
C. C. Dept:
H.M. Naval Yard.

SECTION 3

(Still Life)

1st Prize—"Champagne Glasses"....Mr. L. Leong,
9, Breezy Terrace.

2nd Prize—Mr. E. L. Taverner,
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

(Continued on Page 4.)

Ten Million Gallons Of Petrol Afire

LINDEN, Alabama.

Oct. 13.

After an 18-hours fight, firemen to-day extinguished a blaze which fed almost 10,000,000 gallons of gasoline, naphtha and kerosene oil. It is estimated that the damage exceeds \$500,000.00.—United Press.

London Rail Strike Spreads

London, Oct. 13.

A strike is spreading among the London, Midland and Scottish Railway freight workers, which threatens a serious interference with Britain's food supply.

The strike started because a ticket-collector refused to join the Union.—United Press.

Second Edition

Rapid Japanese Drive to C.K.R.

Chinese Ask Consular Body for Assistance

IT IS OFFICIALLY DENIED THAT THE JAPANESE HAVE ATTEMPTED TO MAKE ANY ATTEMPT TO LAND TROOPS ANYWHERE IN THE CANTON DELTA, ON THE OTHER SIDE OF HONGKONG FROM WHERE THEY ARE NOW OPERATING.

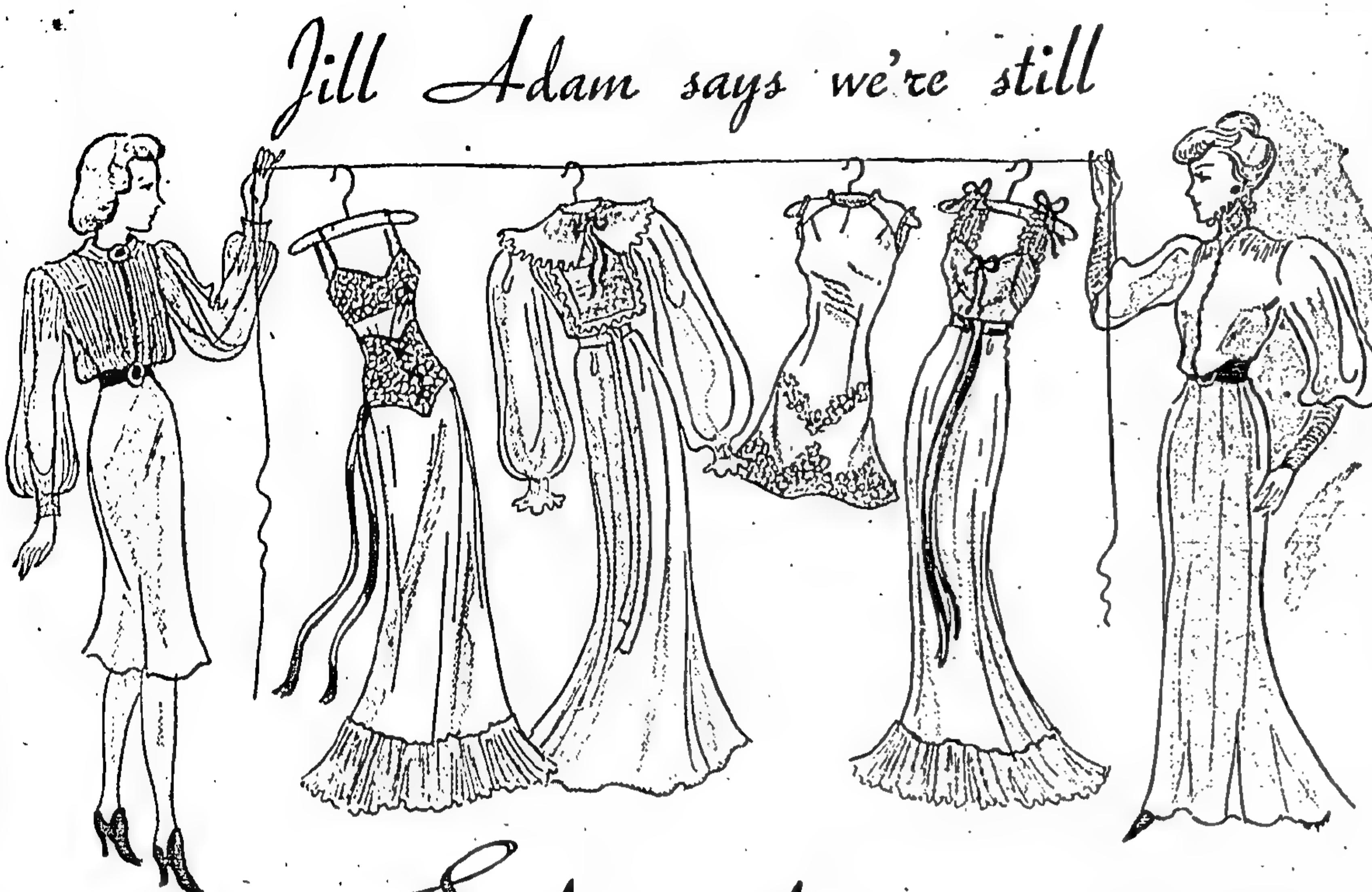
Unofficial reports state that the Kwangtung authorities have approached the Consular Body in Shameen, with a request that the Japanese be asked to arrange that Pakhoktong, Lingnan University and the French Catholic Cathedral in Canton should be declared as Safety Zones, in which non-combatants could seek refuge.

The Kwangtung Provincial Government and Canton Municipal Government are removing the archives from Canton this afternoon. Reuter reports that the temporary capital will be Yangtzen, in northern Kwangtung, along the Canton-Hankow Railway.

Government and Municipal officials will, it is believed, leave by special train this afternoon.

(Continued on Page 12.)

EARLIER NEWS
OF S. CHINA
FIGHTING:
PAGE 4



IT is a melancholy fact, but women are really very like their mothers.

The most determined modern women conceal beneath their iron exteriors a melting tenderness which, this year, is definitely expressed by the most sentimental underclothes we have had for a long time.

Look at this clothes-line, for example, supported on one side by the completest Edwardian mamma, and opposite by her contemporary descendant—you and me, that is, in our high-necked chiffon blouse.

Not only our chiffon blouses are high-necked either. The big surprise of the recent lingerie-buying has been the number of high-necked nightgowns and even cami-knickers that have been sold.

EVERY so often you get a real change in the underclothes mode; thus now, after years of straight-topped, shoulder-strapped chemises, slips and cami-knickers, you get them high-necked or brassiere-topped.

And as you see, the influence of our mothers is felt in trans-

Fried Sandwiches

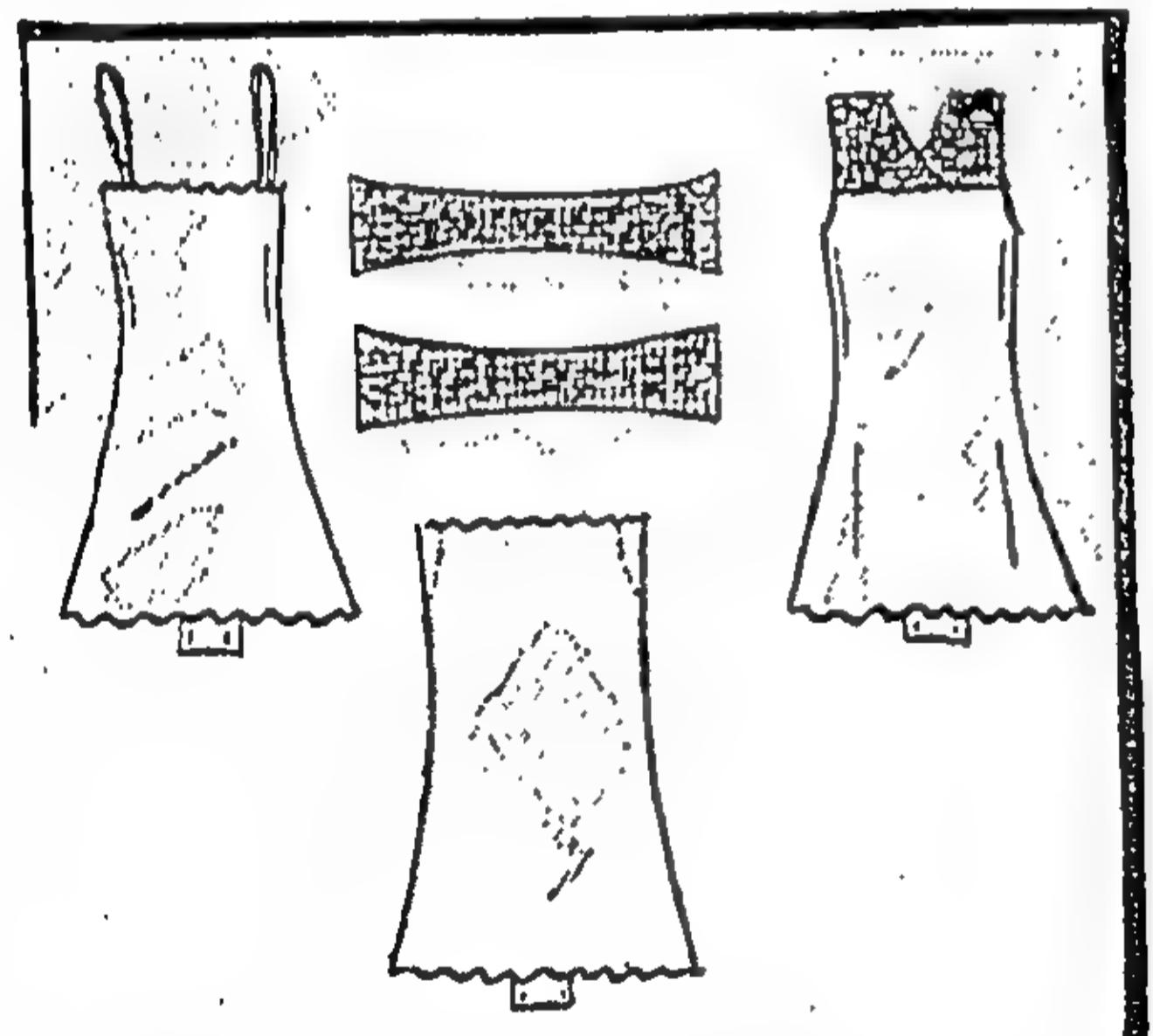
LEFT-OVER slices of bread, buttered or unbuttered, can be turned into delicious "fries" for supper. Many picnic sandwiches can be treated similarly if there are any left over.

Ham or tongue sandwiches are ideal for frying. Put a small piece of butter into the pan and dip it in the pan and make it smoking hot. Then add the sandwiches and fry them fairly quickly till golden brown outside and piping hot through.

Brush over fruit- and nut sandwiches with a little milk and dip them in castor sugar before frying. It is easy to turn slices of bread or bread and butter into suitable sandwiches for frying. Any sort of filling that is too soft will do.

Sandwiches filled with mixtures of fish, cheese, or egg should be arranged on a plate over a pan of boiling water, covered with a basin and steamed rather than fried. Be sure to make them thoroughly hot, and serve them at once, because they lose their heat quickly.

W. B.



Soups For All Sorts Of Days

Soups for Chilly Days

WITH the temperature ever changing, it is difficult to arrange meals in advance. But there are times, when this has to be done, and should a hot weather luncheon be planned for a day which proves chilly, the simplest way out of the difficulty is to give a warming soup, and then proceed with the arranged cold menu.

Spinach Soup

Cook a heaped quart of prepared spinach till tender in 3 gills of boiling water, to which pinches of soda

and sugar have been added. Drain, and salt, and just before removing chop, and rub through a sieve; then add the purée thus obtained to a beaten yolk of eggs, mixed with a pint of white stock, and bring to the boil to thicken. Serve at once.

Mushroom Soup

Peel, clean, and chop ½ lb mushrooms; cook them for 20 minutes in a quart of white stock, and rub through a sieve. Meanwhile cool 4 oz. small sage in ½ pint boiling water, and add seasonings of nutmeg, pepper, and salt. Thoroughly reheat for half an hour, and add to the sieved mushrooms and stock.

Note.—This is a splendid way of using up your surplus supplies of mushrooms.

Bring to the boil together, cook for 10 minutes, season with pepper.

Lettuce Soup

Well wash two heads of lettuce, remove the outer discoloured leaves, and finely chop the remainder.

Lightly cook a tablespoon of minced onions in a tablespoon of butter, for 5 minutes, then add the lettuce, 5 gills white stock, and 2 tablespoons well washed rice. Cook till the rice is tender, stir in ½ pint milk, with a slightly beaten egg yolk, and add seasonings of nutmeg, pepper, and salt. Thoroughly reheat for half an hour, and add to the sieved mushrooms and stock.

Note.—This is a splendid way of using up your surplus supplies of mushrooms.

Bring to the boil together, cook for 10 minutes, season with pepper.

Isobel

New Wools Give Marled Effect

THE busy knitter misses much if she doesn't know about the new wools, including the crinkled kinds which give a marl effect. Other new wools, which have the effect of a fancy tweed when knitted up, are in true heather colours.

In direct contrast, come those yarns which mix artificial silk with wool. There is no lustre in them, and the result is a suede effect which, in mist colours, is especially attractive for cardigans and coats.

Camel hair and wool make another useful coat mixture.

Untarnishable metal threads twisted into strands of wool give a soft sparkle to frocks and suits.

Hammocks

BUT choosing wool for a jumper is not nearly such a problem as washing them. They need delicate care and handling, and their drying is perhaps more important than their washing. To leave the jumper lying on a cloth to dry slowly is one way.

Of course, no one would peg up a newly washed jumper.

Another excellent way is to use a specially designed hammock which unfolds to about a yard in length. It measures two feet wide and is made from a light, durable mesh in which nulla is coiled with cotton threads.

With this hammock suspended between the backs of two chairs, the most delicate woollen garment will not stretch as it dries. In fact, drying is facilitated with the air circulating under as well as over it.

Painting A Brooch

A HANDBRICK which is easy, fascinating, and inexpensive is the painting of jewellery.

The various pieces, each stamped with flower designs, include rings, bracelets and brooches, some with antique finishes, others with platinum effects, but most of them are gilt.

It would be interesting to know how different women plan their underclothing. It seems to me one needs two kinds; to wear under sports clothes, tweeds, and in the country, the easy-to-wash, easy-to-wear woven kind that can be bought so cheaply and charmingly now-a-days.

For town or to wear under silk or transparent dresses—"for best" in fact, silk and knickers, or cami-knickers in crepe, washing satin, chiffon or nylon.

Some women will have more of one kind, some of another; but it is pleasant to have always in stock one or two sets of really nice underclothes so that you wouldn't mind being run over by a bus and then taken to hospital in them!

AND

I want to make a plea for a bit more originality in your choice of fabrics and colours for lingerie.

The simplest nightgown, made in black and plum or purple chiffon, looks rather exciting; or choose candy striped chiffon, or flowered voile, or even fine dotted swiss muslin. There's nothing newer, or easier to wash than the cottons, except voile.

Underfoot

Under the new full-skirted dresses there's really no reason either for not making fine cotton underclothes as grandmother did, and getting away with it. But under anything slim fitting, crepe and washing satin are best.

The simple, unpretentious materials are always smarter than cheap qualities in "posh" fabrics; and even expensive lingerie houses are realising the possibilities of such fabrics as chintz lined with bright towelling for dressing-gowns. Ordinary flannel in well-combined colours has long been smarter than shiny fabrics for house coats and dressing-gowns.

DRINK

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WE HAVE COMPLETE STOCK OF

CHARLIE KUNZ' PIANO MEDLIES ON REX RECORDS

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'Tell me,

doctor . . .

About disinfectants—for personal use, I mean. Surely it is unwise to use strong, staining chemicals that have to be measured so carefully! What is good that is really pleasant as well . . . ?

Nothing better was ever discovered for women than 'Dettol,' the modern antiseptic. This highly efficient killer of germs will not stain linen, and is clean and clear, pleasant in smell and an excellent deodorant. 'Dettol' is non-poisonous, and is gentle and tender on human tissues. Ask your Doctor—Buy a bottle from your chemist and be ready.



FREE: A post-card to Nurse Green, P. O. Box 107 will bring you a copy of a little book of interest to every woman, entitled "Modern Hygiene for women."



ALL you need is Kodak "SS" Pan Film and a couple of Photoflood lamps. Use your own camera. Ask for free folder, "Snapshots at Night," giving simple directions at the store displaying the KODAK sign.

KODAK "SS" PANCHROMATIC FILM



NEW BEAUTY IN YOUR FINGERTIPS

Enjoy the thrill of faultlessly manicured nails—soft accents to bring new grace and beauty to your hands! Make your manicure a semi-weekly beauty ritual with Cutex—and be sure to have on hand the three essential Cutex preparations . . . Only Polish Remover that whisk away old polish. Oil content helps prevent brittle nails—Oily Cuticle Remover to remove excess cuticle quickly . . . gently. The new Cutex Nail Polish that flows on to the nail smoothly and easily and wears days longer without chipping, peeling, or fading!

CUTEX Oily Cuticle Remover



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**Dr. Maberley
says:-**

Radio is converting us into a nation of listeners, and in some measure making us less sociable.

"There is far too much listening nowadays, and whilst there is much to be said for a good listener, it is far more advantageous, both from a personal and social point of view, that people should take some part in the life and interests around them."

"Before the advent of radio people used to call on one another and find fresh interests in discussions and conversations with their neighbours.

"But to-day they sit at home listening to lectures and speeches, and find little opportunity to express their own views on these subjects."

Glostora



Just a few drops on your brush make your hair more beautiful. It keeps the wave and curl in, leaves your hair easy to manage, so that it will stay any style you arrange it.

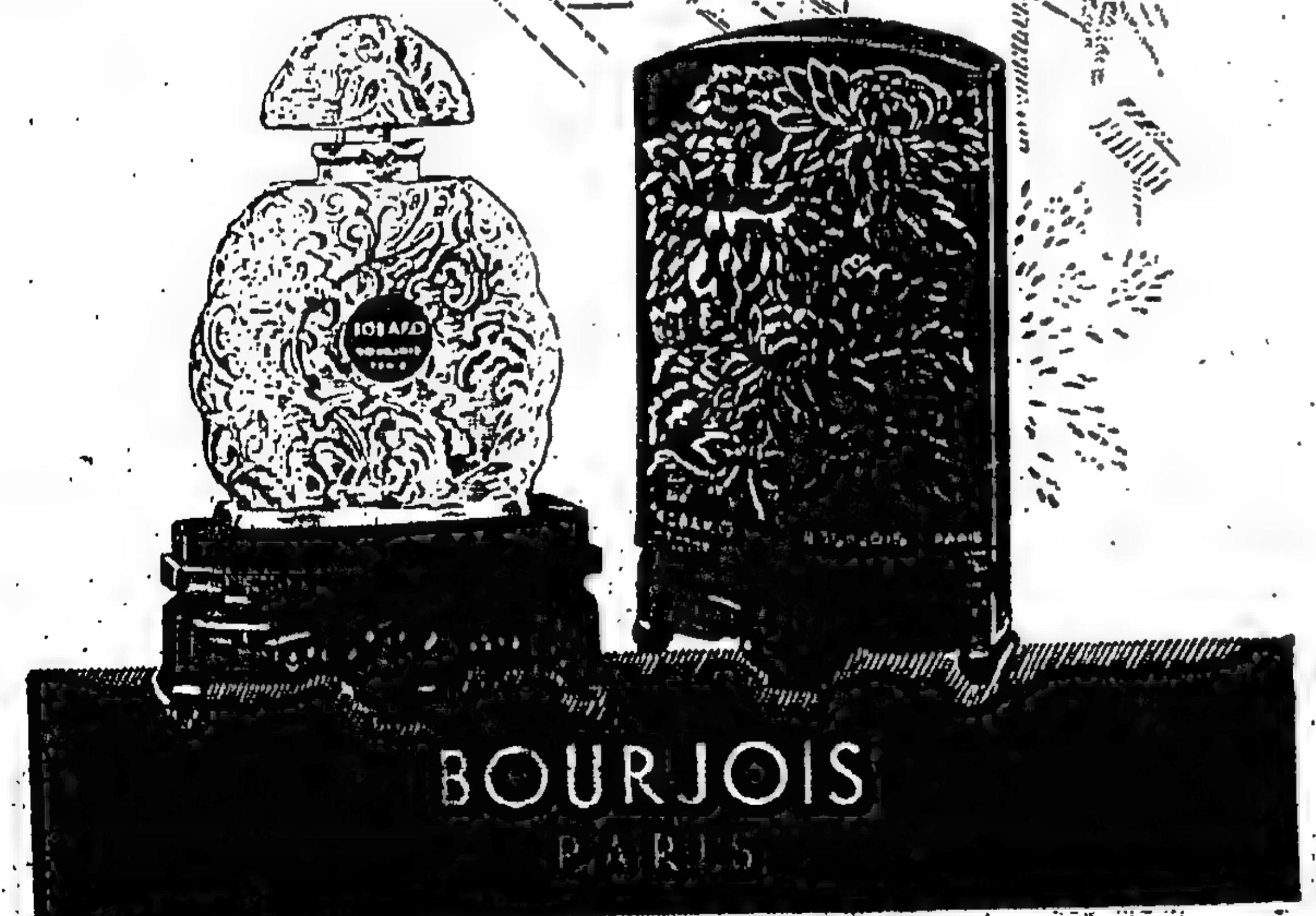
Get a bottle today, and note the difference.



FOR LUSTROUS HAIR

KO BAKO

Kobako . . . a witty French interpretation of an exotic Oriental perfume . . . created by the greatest living perfumier. Because it is spiced with Gallic humor, it helps you to play the part of the mysterious, alluring and compelling . . . but with that light touch that gives you ultimate glamour in modern eyes.



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SCOUTMASTER'S ALLEGED MERCY MURDER PLEA

Story Of Drive With Nurses After Mothers' Death

A 29-year-old Scoutmaster who was alleged to have said that his mother asked him to end her sufferings faced a charge of murder at Torquay recently.

It was stated, that the man, Norman John Walter Smith, walked into the police station on August 28 and said he had killed his mother, Mrs. Alice Maud Smith, at their home at Hill Park Road, Torquay.

Mr. G. R. Paling, prosecuting, said Mrs. Smith lived apart from her husband, Smith lived with her and supported her with the salary he received as a solicitor's clerk.

On Friday, August 26, his two women for a ride in his motor-car.

Mr. Paling said that when Smith was called at the police station and said to Sergeant Taylor: "Sergeant, I have killed my mother. Don't look alarmed. I hit her with a rolling-pin." He added that she had suffered from internal trouble.

The officer went with Smith to the house and in a bedroom he saw the mother's body.

"PUT HER TO BED"

Smith said: "I have washed her and done her hair, and then put her to bed, as you see."

Smith further said: "I promised mother on Friday I would take two nurses for a ride on Sunday morning, so I took them out before I came here."

To Det-Sergeant Roper, Mr. Paling continued, Smith said: "I have no regrets, officer. She is better off later than she has been for 12 years."

Mr. Paling read a statement alleged to have been made by Smith. "I then went downstairs to get the supper. I was taking the frying-pan off the hook and I had to take the rolling-pin off first.

"I had my fingers through the string when I heard a bump and a shriek from upstairs. I rushed upstairs and found my mother kneeling down. She said: 'For God's sake, Norman, finish me quickly.'

"Without hesitation, I lifted the rolling-pin and hit her two or three quick blows on the head."

If that statement was proved, Mr. Paling said, Smith killed his mother on the Saturday evening.

He remained in the house that night and the next morning, took

DISGUSTING

"It is disgusting to see a girl of 15 with her face made up like that. Take her home now and see that she washes her face and bring her back later."

The West London magistrate, Mr. Paul Bennett, said this to the father of a girl accused of insulting behaviour, who appeared heavily rouged and powdered.

She returned without make-up and the case was adjourned.

Drivers "Steam-Bound"

Motorists complained of being "steam-bound" during an electrical storm in which the temperature tumbled 30 degrees in 15 minutes.

Drivers said that because of the rapid drop in temperature, steam rising from the highways was so dense it cut off their vision.



Asserting they vastly enjoyed their 26-day visit in the United States, members of the Swedish royal family leave New York for home. At left, Crown Prince Gustaf Adolf waves farewell, on the gangplank of the Swedish liner Gripsholm. With him are Crown Princess Louise and Prince Bertil. Bertil smiled happily over gift of two automobiles.

ROTHSCHILD RANSOM: HALF A BUSINESS

TURNING down £120,000 offered as "ransom" for Baron Louis Rothschild, imprisoned in Vienna, Germany's Nazis are now demanding not merely money but a foothold in Czechoslovakia.

They want control of the Wittkowitz works, the Czechs' biggest industrial concern, 51 per cent. of whose shares are held by the Austrian Rothschilds.

To this end they have sent a lawyer, Dr. Erich Fuchrer, to Paris to negotiate with the French branch of the Rothschild family, as well as with Baron Louis' brother, Baron Alphonse Rothschild.

Baron Louis, imprisoned by the Gestapo soon after Hitler seized Austria, should have been freed a fortnight ago.

The Austrian Rothschilds offered £120,000 for his release while the French family also declared itself willing to make a considerable contribution.

But this is not enough for the Nazis.

They see in the possession of the Wittkowitz shares an economic foothold—and an important one—in Czechoslovakia.

The other 49 per cent. of the shares are held by Zivno, the big Czech

Hollywood's latest diet craze is carrot juice and spinach juice. This tells how to—

PREPARE YOUR CARROT DIET

Carrots are chopped up as fine as possible until they are almost mashed, then put in a muslin bag and the juice squeezed into a cup. Nothing is added.

Young carrots give the most juice, which is extremely sweet.

It is drunk as often as fancied in whatever quantity.

When the stars are on the 1 lb. a day reducing diet, they take nothing but vegetable and fruit juices. It is claimed that these are so sustaining that solid food is unnecessary. Vegetable broths are allowed as a change.

A LIVENER

On the keep-your-weight-as-it-is diet, carrot juice is taken as a morning livener and at any other time during the day. It is often served as a pre-lunch cocktail, is supposed to clean up the bloodstream and to be very effective for dealing with puffy eyes and too many chins.

In addition, Dr. Benjamin-Gaylord Hause, dietician to the stars, who started the carrot cure, prescribes an individual diet for each person's needs.

Wholemeal flour is used and either raw sugar or honey.

Potatoes must be baked. Meat is allowed once a day with all kinds of clear soups. The chief dishes in the diet are salads, vegetables and fruits—especially oranges.

Steamed puddings and creamy pastries become once-in-a-while treats, and drinks are allowed in strict moderation.



OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT.

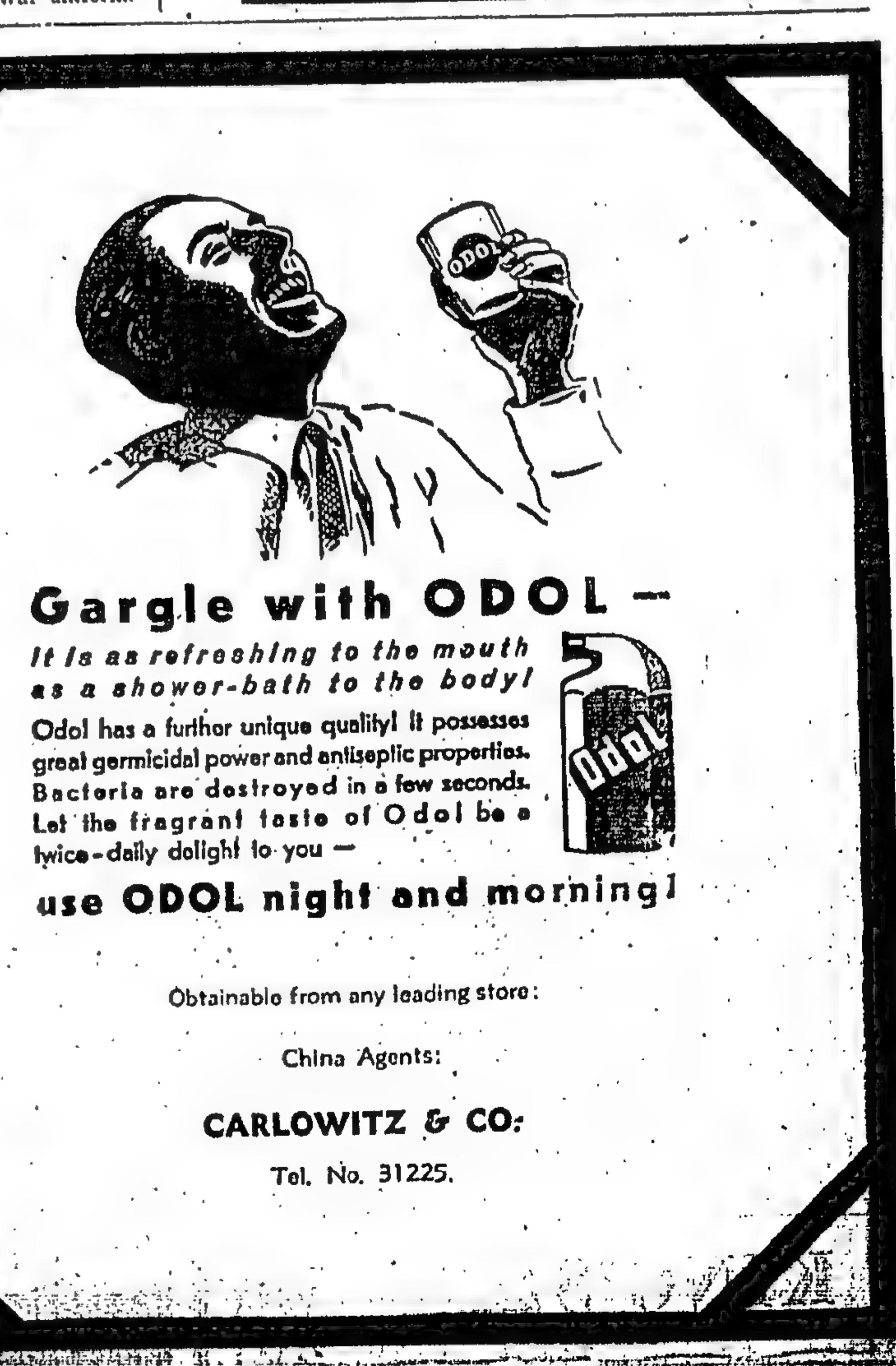
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Rata



Gargle with ODOL —

It is as refreshing to the mouth as a shower-bath to the body!

Odol has a further unique quality! It possesses great germicidal power and antiseptic properties.

Bacteria are destroyed in a few seconds.

Let the fragrant taste of Odol be a twice-daily delight to you —

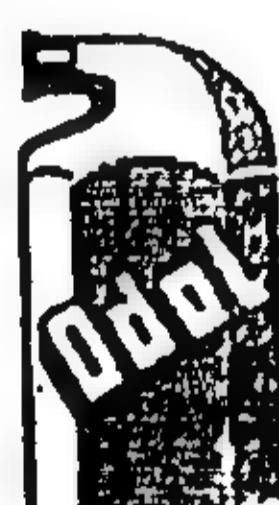
use ODOL night and morning!

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25 words \$2.00
for 3 days prepaid

WANTED KNOWN.

MR. SCHMIDT has returned from his holiday, which was spent in Europe, and will be glad to see his customers again at Andre's Beauty Parlour.

CHRISTMAS CARDS and original sketches by R. Poinset, depicting junks, Chinese life and scenery. Available for sale at The Little Shop, Gloucester Arcade. Book early.

SILVERFOXES and capes: further shipment from London has just been received, and now offered at \$120-up. Alaska Fur Co., Alexandra Building, 2nd floor. 11 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 3 to 6 p.m. (including Saturday).

ROOMS WANTED

WANTED.—By Service couple, room with partial board for two weeks with British or American private family. Write, Box No. 405, "Hongkong Telegraph."

MOTOR CARS.

WE BUY, sell and exchange cars from \$400, in good running condition. We also insure and repair. China Trading Company, G.P.O. Box 209. Tel. 23583.

PHOTO. CONTEST WINNERS

(Continued from Page 1.)

3rd Prize:—Mr. Wang Lau-sun, Lawson & Company, 39, Hankow Road.

SECTION 4 (Children's Section)

1st Prize:—"A Good Guess" . . . Kwan Chuen-ching, 7, Ground Floor, Yau Yung Hong, Canton.

2nd Prize:—Wong Chun-fai, 2, Lower Castle Road.

BEST ACTION PHOTO AWARD

Mr. Danny Yau, 57, Queen's Road Central, for entry entitled "Who's the Winner?"

COMMENDED

Section 1: Kung Ng Kuen, E. W. Fielding, Leung Hong, Che Luk Kun, Hung Man Lee, Mrs. Ely, Hess, Kan Che Leuk, Yau Hok Kan, Y. H. Hung. Section 2: N. Hildesley, Koo She

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES AND UNDERWRITERS

No. 8 "CHIENONCEAUX"
Voyage 22-Return/1938.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above mentioned steamer having grounded on the 4th of October, 1938, four miles off Hongkong, General Average has been declared on all cargo on board from Japan Ports and Shanghai.

Consignees of cargo for Hongkong are hereby requested to sign a General Average Bond supported by two copies of the original invoices, and pay a 4% Average Deposit on the c. i. f. value of the goods before the cargo can be delivered.

COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
R. OHL,
Agent.

Hongkong, October 11, 1938.

AMBULANCE WORK

The return of cases treated during September by the St. John Ambulance New Territories Medical Benevolent Branch show that the total dealt with was 12,773, of which 5,512 were new cases. One thousand, nine hundred and five people were seen by the doctors at the various clinics, while 205 visits were paid to homes. There was a total of 137 vaccinations. The clinics at Tsuen Wan and Kam Tin supplied quinine mixtures to 579 and 110 patients, respectively.

G. R.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS

of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 17th day of October, 1938, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Kowloon Tsai, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements N. S. E. W. feet feet feet feet	Contents in sq. feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 2657.	New Kowloon	As per sale plan.	About 12,000	\$138	\$6,000
	East of New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 2658.	Kowloon Tsai.				

G. R.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS

of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 17th day of October, 1938, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at To Kwa Wan, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements N. S. E. W. feet feet feet feet	Contents in sq. feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
2	Kowloon Inland Lot No. 448.	Upposite Kowloon Inland Lot No. 114 Len. No. E. To Kwa Wan.	As per sale plan.	About 65,130	\$1,186	\$48,000
		To Kwa Wan.				

Japanese Enter Strategic City

Railway Gateway Falls After Severe Fighting

DRIVING INLAND FROM HACHUNG AND PAKKONG, TWO BIAS BAY COAST TOWNS WHERE LANDINGS WERE EFFECTED ON WEDNESDAY, THE JAPANESE SOUTH CHINA EXPEDITIONARY FORCE ENTERED THE IMPORT-ANT CITY OF TAMSHUI THIS MORNING.

Tamshui, which is only twenty miles from the Chinese section of the Kowloon-Canton Railway, fell shortly before dawn, it is reported.

The city is about ten miles inland from Bias Bay, and is reached from Hachung through a fairly wide valley between two chains of mountains.

Tamshui is on the east bank of the Taikong River, which the Japanese must attempt to cross in their drive on the railway. It is about 18 miles from the British frontier.

It is reported that vigorous fighting proceeded throughout the night at Yimpatow, about three-quarters of a mile east of Tamshui.

Japanese artillery was brought into play for the first time since the invasion commenced, and a long-range bombardment was carried out by Japanese naval ships.

Tamshui was almost completely wrecked when the Japanese entered. For 72 hours it has been subjected to almost incessant bombings by squadrons of Japanese machines, which have made Tamshui and Walchow, another Japanese objective, their principal targets.

According to Chinese reports heavy losses were inflicted on the Japanese in the battle for possession of Tamshui and Yimpatow. Chinese reports state that the most vigorous fighting in the Bias Bay area is progressing in this sector, and claim that a large force of Japanese were completely surrounded near Yimpatow.

The Chinese now admit that Aotow, on the eastern side of Bias Bay, is in complete possession of the Japanese. The defenders were forced to evacuate the town, which has a population of about 6,000, owing to intensive Japanese naval bombardment.

Heavy Chinese reinforcements are being rushed to the Tamshui area by every conceivable form of locomotion, including afoot, from Walchow and Pingshan.

It is reported that the main Canton-Walchow highway, which links up with the Hongkong frontier, is completely choked by lorries and buses carrying Chinese troops to the war zone.

Over two hundred bombs were dropped on Pingshan yesterday, and the city is almost completely wrecked.

Military observers in Canton believe that the Japanese are attempting to drive from Tamshui to the railway at Pingwu, slightly north of the border town of Shunshun. Pingwu and Wangkong lie on this route.

CHINESE RETIRE NORTH

Canton, Oct. 14. After heavy fighting yesterday, the Chinese troops at Tamshui have taken up new positions north of the town, where they are redoubling their efforts to resist the invaders.

Heavy casualties are said to have been inflicted upon the Japanese advancing on Tamshui at 11 a.m. yesterday when they were waylaid by Chinese troops at Putien, lying between Tamshui and Aotow. However, Japanese reinforcements were immediately rushed up and the battle raged with increasing severity.

Fighting continued till 2 p.m. when under the severe bombing of a large squadron of Japanese planes the Chinese troops withdrew to the north of Tamshui to avoid unnecessary losses.

It is understood that the Japanese column at Tamshui aims at cutting the Canton-Kowloon Railway between Shunshun and Pingwu.

Another Japanese column in the Pingshan-Nimshan sector is driving toward Walchow, from where it hopes to advance to Chingmingkuai and cut the railway line there. This column is understood to be still meeting stiff Chinese resistance around Pingshan and Nimshan.

The Japanese are said to be continuing their efforts to land on the Swatow-Chao-ying coast. An attempt to land at Nankang in Teng-hai by about 200 Japanese in more than 100 motor boats was frustrated by the Chinese yesterday. Over 100 shells were fired by Japanese warships of the coast to cover the attempted landing.

Japanese planes twice flew over Swatow yesterday, but did not drop any bombs. Despite the tension, the populace there remains calm.

More than ten Japanese warships have been sighted off the Swatow coast. A Japanese aircraft-carrier is said to be anchored near Nampo Island.—Central News.

PALESTINE DISORDERS SPREADING

(Continued from Page 1.)

siderable garrison such as Jaffa, Tel Aviv, Haifa and Jerusalem. Life has become insecure in most of the smaller towns, as recent events in the town of Tiberias have clearly demonstrated.

The Arab insurgents have already obtained control over the entire northern part of Palestine including Hebron, while the so-called terror triangle near Nablus and Tulkarm has, despite the draconic measures adopted by the British Government, become a place of permanent disorders.

It is now admitted that repressive measures were taken without the precaution of having sufficient troops to insure their enforcement.

Great importance here is attached to an ultimatum sent by the Arab Committee of Defence to Dr. Weissmann, Zionit leader. The Jewish press calls this ultimatum a challenge to the British Empire whereas the Arab news papers regard it as a proof of power wielded by the Arab irregulars.

The news has just reached here from Jerusalem of a severe clash between British troops and Arabs which occurred yesterday evening on the road from Jerusalem to Hebron.

Three soldiers were wounded. One aeroplane, included in the military reinforcements rushed to the scene, is reported to have been shot down although the two occupants escaped unhurt. A number of Arabs were killed and wounded.—Trans-Ocean.

DISORDERS SPREAD

Jerusalem, Oct. 13. Following assassinations and sporadic fighting, disorders have spread in the Holy Land, and one Arab in Jerusalem was shot to-day. Four Jews were injured when a truck was bombed at Haifa.

Guards at the Gaza airport, returning snipers' fire, killed one sniper, while a British Lieutenant was wounded at Haifa.

An exploding hand-mine on the Lydda-Halifa railway wounded one Briton.—United Press.

WONT' BECOME MINORITY

Geneva, Oct. 13. The Jewish agency in Geneva has declared that it cannot agree to any proposal to make Jews into the status of a minority in an Arab State in Palestine.

The Agency thanked the British Government for its efforts to put down terrorism in Palestine, and asked the British Government to seek an equitable settlement which would safeguard the rights of Jews as well as Arabs.

A London message says that the High Commissioner for Palestine left Southampton to-day by air on his return to Jerusalem.—Reuter Bulletin.

ANGLO-ITALIAN PARLEYS RESUMED IN ROME

(Continued from Page 1.)

FRESH INSTRUCTIONS

Rome, Oct. 13. Acting on fresh instructions from London, Lord Perth again visited Count Ciano this evening to discuss Anglo-Italian affairs. It is understood that the object of the conversation was to remove the particular obstacle holding up progress towards the ratification of the Anglo-Italian agreement.

The talks are proceeding favourably.

Reports regarding a possible four-power meeting in a yacht off the Italian coast are discounted in British circles here.—Reuter.

LEGIONNAIRES IN CADIZ

Gibraltar, Oct. 13. Several hundred Italian legionnaires of the Black Arrow Division, including officers, arrived at Cadiz from various eastern ports to-day, chiefly from the Ebro and Salamanca sectors, according to reports from Cadiz.

On the way to the coast the troops stopped at Seville where they were enthusiastically greeted by thousands of people.

The troops embarked at Cadiz in four Italian steamers, while thousands of people, including heads of representative bodies of Nationalist Spain, assembled on the quayade to bid farewell to the legionnaires.—Reuter.

BARCELONA RAIDED

Barcelona, Oct. 13. Insurgents carried out an air raid over the port zone of Barcelona to-day, damaged the British steamer, Stancroft.—United Press.

Big Decrease In Germany's Unemployed

Berlin, Oct. 13. The number of Germany's unemployed excluding Austria fell to the unprecedentedly low figure of 158,000 in September, while the number of employed increased to 20,850,000, showing an increase of 1,200,000 over last year.

It is stated that many Sudeten refugees were given work. In the metal industries the great demand for labour necessitated the employment of persons never before employed as ordinary workmen.

The number of women employed in September increased 25,000 most in the textile and foodstuff industries.

The number of unemployed in Austria in September fell below 100,000 for the first time, which is one-sixth the number of unemployed at the time of the anschluss.—Reuter Special.

SUNDAY At The QUEEN'S

Laughter and Heartache!
Tenderness and Tears!

The book that swept the world
is on the screen . . . by the
producer of "Little Women".

MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS

with ANNE SHIRLEY
RUBY KEELER • JAMES
ELLISON • FAY RAINTER
WALTER BRENNAN
Frank Albertson • Alma
Kroger • Virginia Weidler

RE-RELEASE PICTURE

ADDED ATTRACTIONS

SPECIAL RKO-PATHE CHINA WAR NEWS

SEE . . . the bombing of Hankow and Canton . . . the training of China's vast manpower . . . scenes

HONGKONG'S HOUSING PROBLEMS: EFFORT TO SUGGEST SOLUTION

(Continued from Page 7.)

necessary to civilization and these are supplied, largely, by the "new" industries. To meet the demand, the factory system has now made its appearance in Hongkong, but at present the majority of such concerns are small. The more obvious factory sites have already been taken up by the major industries, and the newer concerns must adapt in areas already used for housing and the household. It is questionable whether the establishment of a new factory in a built-up area will provide work for the unemployed in that area or attract additional population. Where there is no room for the existing population to spread out, the replacement of existing houses by factories is bound to increase overcrowding.

16. Unfortunately these new industrial concerns are too small to build factories away from the populated areas. They cannot afford to lay-out capital to provide housing for their workpeople, and, even if they could, where can they go? Before they can build they must not only find cheap building land, with room for expansion and for housing, but adequate communications and public services such as water, light and power, drainage, and sewage disposal. If the new industries are not to be permitted to add to existing overcrowding, it is essential that they should be encouraged to establish themselves elsewhere, and the necessary provision be made for them. The cost of providing for them may be prohibitive for one small firm but, for a group of firms, this is not so, and must not be a objection against the immediate establishment which may appear negligible, but against the ultimate objective, which, on achievement, may make the initial outlay itself appear negligible. Once the nucleus of a new community is established it will attract further population, but such as bear the "new industry" character of local industries will be favourable to decentralization. There will be no big works to move and no expensive machinery to be transferred. All they want is a market for their wares, and, if established, the obvious policy is to encourage the erection of factories in less densely developed areas and not to wait until they have established themselves in Victoria and Kowloon, whence their removal will be both difficult and expensive.

17. The type of house in Hongkong occupied by the poor has been briefly mentioned. It is however necessary to consider it in detail, to find out its defects and their bearing on the housing question generally. Does it provide accommodation suited to the needs and circumstances of those for whom it is built? Is it built in the best way? Is it effective? Is it too costly or merely badly planned or both? What are the needs and circumstances of the majority of the population? An answer to the last question is a necessary preliminary to the consideration of the others.

18. Throughout the world it has always been recognised, and still is, that the family is the social unit. In some countries, particularly China, families are so strong that the term "family" includes all blood relations. The "family" is almost synonymous with "the clan". For practical purposes however, the clan is too loose a term, and too variable a quantity, to be of much use, and the term "family" is

applied only to parents and their direct offspring. As soon as one of the children marries a new family is created. To provide houses suitable for family life it is necessary to know the normal size of families. Official population statistics, however, no figures are available.

In England, statistics show that about 76% of families consist of between two and five people. Families exceeding six are less than 10% of the total. The general impression amongst Europeans is that the birth rate is large. Although the birth rate is undoubtedly high, the infant death rate is also high and, in consequence, the actual number of living children is probably very little greater per family than in England. Allowing for the fact that, throughout the world, the poor are likely to have larger families than the wealthier classes, it does not seem unreasonable to presume that the average Chinese family is five or six. (See also Paragraph 42.)

19. The next point for consideration is the normal earnings of the Chinese family and how much of those earnings can be allocated for rent. In Appendix III are given the normal rates of wages for different classes of workers. The wages for skilled workers vary between \$30 and \$70 per month and, for unskilled workers, between \$15 and \$24 per month. Family factory workers earn from \$8 to \$24 per month. Among the poorer classes both husband and wife usually work, and their combined earnings would, if on full time employment, range from \$31 to \$94 per month. As most of the poorer classes are casual labourers, it is probable that, amongst them, normally employed, not more than twenty days work per month could be called as an average. Proportionately thereto combined earnings would drop to between \$14 and \$31 per month. When both husband and wife are unskilled casual labourers, as they generally are, a normal wage level of between \$14 and \$30 per month is the most which can be expected.

MAXIMUM RENTS

20. What are the maximum rents which can be expected from such a concern? It is a generally accepted principle that rents should not exceed one-fifth of family income. In exceptional cases, where cost of transport, food, etc., is cheap, a rent equal to one quarter of family earnings might be permissible. For the poorer working classes of Hongkong therefore rents between \$3 and \$6 per month and at worst should not exceed \$4 to \$7.50 per month. On average the maximum rent should not exceed \$5 per month. There are, however, two other factors to be taken into consideration; namely, the number of mouths to be fed, and of family income. The cost of feeding a family of four, if sufficient money is available, the poorer Chinese normally spend \$5 or \$6 per month on food. It can be safely assumed therefore that food of satisfactory quality and quantity cannot be obtained at less than \$4 per head per month. (The Society for the Protection of the Poor, normally limit its activities to those cases where family income is less than \$4 per head per month.)

21. Throughout the world it has

been stated that economic pressure will often be earning say, sufficient to provide themselves with food. It might also be taken as a working basis that, when family income is less than \$4 per month, rent of any sort is beyond their means.

22. For the purpose of housing it seems advisable to classify the population under three heads.

Class A.—Those who can remunerate private enterprise for housing accommodation.

Class B.—Those who can only afford to pay sufficient rent to provide a rate of interest insufficient to attract private enterprise.

Class C.—Those who can only be housed at a loss.

23. No figures are available from which the numbers in each class could be estimated with any degree of accuracy.

24. Criticism of existing accommodation can now be based on certain known facts or reasonable assumptions. They are:

(a) The regard for family size amongst the Chinese is exceedingly strong, and housing, to be satisfactory, must cater for family life.

(b) The normal size of family can be assumed to be between five and six per family.

(c) The normal Chinese earnings are fairly steady, rent between \$4 and \$7.50 per month per family might normally be expected, but there are large numbers who cannot afford even these low rents and for whom housing can only be provided at a loss.

25. Flats are attached which show the three main types of Chinese tenement houses which are to be found in Hongkong.

26. Economic pressure, unfortunately, necessitates from two to six families sharing a floor, as a rule, and as present standards in Hongkong permit between ten and twelve persons to occupy such a floor, the normal manner of use cannot be considered satisfactory.

The narrow and deep type of room renders privacy possible only at the expense of free circulation of light and air. The room can only be divided by means of curtains; the walls are thin and the ceiling is often open to the ceiling, as all light and air would be cut off from inner compartments. They are therefore merely fixed screens and the whole floor is virtually one room. In a place like Hongkong, where infectious diseases and epidemics are ever present, the spread of diseases is facilitated by such an arrangement.

Whilst the arrangement permits of through ventilation it is only in very hot weather that windows are kept open, and then only at the wish of the occupants of the outer compartments.

27. In this type of room, the use of

28. In Paragraph 25 it has been stated that economic pressure has led to two to six families occupying one floor. Paragraph 26 has also stated that for a very large number of families the amount of rent which could normally be expected varied from nothing to \$7.50 per month. Reference to the valuation tables in Appendix IV (Table 2) shows that, under private ownership, and with demand for flats in the standard tenement, the rents for flats in the standard tenement must vary between \$18 and \$28 per month at 6% net interest, which is the normal return expected by private enterprise. Even at 6% net interest rents must be between \$15 and \$25 per month.

29. In Paragraph 25 it has been stated that economic pressure, the amount of obstacles in the way of enforcement of the law against overcrowding, is now so great that it is essential that the lowest possible rent is essential that this class should be discouraged from deriving advantage from it, at the expense of the poor, for whom such housing may be provided.

30. To many the slum dwellers appear to be a pitiful crowd for whom the provision of better standards would be a waste of money. It must be remembered however that the vast majority are the victims of economic conditions.

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at Repulse Bay Hotel

Under leadership of Geo. Pio-Ulski

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1 p.m. — 2.30 p.m.

PROGRAMME

1. Sempremde. Overture	Rossini.
2. La Corrida	Valverde.
3. Goldsmith's Daughter. Waltz	Fetras.
4. La Traviata. Selection	Verdi.
5. Ballet Erysipelas	Lugini.
6. Maxurka	Glinka.
7. Neapolitan Nights	Zamecnik.

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**The
Hongkong Telegraph.**

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1938.

MEETING THE COST

The first Hongkong Budget under the gubernatorial administration of Sir Geoffrey Northcote would appear, on first impressions, to present a somewhat gloomy preview of the future. Expenditure in 1939 is expected to soar by over six million dollars since December last year to an all-time record of \$88,502,760, leaving at the end of the year a deficit, if certain commendable proposals by His Excellency are carried out, of approximately \$2,800,000 to be met from the Colony's surplus balance. The Financial Secretary, whose clear exposition of the financial position of the Colony is refreshing after previous uninformative statements laid before Hon. Councillors, foresees a \$40,000,000 annual Budget in the not distant future.

In one respect, the cultivation in Hongkong of what can be called, "Dollar Sense," for want of a better expression, is somewhat unfortunate. Reduced to pounds, shillings and pence, a \$40,000,000 Budget such as the Hon. Mr. S. Caine envisages means that the Colony will be called upon to expend approximately £2,500,000 per annum, or, on the basis of the present population, something like £2 per capita.

Under the circumstances pessimism seems somewhat unjustified. Many cities throughout the world with far less population or responsibilities than Hongkong are budgeting for expenditures that exceed those of this Colony two, three, even fivefold. It should be borne in mind that approximately seventeen per cent. of Hongkong's total revenue is remitted to the Imperial Government as this Colony's contribution to Imperial Defence. Additionally, Hongkong must also find not inconsiderable sums annually for Air Raid Precautions—the million dollars mentioned in yesterday's statement in Council is, it is believed, far below the minimum monetary requirement laid down by the Colony's advisers on A.R.P.—and for maintenance of its own defence forces—the Volunteer Corps and Naval Volunteer Reserves. However much we may protest at what seems an excessive taxation by the Imperial Government on our re-

THIS IS THE CANTONAL SYSTEM

From one end of the world to the other the words "Cantonal System" have been on everybody's lips. The adoption of this system in Czechoslovakia many people think could solve the problems of that unhappy country.

Here BETSY MACKENZIE, News Chronicle Geneva Correspondent, tells you what the Cantonal System is, how and why it works.

that harmony can reign among

The five exceptions are the
Cantons of Glarus, Inner and
Outer Appenzell, Upper and
Lower Unterwalden, which still

maintain the ancient form of
government known as "pure
democracy" and called the
"Landsgemeinde." This consists
of the people meeting at least
once a year on a Sunday in
spring, who enact their own
laws, elect their officers and
carry on their own government.



The secret of Swiss national
unity undoubtedly lies in the
cantonal system. There are 22
Cantons, six of them known as
"half cantons," which were split
owing to internal dissensions, so
that in practice there are 25
Cantons.

Modelled on the United States
constitution in 1848 the Swiss
legislature was brought up to
date in 1874; the Cantons are in
the same relation to Bern as the
American States are to Washington.

Each Canton is sovereign in
all that does not infringe on
Federal authority. It is responsi-
ble for its roads, canals, agri-
culture, welfare of the people,
and imposes taxes on income
and property. It has its own
law courts, although a unified
penal code was adopted last May

by a national referendum, which,
however, has not yet been en-
acted.

Except for five Cantons, the
legislative body is known as the
"Grand Council," an excellent
training school for would-be
politicians, which sits for three
or four years, draws up its own
laws and acts as advisory body
to the Central Government. Its
members draw no salaries, are
elected by the people of the Canton,
and elect a president who is a
member of the Federal Assembly
at Berne.

In the hands of the Federal
Administration, with head-
quarters in Berne, lies the power
to make war or peace, to dictate
all foreign policy, carry out in-
ternational obligations as a
member of the League, impose
tariffs and regulate postal, tele-
graph, telephone and railway
services.

The Federal Government is
composed as follows:

**The Federal Council
(Cabinet)**

- (a) Is the executive body.
- (b) Consists of seven mem-
bers of different political
parties, elected by the
Federal Assembly.
- (c) Each member sits for
three years, but is re-
cognised in practice to
hold office as long as he
wishes.
- (d) The Chairman is the Pre-
sident of the Confederation.

There is no Senate in the
Federal Government and in
sharp contrast to the United
States it has two institutions
which distinguish the Govern-
ment of Switzerland, namely,
the "Initiative" and the "Re-
ferendum." This is a machinery
which allows the people to ex-
press their own choice at the
polls. The whole Swiss elec-
torate is estimated at 28 per
cent. of the population, as only

Is the legislative body. It
consists of two parts: 44 depu-
ties chosen by the Cantons, two
from each Council of State, and
the people meeting at least
once a year on a Sunday in
people one to every 20,000 voters
in the Canton, who enact their own
laws, elect their officers and
carry on their own government.

The Federal Court
Is composed of 24 members
elected every six years by the
Federal Assembly and adminis-
ters justice in Federal matters.
If disputes arise between the
Cantons they are settled by the
Court.



GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichy



"Confidentially, these big figures don't mean a thing—you just get better service this way!"

men over 20 have the suffrage
and women are excluded.

By means of the "Initiative"
50,000 voters can introduce a
Bill which must come before
Parliament by means of a re-
ferendum. Every Bill must be
submitted to the people, so it is
no wonder that Swiss voters
generally go to the polls every
Sunday.

Notable referenda which were
accepted by the voters in 1937
and 1938 were the adoption of
Romance as a fourth officially
recognised language; the ban on
Communism as a party; and the
new penal code, in spite of stern
opposition from 10 Cantons. An
"Initiative" to ban freemasonry
in Switzerland was rejected by a
large majority.

Once a country torn with
internal strife due to its wild
mountain tribesmen, Switzerland
is to-day a pattern of clock-
work government. Never since
1874 has the country been so
united. Hitler's seizure of
Austria has done much, and in
no other country in the world
has such a determination arisen
to keep united. This is shown
by the enormous expenses to be
borne and sanctioned by the
people to rearm.

HONGKONG'S HOUSING PROBLEMS: EFFORT TO SUGGEST SOLUTION

Remarkable Document By Public Works Dept. Official

ECONOMICS OF COOLIE CHINESE A BIG FACTOR

IN A MEMORANDUM, remarkable for its comprehensiveness, and brilliant in its analytical description, Mr. W. H. Owen, B.Sc., A.R.I.B.A., A.M.T.P.I., of the Public Works Department, endeavours to tackle the housing and slum problems of Hongkong. The memorandum, which is incorporated in the Housing Commission's report published yesterday, makes bold, not only to show why Hongkong has such acute housing and over-crowding problems, but to indicate the lines along which to solve them.

Mr. Owen insists that it is useless to consider housing and slum problems, without taking into full cognisance the economics attached thereto. Legislation, he says, which ignores economics is useless. He therefore pays considerable attention, not only to economics of Hongkong's housing problems, but to the financial considerations involved, while in an appendix he offers plans of what he regards as the most desirable type of tenement house to be built for the lower-class Chinese, whose incomes are too low to permit them to rent normal accommodation.

The memorandum is too long to produce in its entirety in one issue, but because it is a document of considerable interest and value, the Telegraph is reproducing it in serial form during the next two or three days. The first section which is published to-day deals with the history of housing and slum problems, as well as the sociological and economic aspects *upropos* Hongkong.

The first part of the memorandum is as follows:

1. The provision of housing for the working classes is a world wide problem to which, as yet, no completely satisfactory solution has been found. The problem is initially one of economics, arising from the fact that the majority of the working classes cannot, out of their earnings, pay a rent which will cover running costs and provide interest on the capital outlay required, whether the capital be provided by private enterprise or by the State. For private enterprise house building is a method of putting capital to use for private gain. For the State, it is a matter of social duty and the profit motive must be eliminated. Until recent years the State has hesitated to compete with private enterprise, but the steadily improving standards required for working class houses have cut down profits to such an extent that, for the most part, the building of working class houses is no longer attractive to the private investor, and the State has been forced to enter the field.

2. The housing problem is an old one, but it is only in comparatively recent times that any concerted and sustained attempt has been made to solve it. The present movement began in Europe with the rise of industrialism at the beginning of the 19th Century. The rapid influx of people from the country to the towns found municipal high cost of building after the war

necessitated action being taken by the State. The economic effects of pre-war legislation, especially housing, public health and communications had led to the working class house becoming almost standardized in plan. The building lot was deep and narrow fronted, similar to the normal Chinese tenement in Hongkong. The high cost of building after the war necessitated the strictest economy and, on examination, it was found that the pre-war type of house was uneconomical in plan. It was found that the nearer the plan approached to a square the cheaper the cost of the building covering the same area of land and, in order to get the access of light and air in all parts, in spite of the almost attempts at economy, costs could not be reduced sufficiently to enable the working classes to pay an economic rent. The responsibility for providing working class houses was thrust on to the local authorities but little was done until the Government agreed that whatever the loss, no part of it exceeding a rate of one penny in the pound should fall upon the local authority. The supply of houses resulting from this was, numerically, a great success but the cost of the State was enormous. In consequence, methods were changed and a grant was offered on a fixed subsidy per house of specified size built by private enterprise, to let or to sell, and a subsidy to local authorities for houses built to let. This method resulted in 400,000 houses being built in six years, but the majority were not able to let. The poorer working classes remained unprovided for. Other difficulties in the way of providing houses were shortage of labour and the high cost of materials. Costs reached their peak in 1929 but by 1930 had fallen to the level of 1922. When rents were still beyond the capacity of the poorer classes, the slum problem had not been touched. Between the end of the war and 1931 over 1,500,000 houses were built, of which about 1,000,000 were for sale and the remainder, owing to high rents, in the hands of the superior classes, most of whom could afford an economic rent. A Parliamentary Committee in 1931 stated that "the only solution appeared to be the building of large numbers of working class houses at low rents." Without financial assistance from the State, that was impossible.

SUBSIDY PROBLEMS

5. The erection of large numbers of low-rented houses brings in its train numerous subsidiary problems. The first is that the rent must be within the means of the prospective tenant. When income is limited, a rise in rents means less money for food and necessitates moving where tenants have been removed from slum areas and the death rate among them has increased through malnutrition. Many new housing estates, ideally built and from the point of view of health, ideally situated, have failed to attract the working classes for whom they were intended. They were situated, not far from means of livelihood, that the workers could not afford either the time for travelling or the increased transport costs. In some cases the lack of schools, churches, shops, and such like have kept prospective tenants away. The slum dwellers, a socially primitive and almost complete lack of privacy has forced upon them a degree of sociability entirely absent in the wealthier classes. In England the change from overcrowded and overbuilt slums to the comparative solitude of twelve houses per acre, with no social centre or common meeting ground, has occasionally proved too drastic, and tenants have drifted back to the more familiar neighbourhoods of the slums. The type of dwelling, in relation to the people to be housed, is a matter for serious consideration. In England the general tendency has been towards the "garden suburb" but, in rebuilding congested areas, economic pressure has

occasionally proved too drastic, and tenants have drifted back to the more familiar neighbourhoods of the slums.

THE ENGLISH PROBLEM

4. In England, prior to the war, the State had been content to supervise the provision of housing by private enterprise. The shortage of houses and the high cost of building after the war

had forced the State to take over the responsibility and almost complete lack of privacy has forced upon them a degree of sociability entirely absent in the wealthier classes. In England the change from overcrowded and overbuilt slums to the comparative solitude of twelve houses per acre, with no social centre or common meeting ground, has occasionally proved too drastic, and tenants have drifted back to the more familiar neighbourhoods of the slums.

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Two-Day Race Meeting

Great Success: Fast Runs Seen

Favourites Had Lean Time
On Second Day Of Carnival

(By "Captain Foster")

The Double Tenth Meeting under the auspices of the Hongkong Jockey Club held on Saturday and Monday at Happy Valley was without any doubt a huge success from every point of view.

The attendance on the first day was pretty good, but on Monday the crowd was much bigger and this could be easily gauged by the support received by the cash sweep department. In the last race, the lucky ticket No. 1024 which drew Mr. Li Leng-sang's Scenic View in the Kiangsi Handicap, received \$3,304 for an outlay of \$2.

The track was in excellent condition and although no new records were established there were a few fast runs, especially in the Kiangsi Handicap for "B" class China ponies. This event was won by Mrs. L. Dunbar's Red Feather, piloted by Peter Wei, from the 1½ mile post (about half a mile 170 yards) in 1.07½ and the scramble was faster by one three-fifths seconds than King's Warden's time for the Double Tenth Plate over the same distance.

Racing was of very high standard, but the two main events, the October Handicap and the Double Tenth Plate, were poor, for there were only three starters for each race. However, all other events were keenly contested with several good finishes and this spoke volumes for the handicapping.

Centre Court Starts The Ball Rolling

The favourites had a lean afternoon on Monday, the crash commencing like a procession from the second event and Centre Court, with S. W. Tang in the saddle, started the ball rolling with a dividend of \$205.20 for a win in the Canberra Handicap over the champion course for "A" class Australian ponies. This was followed by an explosion in the fifth race when National Guard, cleverly ridden by Young Wing-kwai, captured the novice event, the Fokien Plate, over a mile and paid \$530 to the delight of 23 staunch supporters. The jockey not only broke his "duck" but the pay-out was the biggest of this season, the best last being by Oak Bay who handed out \$431.30 for a win in the June Handicap. Young's success caused another sensation, for National Guard was the first leg of the daily double and there were six backers who could not connect the second leg. One of these six "unfortunate" selected Coronation Day while another picked Plain View. There were two tickets on Salvage Master, who was beaten by Gold Coin and one each on Valorous (third pony) and Whistler. The most interesting feature of the gamble was that Gold Coin was made a hot favourite in the part-mutuel department, but none of these six backers would place any confidence in the mare even with a crack jockey like Encarnacao. The pool of \$3,704 will be carried over to the next meeting on October 22 and it is interesting to relate that this will be the third since the inception in 1933. The last pool carried over was on November 2, 1935 when punters failed to connect Night Star with Beginner's Luck.

V. V. Needa Best Jockey Of Meeting

Append below a complete list of the successful riders:

	1st	2nd	3rd
V. V. Needa	3	3	4
P. Y. Wei	3	2	1
C. Encarnacao	2	1	1
A. W. Raymond	2	1	1
H. C. Phu	2	2	1
S. W. Tang	1	2	1
H. J. Hearn	1	1	1
B. Proulx	1	—	1
Young Wing-kwai	1	—	1
P. L. Jul	—	2	1
B. L. Tao	—	2	1
L. Wade	—	1	1
L. W. Cotham	—	1	1
W. Poy	—	1	1
P. P. Belalho	—	1	1
H. P. Chanson	—	1	1
S. W. Lee	—	1	1
C. L. Gregory	—	1	1

The champion jockey of the meeting was V. V. Needa who has a ratio of 3-3-4, followed by Peter Wei who rode three winners with two seconds and a third. It will be seen that Needa was placed ten times out of a total of 18 events and those who had backed his mounts must have been on the right side. C. Encarnacao figures third in the list, while Allan Raymond is closely behind, losing the position by only a third.

OCTOBER HANDICAP A TAME AFFAIR

The October Handicap, which promised to be a great event, turned out a tame affair and Mr. Moller's Silky-light had an easy canter to win by four good lengths. Owing to the low impostion allotted to King's Warden and the pony being ridden by the Dynasty's candidate had some support in the betting but the grey stallion could not put a fight. It was indeed a great pity that Desert Chief could not weight out according to a stiff standard and the other nomination, Cameronside, belonging to Mr. Eu Tong-sen was considered by the connections to be a sprinter. However, Bear Claw with S. W. Tang up, broke the tape first with Silky-light and King's Warden hanging on behind. At the football gate Needa took his mount forward and he maintained the lead until the 1½ mile beacon was reached when we saw the transformation scene. At this juncture Silky-light was given a stroke of the cane and the brown stallion responded so gamely that Proulx had no difficulty in overtaking King's Warden. In less than a second Proulx got on level terms with the leader and thereafter he had an arm-chair ride down the straight, by four lengths. In fact Proulx ended his mount in the last 100 yards from the touch line and the whole distance was covered in 2.30½ which was two-fifths of a second faster than the Nathan Handicap (first section) for "B" class China ponies.

FAITH IN ELIZABETH JUSTIFIED

Judging by her performance in the Nathan Handicap (second section) over a distance jaunt, the opinion formed by punters was that Elizabeth was more of a sprinter

RUGGERITES PREPARING FOR SEASON



The rugby section of the Hongkong F.C. held their last practice trial at Happy Valley on Wednesday in preparation for the forthcoming season. Here is one of the line-outs.—Staff Photographer.

Stake Money Very Evenly Distributed

It is gratifying to note that the stake money has been well distributed, no owner scoring a double, and it will be of interest to know that 30 stables have come in for the spoils. The most successful owner was Mr. Li Po-chun who has a win, three seconds and a third and the total value of the stakes amounts to \$1,450. Then comes the Dynasty and the owner of this stable is going to receive \$1,200 collected by King's Warden and King's Lead. Mr. L. Dunbar has a win coupled with a second and a third, but the sum of the stake-money comes to \$975. It will be observed that only two owners have collected over \$1,000 and the rest are under this figure. Herewith I enumerate a list of the successful stables:

	1st	2nd	3rd	Stakes
Li Po-chun	1	3	1	\$1,450
Dynasty	1	1	1	1,200
L. Dunbar	—	—	1	975
Eu Tong-sen	—	1	1	975
Mrs. Dunbar	—	—	2	925
Lon	—	—	2	825
Marber	—	—	1	750
Cire	—	—	1	750
G. Treverton	—	—	1	500
V. M. Grayburn	—	—	1	500
T. K. L.	—	—	1	500
John Peil	—	—	1	500
W. T. Stanton	—	—	1	450
Fish	—	—	1	450
Young Bros.	—	—	1	450
L. T. F.	—	—	1	400
P. P. B.	—	—	1	375
Anherry	—	—	1	300
Li Po-chun & Son	—	—	1	300
J. E. D.	—	—	1	300
Commodity	—	—	1	275
Kong Bros.	—	—	2	250
Hilverside	—	—	1	225
Dr. S. N. Chau	—	—	1	225
M. H. T.	—	—	1	225
Oliver	—	—	1	225
Wong Sin-nga	—	—	1	200
Ellandore	—	—	1	200
Mrs. J. H. Taggart	—	—	1	200
Why	—	—	1	150

NATIONAL GUARD SURPRISES BIG FIELD OF CRACKS

After a sequence of four unplaced outings National Guard, with Young Wing-kwai up, presented his credentials to the two judges and the pony came home first in the Fokien Plate for "E" class China ponies and sub-gradings of this season. It was an amazing feat, for there were several good 'uns in the field such as Dark Hazard, Double Chance, Easy Time, Wenning and Yun Sing and, being a novice event, some allowance must be given. Dark Hazard unseated his pilot after passing the judge's box for the first time, but luckily nothing happened to the jockey, Chiu who was riding in the rear. The novices were out to kill each other and a fast race was seen. Timing was not necessary and the first half of the circuit was run in 1.05, the last half being covered in 1.07½. The result was that the ponies were crawling down the straight, the last quarter being chinked in 33½ seconds. However National Guard paid \$530 for a win, the best of this season. There were only six backers on the pony for the first leg of the daily double.

Favourite Not Backed In The Daily Double!

It was not very edifying reading to those six punters where they found in the gambling sheet issued by the Club showing that Gold Coin had not been backed in the second selected race, the Human Handicap for "D" class China ponies, and the pool of \$3,704 was to be carried over to the next meeting. It was impossible to understand, for Gold Coin was made a hot favourite in the part-mutuel and she was neglected in the second leg of the daily double.

SPECIAL SWEEP

The main attraction to the Ninth Extra Race Meeting to be held on October 22 will be the Kwangtung Handicap for "D" class China ponies over a mile in which a special dollar cash sweep is being conducted by the Hongkong Jockey Club. The sale of this special lottery has exceeded 100,000 tickets and it is expected to reach the 200,000 mark early. Should the sale reach this figure, the first prize is guaranteed over \$100,000.

FAITH IN ELIZABETH JUSTIFIED

Judging by her performance in the Nathan Handicap (second section) over a distance jaunt, the opinion formed by punters was that Elizabeth was more of a sprinter

SHANGHAI INTERPORTERS

ARRIVE IN COLONY: BOWLERS, GOLFERS

Two Interport teams from Shanghai arrived in the Colony this morning. The lawn bowlers came by the Tsinan and the golfers by the Rajputana.

The lawn bowlers who reached Hongkong to-day were H. Wallace, captain and manager of the team, J. M. C. Lopes, W. J. MacDermott and K. L. Swartzell. The other two members of the team, J. W. Brierley and A. M. Gutierrez, have been here for a few days.

On their arrival, the Shanghai players were met by officials of the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association, including Mr. A. Hyde-Lay (President), Mr. C. B. Hosking (Hon. Secretary), and several members of the Hongkong team.

The official programme of the team commences to-morrow with a match against the Craignepower C.C., but it is more than likely that the visitors will be given a green for practice this afternoon.

Local officials are anxious to give the Shanghai players as much practice as possible before the First Interport, which will be played at Kowloon on Sunday. The programme is as follows:

THE PROGRAMME

The following is the programme drawn up for the visitors:

Saturday, Oct. 21—Shanghai v. Indian R. C.

Friday, Oct. 22—Shanghai v. Saturday, Oct. 23—Shanghai v. Kowloon B. G. C.

Monday, Oct. 24—Shanghai v. Hongkong F. C.

Tuesday, Oct. 25—Shanghai v. His Excellency the Governor's team.

Wednesday, Oct. 26—Shanghai v. Yacht Club and Kowloon Tong at Kowloon Tong.

Thursday, Oct. 27—Shanghai v. Taikoo and Hongkong Electric at Taikoo.

Friday, Oct. 28—Shanghai v. Association Rink.

The Interport dinner will be held as arranged on Saturday, October 27 after the final interport.

Herman Is To Leave Hampshire

London, Sept. 30.

Herman, the Hampshire fast bowler, has signed a contract to play for Rochdale, the Central Lancashire League club, for the next two seasons. Herman, who has played for Hampshire since 1929, qualified from Oxford. He has taken 618 wickets for Hampshire, his best season being 1937, when he took 142 wickets and scored 810 runs. Last season he did the hat-trick against Glamorgan and took more than 100 wickets for the third year in succession. Earlier this week it was announced that Arnold, the Fulham footballer, was leaving Hampshire.

The Shanghai Interport golfers, G. D. Nicholl, K. M. Cummings, D. R. Glass and J. K. P. Hadland, arrived by the Rajputana and were joined by W. J. Hawkins and A. V. Pettitt, the other two members of the team. They were met by Col. E. D. Matthews, Secretary of Royal Hongkong Golf Club, who took them out to Fanling for a day's practice.

The Interport series commences to-morrow.

The following arrangements have been made:

Singles (six-a-side) will be played on the Old Course on Saturday start-

ing at 9.15 a.m. and on the New Course at 2 p.m.

Fourballs (three matches) will be played on the New Course on Sunday commencing at 9.15 a.m. and on the Old Course at 2 p.m.

Singles matches count one point, and fourballs two points. All matches are over 36 holes (18 on each Course) and no match will be played beyond the 36th hole.

Those selected to represent Hongkong in the series are O. E. C. Marlow, T. A. Pearce, A. E. Lissaman, F. Groves, S. J. H. Fox, D. J. Gilmore, P. H. Scoones and R. Young.

EDRICH OUT FIRST BALL IN FAMILY MATCH

London, Sept. 14.

A thousand villagers gasped in astonishment at Blofield (Norfolk) yesterday when William John Edrich, England Test cricketer, was out first ball.

They braved an incessant drizzle to see the hero of Norfolk cricket lead on to the pitch an eleven composed entirely of members of his family.

Blofield is the home of the Edriches, and this match was against an eleven skippered by Michael Falcon, Norfolk's captain.

CAUGHT FOR NOUGHT

Falcon's eleven had declared at 132 for 2 in order that the drenched spectators might see Edrich bat.

Henry cheers greeted him as he went out to the crease with his father.

William Junior faced the bowling of G.

Football Clubs' Prospects

No. 20—FIGHTING MEN OF POMPEY

Although Portsmouth made such a bad start that they only narrowly escaped relegation last season, they played football worthy of champions when they really began to make progress. Indeed, their record then—33 points from their last 27 games—was surpassed only by the Arsenal.

The team which fought so strenuously to keep the club in the First Division is available to start the new season, and it includes one of the strongest half-back lines in the League in Guthrie, Rowe and Wharton. Altogether 22 players have been re-engaged, and although there have been no sensational close-season captures, several promising youngsters have been signed, bringing the professional staff up to 29.

RESERVE STRENGTH

Portsmouth's brightest prospect, in fact, lies in the strength of their reserves. Last season the second team were runners-up in the London Combination, and among them are several young players who would do well in any First Division side. There are one or two positions which the directors would like to see strengthened, but with a limited purse the club will probably have to be content with a few more juniors, in the hope of building them into good players.

Anyhow, Manager Jack Tinn is quite alive to the position, but, as he points out, the club can hardly give the public better football than was produced in the second half of last season, and if the team continue to show the same form Portsmouth will soon be among the League leaders.

Among the newcomers are two young six-footers in Ernest Butler, an 18-year-old goalkeeper from Bath City, and A. Dale, a 19-year-old back

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Far East Motors,
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Tel. 59101.

Hong Kong Hotel Garage,
Stubbs Road,
Tel. 27778.

DEWAR TROPHY
Sunday Starting Times
For Kowloon G.C.
Tournament

Play for the Dewar Trophy of the Kowloon Golf Club will commence on Sunday, October 16. The following starting times have been arranged:

9.00 a.m.	T. B. Low v. S. A. Jex.	12 7
9.03 a.m.	M. A. Cairns v. E. F. Fincher.	12 0
9.10 a.m.	W. C. Simpson v. F. A. Hill.	12 0
9.15 a.m.	H. Lamb v. W. A. Stewart.	12 0
9.20 a.m.	A. E. Davies v. A. A. Lopes.	12 0
9.25 a.m.	A. J. Dennis v. J. Kerwin.	12 0
9.30 a.m.	T. Henderson v. E. O. Murphy.	12 0
9.35 a.m.	W. V. Ahern v. J. G. R. Humble.	12 0
9.40 a.m.	T. D. Paton v. A. N. Other.	12 0

THE PLAYING LIST
Name Birthplace Height Weight
Goalkeepers ft. in. st. lb.
Butler, E. (Bath) 5 1 1/2 13 0
Hill, J. (Grange Villa) 5 10 1/2 11 3
Walker, G. H. (Aysgarth) 5 10 1/2 11 7
Full-Backs
Dale, A. (Sheffield) 5 0 4 12 7
Dundie, A. (Worthing) 5 0 4 12 7
Morgan, L. (Woodend) 5 0 4 12 7
Rochford, W. (Fah. Winnin) 5 0 4 12 7
Rookes, P. (Dulverton) 5 0 4 12 7
Half-backs
Duffield, J. (Worthing) 5 1 1/2 13 0
Guthrie, J. (Lunearly) 5 1 1/2 13 0
Smith, A. (Mansfield) 5 10 1/2 12 0
Flewitt, R. (Portsmouth) 5 7 1/2 12 0
Flewitt, R. (Portsmouth) 5 11 1/2 12 0



Robert Montgomery and Rosalind Russell in "Love and Learn," one of the best comedies of the year, coming to the King's Theatre on Sunday.

HONGKONG
RACING
ENTRIES

The following entries have been chosen by the Hongkong Jockey Club for the Hongkong Griffin Cup and the handicap events of the Ninth Extra Race Meeting which will be held at Happy Valley on Saturday, October 22:

Wyndham Handicap—First or Second Section—For China Ponies, "B" Class. Griffins of this season, barred, Jockey allowance. One mile—Boat Bay, Commencement

Subcription ponies, "C" Class. Jockey allowance. From the 1 1/2 mile post (about half mile 170 yards).—A Great Time, A Lovely Time, Breddon, Brutus, Cape York, Colorado Star, Lianglong, Macquarie River, Murray River, Perfect Day, Strathcarrick, The Buffer, Twilight Star

Hongkong Griffin Cup—A handicap for China ponies, Griffins of this season that have started in at least three Extra Race Meetings of this Club. Winners of \$4,000 or more in stakes, barred, Jockey allowance. One and a quarter miles—Confusion Boy, Elizabeth, Expression Time, Jester and Moonlight View.

Connaught Handicap—First or Second Section—For China ponies, "C" Class. Jockey allowance. From the 1 1/2 mile post (about half mile 170 yards)—Amberley, Apilas, Gold Coin, Jungle Jim, Just In Time, King's Bounty, Kum Shan, Lancashire Boy, Laughing Buddha, Laughing Girl, Night View, Pinfarthing, Rose Evelyn, Rose Jane, Rose-Queen, Scenic View, Soldier of China, Sunlight View, Tampa Bay and Tyne.

Nullah Nullah Handicap—For Australian Subscription ponies, "B" Class. Jockey allowance. One and a quarter miles—A Better Time, Annabella, Aztec, Dick Turpin, Katinka, Ranger, Snowy River and Tornado Star.

Kwangtung Handicap—A forced entry for China ponies classified "D" Class, that have started at a Raco Meeting of this Club since July 1, 1938. Winners of less than \$500 in stakes since January 1, 1938, barred, Jockey allowance. One mile—Araxy, Borrachito, Cape Comorin, Charybdis, Coronation Day, Dekko, Dlogenes, Double Chance, Emergency Call, Estover, Fei Ying, Golden Cow, Gold Sovereign, Good Morning, Lancashire Chap, Lucky Eleven, Mac's Adventure, Meteor, Piet Heln, Salvage Master, Sea Dragon, Tempest, The Leopard, Tribune, Valorous and Whalsey.

Foxbrough II won the Middlepark Stakes to-day by one and a half lengths from Blue Peter. Rogerstone Castle was third three lengths behind.

Ten ran. The betting was 13-8 Foxbrough II, 10 Blue Peter, 11-4 Rogerstone Castle.—Reuter.

New York, Oct. 12.

At a Baseball Writers' luncheon to-day, MacPhail announced that Durocher would manage the Brooklyn Dodgers for the coming year. The amount of the salary, however, was not mentioned. Durocher said that he had selected Chuck Dressen and Nashville as coaches of the team.—United Press.

The Hongkong team left for Ipoh by train.

HOME RACING

London, Oct. 13.

Foxbrough II won the Middlepark Stakes to-day by one and a half lengths from Blue Peter. Rogerstone Castle was third three lengths behind.

Ten ran. The betting was 13-8

Foxbrough II, 10 Blue Peter, 11-4 Rogerstone Castle.—Reuter.

Hall's Wine gives energy to your whole body as soon as you take it. Because it contains the valuable tonic properties found in no other wine, it builds up your strength quickly. See for yourself—buy a bottle to-day and start a short course of

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Where Were They TWENTY YEARS AGO?

By George Edinger



MUSSOLINI

ANTHONY EDEN

PROF. EINSTEIN.

THE War was nearly over, but nobody seemed to think so. Mr. Bonar Law was saying that the Allies would certainly have lost if it ever became possible for a man or group of men to plunge the world into such a conflict again.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain had just stopped being Minister of National Service with his own department at St. Ermin's Hotel. Mr. Charles Chaplin had just started his own company in Hollywood because "Shoulder Arms" had been so successful.

Sir Thomas Horder had got his knighthood (it was in the New Year's Honours List) for his work at the Royal Cancer Hospital in Fulham and managers were wondering who would replace Leslie Henson, drafted to the Flying Corps to do clerical work.

IVOR NOVELLO had made his name as an actor in "The Yellow Jacket" and as a composer by writing a pantomime hit, "Keep the Home Fires Burning." He had a musical comedy running called "Arlette," but he could not do very much about that because he was in the War Office (after two aeroplane crashes) working under the keen eye of Winston Churchill's Military Secretary, a young Lifeguardsman called Sir Archibald Sinclair.

Corporal Hitler, of the 16th Bavarian (Reserve) Infantry Battalion, raved about traitors in a Berlin suburban hospital while recovering from the effects of mustard gas (but if it was mustard gas, why was he discharged after three weeks?). The men in his ward would not be taught how to win the war by "someone who had wangled a cushy job in the battalion orderly room."

A RECRUIT in the Artists' Rifles, Rifleman Coward, had just gone into hospital at Gidea Park, Romford, where the battalion was training, because he broke his head slipping on a soapy duck-board.

Benito Mussolini had come out of hospital at Milan and was writing angry newspaper articles, "his eyes popping out of his head" with emotion, over Caporetto.

Major Hore-Belisha was fitting round the Near East in the green-tasseled uniform of the Intelligence Service, and 2nd Cisco Franco youngest field

Lieutenant Beverley Nichols officer in the Spanish Army list, was driving about the Middle West as military representative on the British Universities Mission to America.

HE may or may not have met the dark, silent Scot called John Reith placing American contracts for British munitions (the payment is still an awkward question), but in one of the receptions given at Washington he must have seen the energetic chief of that department in the United States Navy Office which was in charge of the Fleet in European waters, most promising of all President Wilson's young men, Franklin Roosevelt.

Brigadier General Mustafa Kemal had returned sulkily to his command in Palestine after a violent quarrel with the German high command (he could not stand the Germans) about

Captain (acting Major actual bankman, where the lamp minor) Anthony Eden com-globes were painted black on manded at 20 a battalion of the river side to stop enemy Garbo was wondering how she almost the only undergraduate waiting for her in a soap factory up round the suburb, hitherto and in the counting house of a tenanted only by scouts, Angl Welsh mining company an office can fathers and recruits from boy named Gordon Richards the depot of the Oxford and was seriously considering whe- Bucks Light Infantry.

ther he might be better at Women conducted buses and trams along the Thames Embankment, where the lamp minor) Anthony Eden com-globes were painted black on manded at 20 a battalion of the river side to stop enemy Garbo was wondering how she almost the only undergraduate waiting for her in a soap factory up round the suburb, hitherto and in the counting house of a tenanted only by scouts, Angl Welsh mining company an office can fathers and recruits from boy named Gordon Richards the depot of the Oxford and was seriously considering whe- Bucks Light Infantry.

in a mournful waste at the All that was twenty years Second ago.

Lieutenant Raymond Massey of the Canadian Infantry asked himself if there really was much point in backing up Admiral Kolchak.

IN the tumbling ruins of to-day some men and women worked hopefully for tomorrow. Through the worst straits of War the Imperial German Government did not withdraw the grant that enabled Albert Einstein to pursue his theories of Relativity.

Sir J. Henry Wood, that year, decided that British music held sufficient future for him to turn down an offer to conduct the Boston Symphony Orchestra. Ronald Colman, just invalided out of the Service, was back touring in a play called "The Bubble," and Gracie Fields, at Long Eaton, sang "Shoik of Alabama" in a revue called "Mr. Tower of London," which was not, they said, a patch on the Byng Boys.

And to tell to-morrow what it was all like, John Masefield was recording his impressions of Gallipoli and Augustus John, with grey hair tumbling incongruously over the collar of his major's uniform, went round the Western front to paint its horrors and its humours.

MR. WILLIAM MORRIS, busy turning out munitions in his Cowley workshop, had not forgotten the possibilities of a cheap car when the war should be over. Already

in a new city, livelier than the empty Oxford over the river, where Aldous Huxley had been

up round the suburb, hitherto

and in the counting house of a tenanted only by scouts, Angl

Welsh mining company an office can fathers and recruits from

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Alas I have not yet finished my sad clambering out of the Slough of

Horrified Humiliation!

I made a ghastly start with "The Third International." Certainly I knew two facts about it which were authentic and indisputable, but as one was that it had some connection with Russia, and the other that it had no connection with Rugby. I was

not really very proud of them.

Tactfully I postponed the Third International for further consideration, and immediately, in the neighbouring column, encountered "The Third Reich" with an arch leer on its exasperating features. Reich, I remembered, was the German word for an empire, but why the third Reich? What had happened to the other two?

Now distinctly uneasy, I decided to postpone the Third Reich along with its international contemporary, childishly revenging myself with the contemplation of their horror at finding themselves abandoned in the same boat.

Gilt-Edged

I think it must have been the dis-

approving spirits of my Presbyterian

ancestors, desirous of helping the

Judgment to bring their wandering

descendants back to the fold, which

led me to pick up next a Conservative

organ of the most dignified pro-

priety, and to turn therein to the

columns devoted to economics and

finance.

There could really be no other

explanations of why the first para-

graph to hold my casually roving

eye should be entitled "Gilt-edged

Securities"! Reluctantly and with

foreboding I wrote them down be-

low the Third Reich. Had this

been an intelligence test, I would

have doubtless scored on my derisive

refusal to believe that "gilt-edged"

was here a literal description. But

alas! It was a knowledge test, and

wits did not help.

Deciding defiantly that, after all,

finance, was a highly specialised

branch of knowledge, which could

not reasonably be expected to have

had any place in my humble life, I

turned firmly over to the political

pages, which I conscientiously scan-

ned, trying all the while not to see

the pulsing headlines proclaiming M.

Daladier's noble efforts to "save the

france." But it was no use. My

CONCERNING



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Crazy Rhythm... Tony Martin, Vocalist.
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Presbyterian ancestors insisted in-
sorably that I must play fair, so
down it had to go.
"Saving the franc"! How often
had I not read the phrase? Was it
possible that with all my reading I
had still only an airily vague general
idea instead of a clear intelligent
conception of what that meant?
Others

When its miseries are shared would
apply to poverty of the intellect, I
have since tried my little test on
various unsuspecting friends, and it
was consolingly remarkable how
few passed with any degree of
honour. It was still more remarkable
how few of them were becomingly
grateful for having their difficulties
brought to their notice.

All the same, it was an excellent
plan, and one whose beneficial effect
upon the mind and soul I can
thoroughly recommend. It is really
extraordinary (and distinctly char-
acteristic) once you begin to discover

how many familiar names and terms
there are of whose significance and
value no absolutely accurate knowl-
edge. Try it and see!

May Young

NEWS FROM BERLIN

By IAN G. COLVIN

Hitler's Crucial Harvest

THE harvest is coming home in Germany. A bad harvest could cripple the Four Year Plan. This year, thanked be Wotan, there is a tiny village, built in the record crop. Wheat, rye, oats, barley, their ears full to bursting. Great. Hens pecked in the dusty lime grove, which loaded the air with perfume. Not a radio to be afoot!

Even as we drive down the country roads, between poppy-sprinkled cornfields, the question of Marcellus occurs to me. (Hamlet, Act I, Scene I):

—tell me, he that knows, why this same strict and most observant watch so rightly tolls the subject of the land? And why such daily cast of brazen cannon, And foreign mart for implements of war? Why such impress of shipwrights, whose sore task Does not divide the Sunday from the week? What might be toward, that this awfully haste Doth make the night joint labourer with the day?

Who is't, that can inform me?

Who indeed? The question of Marcellus has been put to the German Government by envoys extra-ordinary and simple journalists. That braggadocio of German intentions, the Foreign Ministry, smiles and smiles, and gives the reassuring answer.

—So let us quit disgusting politics for a day and see the harvest home.

I took train recently to a fertile land, bloomed wheat, barley, rye, sugar intense black as dusk followed.

"There are some farms where Poles and Germans worked side by side. In spite of their theory that Germany is suffocating for lack of room, the Government must permit Poles, who are paid in foreign currency, to come and help the German harvest home."

A mad world, and a mad land, may I say. So much nonsense, Ed-

ward Leon's Dong with the Luminous Nose would receive a medal from the Czech frontier. The soldiers used to help the reapers in past years for about 1s. 6d. a day. This we would have regiments of Dong

in exceptional cases. The Labour service youths are mostly occupied in the Western Front fortifications.

At ten o'clock the rape seed was all threshed, and a trim stack towered above us. The seed in

the sacks was piled into carts. The seed in

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KINGSTON

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If you were Wife No. 2... in that No. Woman's Land... the home town of Wife No. 1? See how this second wife battles for her happiness... in a drama that's fascinating and thrilling because it's TRUE!

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On display in the lobby of the King's Theatre are many photographs taken by a movie photographer. Identify yourself and you will receive a complimentary pass to see M-G-M's picture entitled "Live, Love and Learn," co-starring Robert Montgomery and Rosalind Russell, commencing Sunday, 10th October. It's Great Fun!!! If you love fun, don't miss it!!!

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DANGEROUS

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Warner Bros. Picture

ERROL FLYNN
• "CAPTAIN BLOOD"

Continued From Page 1

Japanese Capture Key City To Canton Rly.

Following the capture of Tamshui, the Japanese have effected acrossing of the Taku River, and appear to be pushing rapidly towards the Canton-Kowloon Railway.

All communication between Hongkong and Canton has now ceased. Railway bridges have been destroyed at several points, and the boom across the Pearl River below Bocca Tigris fort prevents entry or egress of all shipping.

The last remaining link between Hongkong and Canton was severed this morning when several bridges on the highway from the Hongkong frontier to Wancho were destroyed. It is believed that Japanese planes effected their destruction.

Five British, one French and one American warships are bottled up in the Pearl and West Rivers as a result of the closure of the boom below Bocca Tigris.

In addition, the steamers Tung On, Kumsan, Kwangsi and Tintay, which last night embarked large numbers of British, American and Chinese refugees for Hongkong, are also bottled up. They were forced to disembark their passengers this morning.

A Reuter message states that preparations are being made for the evacuation of all Chinese women and children from Canton to the interior. Arrangements have been completed for immediately evacuating 400,000.

Notices in the streets of Canton urge the populace to remain calm, and express the hope that they will take advantage of the arrangements made for evacuation.

The Chinese are admitting the fall of Tamshui. The Japanese forces are converging on Wancho from Tamshui and Namshan.

REFUGEES INTERRED

More than two hundred refugees who crossed the border yesterday afternoon have been segregated at the Government Concentration Camp at Kam Tin Aerodrome in the New Territories.

A further influx is expected today as the Japanese drive in towards the railway.

Among the refugees were several from Tamshui.

It is believed that the Japanese now intend to cut the railway at Pinwuu, slightly north of Shum Chun. Shum Chun is the first station across the border from Hongkong.

It is officially announced here that the Japanese Commander-in-Chief of the forces in the South, has issued a communiqué that his men landed at the south-east portion of Kwangtung Province without sustaining a single casualty. The troops are now advancing inland.

The communiqué also claims that the naval air force were engaged the whole of yesterday in strafing military establishments, bridges, military lorries and junks with considerable success. A bridge carrying the Canton-Kowloon Railway across the East River at Tung King, was destroyed.

RADIO BROADCAST

(Continued from Page 11.)

thing is Rhythm)... Harry Roy and His Orchestra with vocal refrains! She's Funny That Way (Moret-Whiting). From Monday On (Crosby-Barris) ... Harry Roy's Tiger-Rumplingfins on two pianos string bass and drums with Clarinet and vocal by Harry Roy.

8.30 London Relay—"Under Big Ben."

A talk by Howard Marshall; 8.45 Berlin State Opera Orchestra; Hungarian Rhapsody No. 1 (Liszt); 8.55 Next week's Programme; 9.00 Studio-Barbara Gilmar (Soprano) with A. T. Lay at the Piano.

1. Arias from: (a) Gianni Schicchi (Puccini); (b) Tosca (Puccini); 2. Barbara Gilmar with Piano; 2. Bruyeres (Debussy); 3. A. T. Lay at the Piano; 3. Arias from: (a) Manon Lescaut (Puccini); (b) Turandot (Puccini); ... Barbara Gilmar with Piano.

9.20 Sibelius—Symphonic Poem "The Oceanides", Op. 73. Played by The B. B. C. Symphony Orchestra conducted by Adrian Boult.

9.30 London Relay—The News, Rachmaninoff—Concerto No. 2 in C Minor, Op. 18.

Played by Sergei Rachmaninoff (Piano) and the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra conducted by Leopold Stokowski.

10.24 Songs by Theodore Chalpin (Bass).

Midnight Review (Glinka).... Orchestra cond. by Eugene Goossens; Song of the Needy Pilgrim (Nelkens-soft-Nevstrueff-Manokin) with

11.15 The London Philharmonic.

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1. Arias

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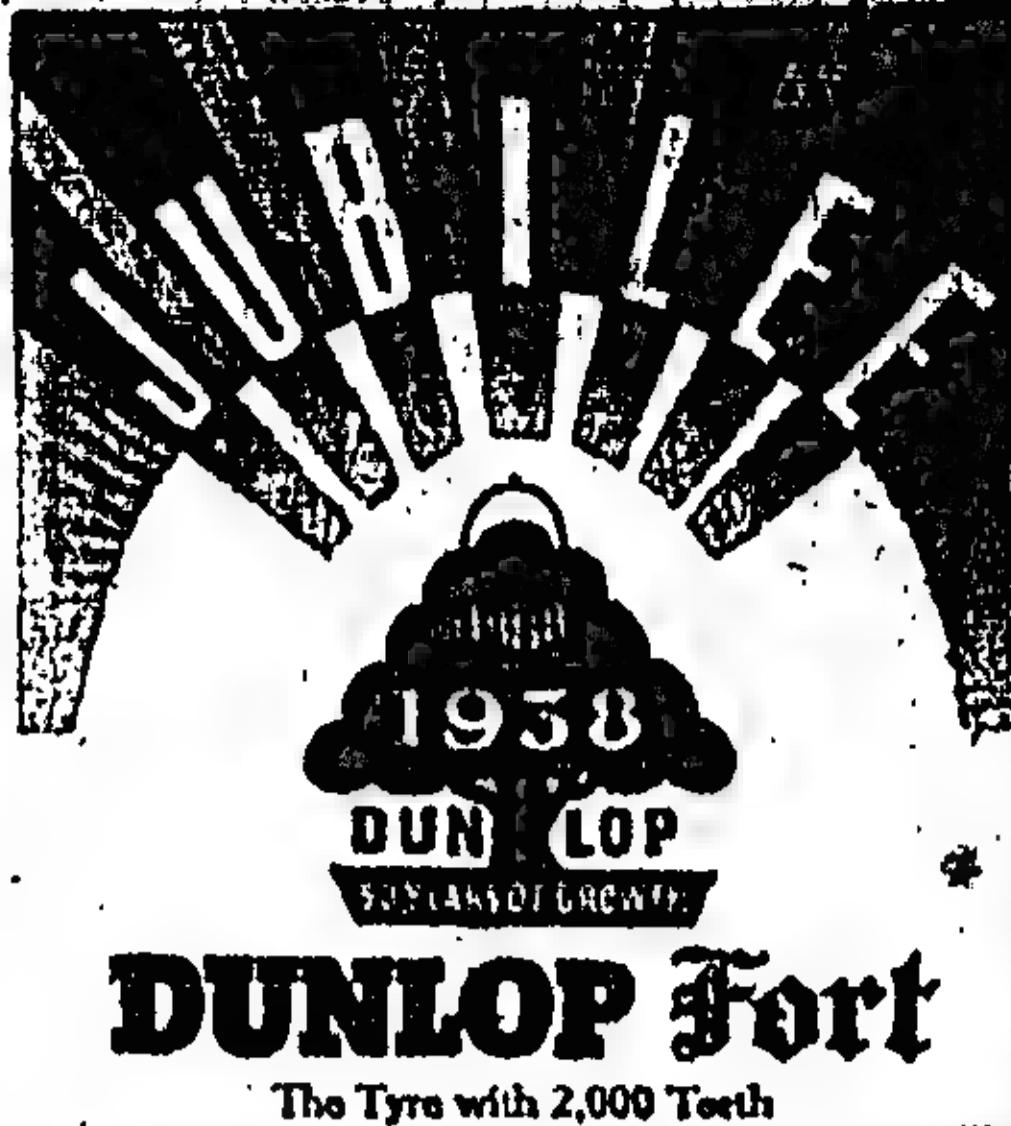
FINAL EDITION

Supreme Court

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1938.

日一廿月八日

SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS
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H. K. HEAT WAVE TEMPERATURE Ship SOARS IN COLONY Drama

BATTERED BY STORM and typhoon, the Hongkong two-master schooner, Kiakia, 58 tons, which left here recently to serve as a hospital ship in the South Sea Islands, has been forced to seek shelter in Manila.

Under the command of Captain John Cummings, the ship ran into bad weather shortly after leaving the Colony. Half-way across the China sea, the frail craft was overtaken by a typhoon and had to change her course and head for Manila Bay.

The radio apparatus went out of action and Captain Cummings was unable to receive typhoon warnings.

With supplies running low, the situation on board became desperate as a Chinese member of the crew fell ill. On arrival at Manila, he was rushed to hospital, but later reported to be in fair condition.

After securing fresh provisions in Manila, the Kiakia sailed for the Gilbert and Ellice Islands, a British Colony in the South Pacific.

She will serve as a hospital ship to the 34,000 inhabitants of the islands occupying 208 square miles of ocean.

First Dollar Liner In Six Weeks Due

Being the first Dollar ship to call at Hongkong for a record period of six weeks, the President Coolidge is expected to reach here on October 16, as scheduled.

Only in strike-time has there been a longer absence of Dollar ships from the Colony.

The President Coolidge is to continue to operate on the same schedule as it is following at present. The names of the three President liners which will operate in conjunction with the President Coolidge in providing fortnightly sailings to San Francisco will be announced later.

On the eastbound schedule from Manila the Coolidge will call at Hongkong, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu before going to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

NEW B.R.C. CHIEF
TO BROADCAST

London, Oct. 13.

In response to numerous requests from individual listeners the new Director-General of the B.R.C. Mr. F. W. Ogilvie has agreed to speak at the microphone during the news bulletin next Monday. — British Wireless.

Parachute Saved Life Of Chinese Girl in H.K.

MISS LEE YA-CHING, aviatrix and only woman member of the exclusive American "Caterpillar" Club, left for the United States on the Pacific Clipper this morning.

Only those flyers who have made use of their parachutes to save their lives when making a forced jump are eligible for membership of the Caterpillar Club.

Four years ago Miss Lee was thrown out of a stunting plane over San Francisco Bay, and although never having made a jump previously, had the presence of mind to open her chute and descended in

PLEA FOR VIGOROUS SURVEY

Unpreparedness In Britain

LONDON, Oct. 13. Sir John Simon, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at Sheffield to-night said that the Government had at once entered into a vigorous, complete, remorseless and urgent survey of the whole position in the weight of experience during the recent emergency.

It was just as well our preparations had been tried out under the actual conditions of a crisis. There was much to improve, and they now had an opportunity of correcting errors and filling omissions.

Sir John Simon emphasized that nevertheless there was no comparison between our unpreparedness of 1914 and the forethought and thoroughness of the present arrangements.

Referring to the question of the orderly use of man-power, he said that he and other Ministers had been deeply impressed with the innumerable letters received offering services to that State.

"I am not entering a controversy between volunteering and compulsion" he said, "though I may observe that compulsion is not the same thing as organisation. But how much more valuable these voluntary offers of help would be if in each case the choice and allotment of essential national work had been made beforehand. There is a widespread realisation that the organisation of man-power is a very complicated task. We must not wait for this organisation until a crisis recurs. In whatever may be the most appropriate form, we must do it now."

PEACE GIFTS POUR INTO CHINA FUND

London, Oct. 14.

Over £2,000 "Thank-offering for our peace," have reached the London headquarters of the British fund for the relief of distress in China during the last few days. — Reuter.

Cooler weather, however, is anticipated in the official forecast, issued by the Royal Observatory at 10 o'clock this morning. North-easterly winds, with fair weather generally and cooler temperatures are expected.

Humidity is also adding to the Colony's discomfort. The atmosphere was within ten per cent of saturation-point yesterday, when 90 per cent humidity was recorded. This is 18 per cent above the annual mean for October.

By 10 o'clock this morning, however, humidity had dropped to 71 per cent.

Hongkong appears to have settled down for another spell of dry weather. Yesterday was rainless and the total rainfall for the year, 54.67 inches, is approximately 20 inches below the average.

HOT WEATHER BRINGS CHOLERA

The cholera epidemic has made a decided upward movement during the last fortnight, chiefly as a result of the hot weather which followed the typhoon threats.

Since the beginning of October there have been 20 new cases, making the total for the year 480. Another five cases were reported yesterday, including two each from Victoria and Kowloon, and one from Aberdeen.

For the first time for many weeks no new cases of dysentery were reported yesterday, but the enteric fever incidence was increased by six, while there were also two cases of diphtheria.

(Continued on Page 10.)

Choir Boy Who Sang At King's Coronation

Staying in Hongkong for more than a fortnight in August, an Elton choir boy was an apprentice aboard the freighter Silverway.

Now at Singapore, the choir boy, William Denis Harper, aged 16, made a radio broadcast from there this week.

He sang in a Victor Celeste Trio session, his items being "Angels Guard Thee" and "Orpheus and Euridice."

Though the boy was unnoted in Hongkong, it is revealed that he sang in the choir at Westminster Abbey at the coronation of King George VI.

One group apparently supports the original partitioning plan which would divide Palestine into three parts under Arab, Jewish and British control while another advocates the retention of the present mandate system with use of the mailed fist to keep down the insurrection and clashes between Arabs and Jews.

The *News Chronicle* writes that the Government is entirely undecided as to what is the best solution of Britain's most serious problem at the present moment. The paper points out that even if it were possible to gain the approval of the British public for the policy of military suppression of the revolt which is doubtful, this solution would not be permanent, nor would it bring peace to the Holy Land. Nor can tranquillity be restored by an unresisted suppression of the Arabs alone. The task of the British Government, according to the paper, is to plan a far-sighted

policy which can only be based on the partitioning plan.

Front Page News On Other Pages

Britain and the East

The London "Daily Express" hints that the British Cabinet will decide soon to increase the British Naval Squadron in Hongkong. — Page 7

Central Europe

Negotiations between Hungary and Czechoslovakia have ended in a deadlock which is giving rise to uneasiness elsewhere in Europe. — Page 7

The Yangtse Front

Although the Chinese have scored a notable victory at Taian, the Japanese are still pushing relentlessly towards Hankow.

Page 5

Kwangtung

Earlier reports of fighting on the Bias Bay battle-front are given on Page 4.

Prize-winning entries in the "Telegraph" Amateur Photographic Competition are given on Page 3.

ALIENS CHARGED

Two aliens were charged before Mr. R. Edwards at the Central Magistrate this morning with entering the Colony without valid passports.

Gilbert Karl Wenger, 32, American missionary, was fined \$5, while Vladimir Elias Zankulin Farkrele, 52, Russian musician, had an expulsion order made against him.

(Continued on Page 10.)

London Concern At Palestine Strife

LONDON, Oct. 13.

THE CRITICAL SITUATION in Palestine is giving rise to increasing concern in Government circles here who confess that they see no immediate solution other than by force. That the Cabinet is by no means agreed upon the Palestine policy is evident newspaper comments.

One group apparently supports the original partitioning plan which would divide Palestine into three parts under Arab, Jewish and British control while another advocates the retention of the present mandate system with use of the mailed fist to keep down the insurrection and clashes between Arabs and Jews.

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policy which can only be based on the partitioning plan.

The *Daily Express* argues that the only solution for England is to withdraw entirely from Palestine and to leave the Arabs and Jews to settle their own destiny. The founding of an Arab-Jewish State with British control would, in the opinion of the paper, settle the conflict.

Looking at the situation from the materialistic point of view, the paper points out that Palestine has no particular significance for England and is not even of a strategical importance. It is merely a bitter obligation that England has assumed, and having in spite of the mounting difficulties hitherto fulfilled this obligation, the time has come for England to reconsider her policy, since valuable British troops are now being used for a purpose which does

(Continued on Page 10.)

DUNLOP Fort

The Tyre with 2,000 Teeth

BIAS BAY WAR

Heavy Fighting West Of River

MUCH GREATER OPPOSITION is now being encountered by the Japanese forces who are attempting to cut the Canton-Kowloon Railway between the Hongkong border and Cheungmutau.

Heavy fighting is raging west of the Taikong River, which the Japanese succeeded in crossing this morning after the fall of Tamshui, "Gateway" to the railway.

Another Japanese force appears to be operating north of Tamshui and is apparently converging on Walchow, from where highways radiate to Hongkong, Cheungmutau and Canton.

Interviewed by a reporter, one of the women refugees said: "In my village not a single able-bodied man has evacuated. All of them have laid down their maddocks and have enlisted in the army, taking with them whatever firearms they possess."

The refugees came from districts near enough to Bias Bay to permit them to view the Japanese fleet concentrating there. While crossing over a hill into the New Territories, they saw 150 large and small Japanese vessels in the Bay, and about 250 Japanese infantry and nearly 100 cavalry moving on the shore.

No sooner had the refugees crossed the border at Shataukok than (Continued on Page 10.)

STOP PRESS

Japanese Ultimatum

Refugees are commencing to stream across the frontier in increasing numbers. Over two hundred were interned at the Government concentration camp at Kam Tin last night.

A Peoples' Mobilisation Commission, which will undertake publicity, investigation, fund raising, refugee work and medical work, has been formed in Canton.

The possibility of Chinese leaders in South China detaching themselves from the Chungsing Government and entering into separate negotiations with Japan is envisaged in political circles in Shanghai.

It is claimed that Kwangtung and Kwangsi have always been antagonistic to the Central regime.

A Trans-Ocean newspaper states that it is believed in Shanghai that the Japanese army which is now marching on Canton will shortly receive instructions to halt in order to furnish opportunity for negotiations between the Japanese and the South Chinese military leaders.

REFUGEE INVASION

The expected "invasion" of the New Territories by Chinese refugees started in earnest yesterday, when several large batches of evacuees from Shukwei and Kweichow, near Tamshui, were seen crossing the border at Shataukok.

For the most part the refugees were women and children, who had been sent post-haste for the Hongkong border when the ominous sound of heavy gun-fire was heard in the villages around Tamshui.

They were escorted by a crowd of three destroyers. — Reuter.

Another Trans-Ocean newspaper

Swallow, Oct. 14.

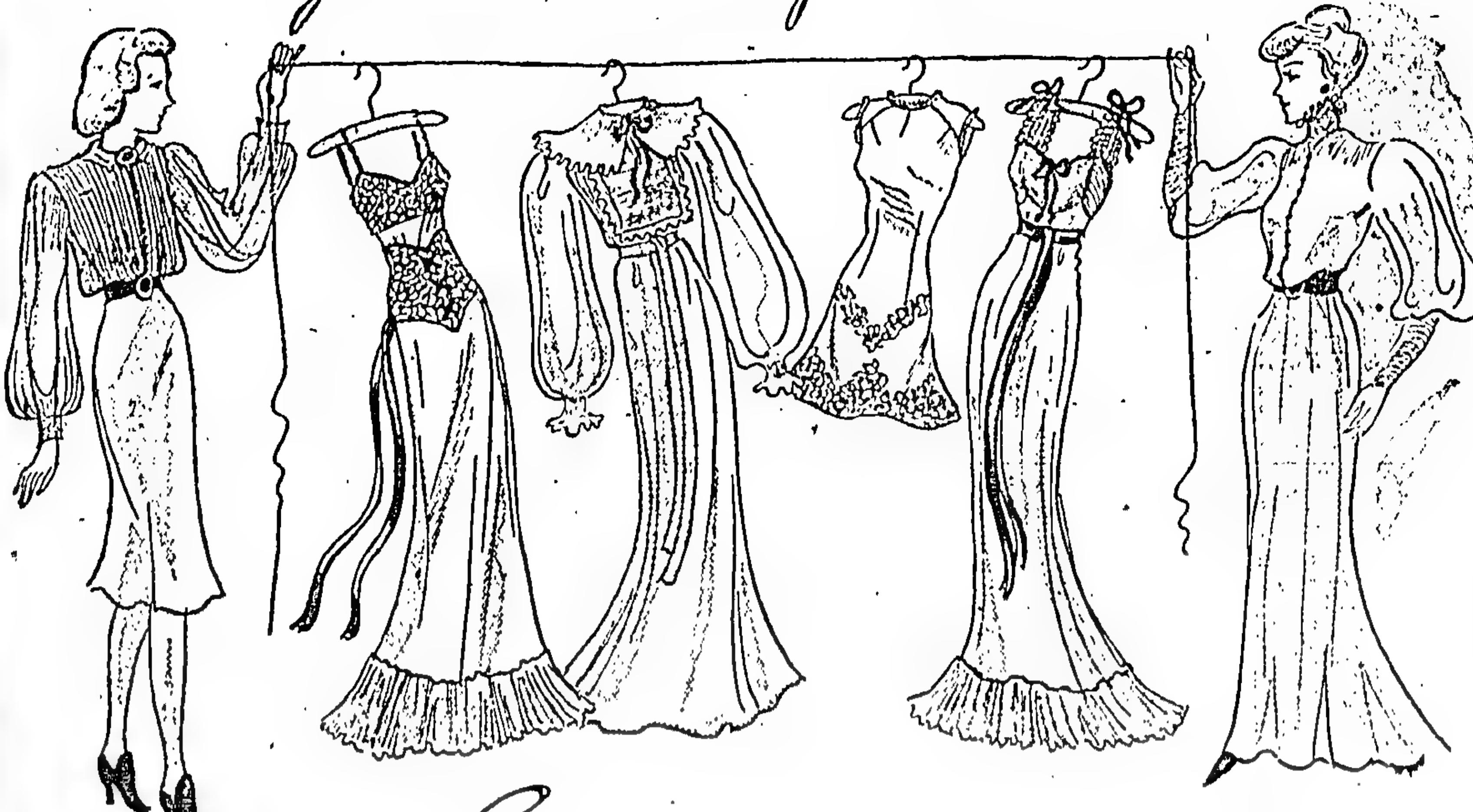
Ten Japanese transports left here to-day. Their destination is believed to be either Bias Bay or the Pearl River.

They were escorted by a crowd of three destroyers. — Reuter.

Another Trans-Ocean newspaper

Swallow, Oct. 14.

Jill Adam says we're still



IT is a melancholy fact, but women are really very like their mothers.

The most determined modern women conceal beneath their iron exteriors a melting tenderness which, this year, is definitely expressed by the most sentimental underclothes we have had for a long time.

Look at this clothes-line, for example, supported on one side by the compleat Edwardian mamma, and opposite by her contemporary descendant—you and me, that is, in our high-necked chiffon blouse.

Not only our chiffon blouses are high-necked either. The big surprise of the recent lingerie-buying has been the number of high-necked nightgowns and even cami-knickers that have been sold.

EVERY so often you get a real change in the underclothes mode; thus now, after years of straight-topped, shoulder-strapped chemises, slips and cami-knickers, you get them high-necked or brassiere-topped.

And as you see, the influence of our mothers is felt in trans-

Edwardian
Underneath

parent dresses and blouses and for the first time since Edwardian days we see throat-beautiful nightgown (second in sketch) called Snow White.

This is not only up to the neck, but down to the wrists; how

Hughes has had the sense to ever, being in white chiffon, you realise that this is what a great do not feel too shrouded.

many of us are looking for; you Let those who think low-

see one version of her "camisole" nightgowns are most

sleeks" in the sketch second alluring try the effect of a little

from the right on our clothes. Edwardian veiling.

This has been one of the

most successful of her models.

THE corset motif on the

first nightgown is just a bit of

you, quite free and with our love nonsense, though an amusing

and blessing, her suggestion for one.

giving your own underclothes

the nightgown at the extreme

to give you a bit more

originality in your choice of

fabric and colours for lingerie.

AND I want to make a

plan for a bit more

originality in your choice of

fabric and colours for lingerie.

The simplest nightgown, made in

black and plum or purple chiffon,

looks rather exciting; or choose

candy striped chiffon, or flowered

voile, or even fine dotted swiss muslin.

There's nothing newer, or

easier to wash than the cottons, es-

pecially voile.

Under the new full-skirted dresses

there's really no reason either for

not making fine cotton underclothes

as grandmother did, and getting

away with it. But under anything

slim fitting, crepe and washing satin

are best.

The simple, unpretentious mate-

rials are always smarter than cheap

qualities in "posh" fabrics; and even

expensive lingerie houses are realis-

ing the possibilities of such fabrics

as chintz lined with bright towelling

for dressing-gowns. Ordinary flan-

nel in well-combined colours has

long been smarter than shiny fabrics

for house coats and dressing-gowns.

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Wheat Loan To China Pending?

Washington, Oct. 13. Consideration is being given to a wheat loan to China, indicated Mr. Henry Morgenthau at a press conference to-day.

The Secretary to the Treasury added that they were not considering lowering the domestic price silver at present. "I'll have to wait until midnight on December 31, and think about it" he said.—Reuter.

CHINESE DELEGATE SEES ROOSEVELT

Washington, Oct. 13. Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Secretary to the Treasury, and Mr. K. C. Chen, one of the Chinese delegates to the United States to enquire about loans, called on President Roosevelt to-day.

Afterwards Mr. Chen said: "I went merely to pay my respects." He added that they had not discussed possible wheat and cotton loans.

Mr. Morgenthau refused to make any comment on the visit.—United Press.

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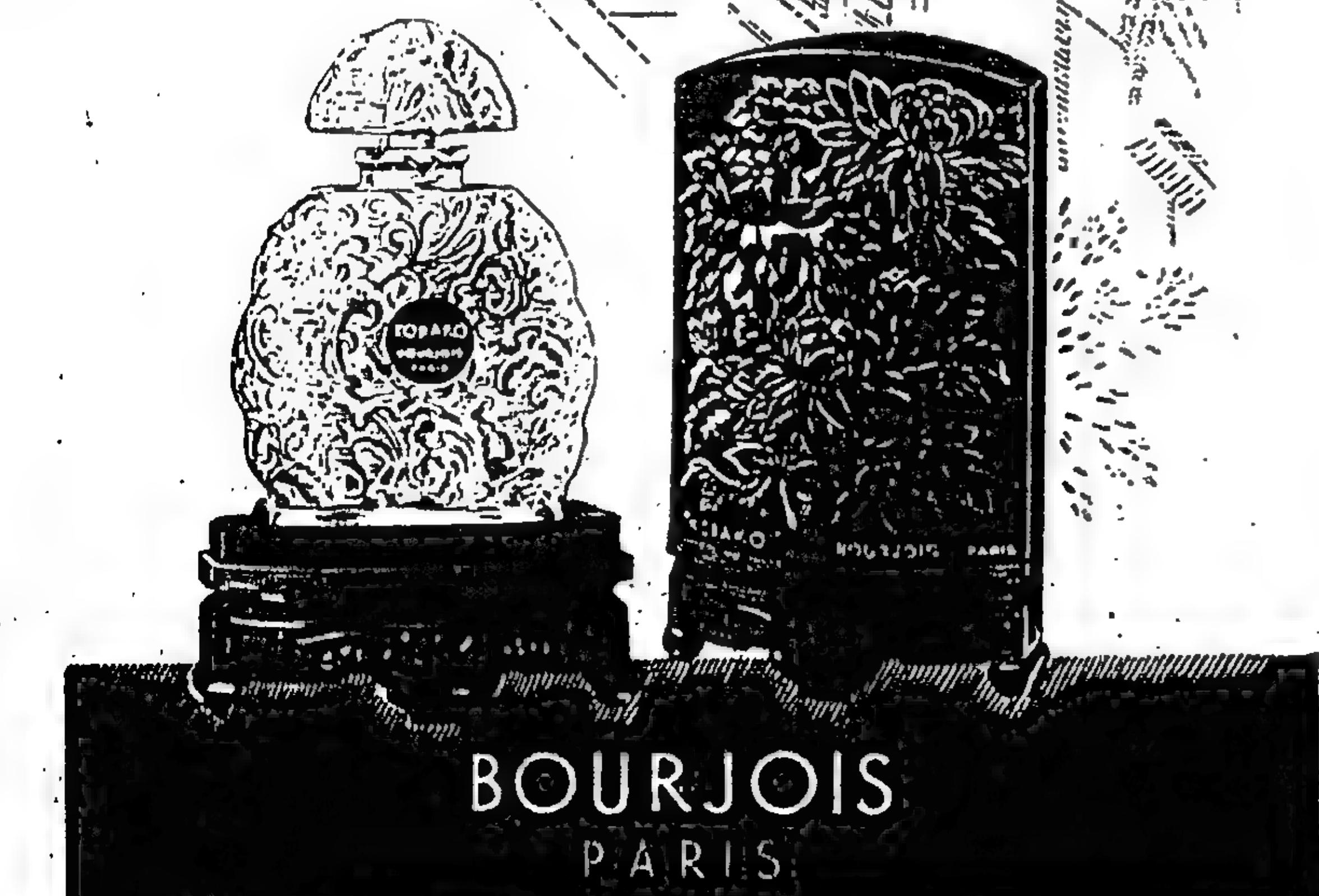
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PHOTO COMPETITION WINNERS

Complete List of Prizes In "Telegraph"

Author of
21 Books

WILL LIVE IN H.K.

NOW working on her twenty-first romantic novel, a young English writer, whose love stories are widely read by women, will arrive in Hongkong this week to live here with her naval officer husband.

She is Marjorie Price, 31-year-old author of "The Mantle of Saltash," and "Pandora Dances."

Her husband, Lieut. F. C. V. Brightman, arrived in Hongkong last week. Mrs. Brightman is remaining in Singapore for a fortnight to join H.M.S. Westcott.

"My latest novel is about life at Malta, where I spent several months, while my husband was stationed there," the well-known authoress said recently.

Before she married, Mrs. Brightman had had about five novels published.

"Most of my books are heart-throb stories," she said with a smile. "And it is great fun for me to watch typists and shop girls eagerly reading them in the buses and tubes at home."

Mrs. Brightman says she finds life as a naval wife eminently suitable for her work. A novelist can work anywhere and if she has the opportunity of seeing so much of the world as a naval wife invariably has, she always has new settings for stories. She left England to marry her husband in Burma, when he was stationed there.

After leaving home in a dance in musical comedy, she wrote her first novel, "The Mantle of Saltash," to amuse herself.

HIGH NAZI ORDER FOR ENVOY

Berlin, Oct. 14. Herr Hitler has conferred on the Chinese Ambassador the highest Nazi order, the Great Cross of the Order of the German Eagle.—Reuter.

Plot To Seize Power In Sofia

London, Oct. 13. The Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Belgrade reported to-day that a plot had been hatched to overthrow the Government of Sofia.

He added that many members of a Macedonian secret revolutionary organisation had been arrested, and ordered to leave the country as a result of General Peet's assassination.

It is officially announced that a search of the extremists' hide-outs had resulted in many arrests. The police were patrolling the streets before dawn.

PROTECTING JAPANESE IN COLONY

Consul-General Sees Police Commissioner

THE "TELEGRAPH" is authoritatively informed that a warning has been issued to all Japanese subjects residing in Hongkong to be cautious in view of the possibility of anti-Japanese feeling arising amongst the Chinese in the Colony.

The warning to the Japanese was conveyed by their Consul General, Mr. T. Nakamura.

It is understood from authoritative sources that Mr. Nakamura interviewed the Hon. T. H. Kling, Commissioner of Police, on Wednesday, and requested that precautionary measures be taken for the complete protection of Japanese residents in Hongkong.

It is understood that the Police Department had already increased the normal guards which have been protecting Japanese business establishments, hotels and residences, before Mr. Nakamura's approach was made.

Mr. Nakamura has also addressed an official note to the Government of Macao, requesting the Portuguese authorities to take appropriate measures for protecting Japanese subjects residing there.

Ilford
Trophy
Awards

THE THREE JUDGES in the "Telegraph" Amateur Photographic Competition, who re-judged the entries consequent upon the withdrawal of prize-winning entries by Lo Kwan-ling, Eddie Lowe and Lo Tak-cho, have now completed this task.

The first Ilford Trophy, as before, has been awarded to

MR. GEORGE C. LAU,
8, Kent Road, Kowloon
Tong.

The second Ilford Trophy has been awarded to

MR. Y. H. HUNG,
c/o German Consulate,

who also becomes winner of the Second Prize in Section 2.

The following is the revised list of prize-winners:

SECTION 1

1st Prize—"The Kiss" . . . Mr. H. McKay, Bay View Police Station.

2nd Prize—Mrs. Ely Hess, 1, Longsight Villas,

3rd Prize—Mr. L. Leong, 9, Breezy Terrace.

SECTION 2

(General Pictorial Section)

1st Prize—Mr. George C. Lau, 8 Kent Road.

(Mr. Lau also receives the 1st Ilford Trophy)

2nd Prize—Mr. Y. H. Hung, German Consulate.

(Mr. Hung also receives the 2nd Ilford Trophy)

3rd Prize—Mr. Yau Hok-kan, C. C. Dept., H.M. Naval Yard.

SECTION 3

(Still Life)

1st Prize—"Champagne Glasses" . . . Mr. L. Leong, 9, Breezy Terrace.

2nd Prize—Mr. E. L. Taverne, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.

3rd Prize—Mr. Wang Lau-sun, Lawson & Company, 30, Hankow Road.

SECTION 4

(Children's Section)

1st Prize—"A Good Guess" . . . Kwan Chung-ching, 7, Ground Floor, Yau Yung Hong, Canton.

2nd Prize—Wong Chun-fai, 2, Lower Castle Road.

BEST ACTION PHOTO AWARD

Mr. Danny Yau, 57, Queen's Road Central, for entry entitled "Who's the Winner?"

COMMENDED

Section 1: Kung Ng Kuen, E. W. Fielding, Leung Hong, Che Luk Kun, Hung Man Lee, Mrs. Ely Hess, Kan Che Leuk, Yau Hok Kan, Y. H. Hung.

Section 2: N. Hilderaly, Koo She Fa, Yau Hok Kan, T. K. Si, Chan Kin Pong, W. C. Clark, Kwok Ying Chiu, Tai Tin Tsun, Samuel Ng, E. K. Kwok, K. F. Yeung, Hung Mu Lee, C. E. Witschlebe, Alfred Wong, H. A. McKay.

Section 3: Robert Rule, Wong Kam Chow, Leung Li Choh, Che Luk Kun, K. F. Yau, C. H. Blair, Wong Loo Sun, Danny Yau.

Section 4: Lee Qui, Wong Chun-fai, K. C. Yau.

EXHIBITION MONDAY

An exhibition of the prize-winning entries, together with a selection of outstanding photographs entered in the competition, will commence in the Board Room of the South China Morning Post Ltd. building, Wyndham Street, on Monday morning.

New Zealand's
Vital Poll
To-morrow

Wellington, Oct. 13. On the eve of the elections, appeals were issued to abstain by Party leaders in connection with the poll which takes place to-morrow.

The Prime Minister, Mr. M. J. Savage, claimed that the Government had fulfilled its election pledges and said that high wages were the key to prosperity. He added that the Labour Government were pledged to maintain and improve the standard of living which he claimed had rehabilitated the country in the last three years.

Mr. Hamilton, leader of the National Party, attacked the Labour Government for extravagant spending and increased taxation. He dubbed the Government as the greatest taxgatherers in the world and promised the extinction of the State dictatorship.—Reuter Special.

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dancing.
Price \$6.00.

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Patent leather
dress shoes with
out toe cap.
Light and
comfortable.
Price \$4.90

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Gargle with ODOL —

It is as refreshing to the mouth
as a shower-bath to the body!

Odol has a further unique quality! It possesses

great germicidal power and antiseptic properties.

Bacteria are destroyed in a few seconds.

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS
25 words \$2.00
for 3 days prepaid

WANTED KNOWN.

MR. SCHMIDT has returned from his holiday, which was spent in Europe, and will be glad to see his customers again at Andre's Beauty Parlour.

CHRISTMAS CARDS and original sketches by R. Polson, depicting Junks, Chinese life and scenery. Exhibited for sale at The Little Shop, Gloucester Arcade. Book early.

SILVERFOXES and capes; further shipment from London has just been received, and now offered at \$120. up. Alaska Fur Co., Alexandra Building, 2nd floor, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 3 to 6 p.m. (including Saturday).

GROW VEGETABLES in your own garden. Reliable seeds of all varieties, always obtainable at Graca & Co., 10 Wyndham Street, Hongkong. Established 1906.

ROOMS WANTED

WANTED.—By Service couple, room with partial board for two weeks with British or American private family. Write Box No. 403, "Hongkong Telegraph."

MOTOR CARS.

WE BUY, sell and exchange cars from \$400, in good running condition. We also insure and repair. China Trading Company, G.P.O. Box 209. Tel. 23583.

Farm Produce For Americans At Cut Prices

Washington, Oct. 13. A gigantic programme to supply surplus farm products to poor Americans at cut prices, and designed also to reduce surpluses and farmers' prices to prevent unrest in the farming areas is being prepared according to Mr. Henry Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture.

It is added that the proposals being studied called for a "two price system" for selling such commodities as cotton, vegetables, fruit, dairy products and meat below the market prices to families on relief, and low paid workers.

Government is bearing the losses on this.—Reuter Special.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES AND UNDERWRITERS**

s/s "CHENONCEAUX"
Voyage 22/Return/1938.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above mentioned steamer having grounded on the 4th of October, 1938, four miles off Hongkong, General Average has been declared on all cargo on board from Japan Ports and Shanghai.

Consignees of cargo for Hongkong are hereby requested to sign a General Average Bond supported by two copies of the original invoices, and pay a 4% Average Deposit on the c. l. f. value of the goods before the cargo can be delivered.

COMPAGNIE
DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

R. OHL,
Agent.

Hongkong, October 11, 1938.

AMBULANCE WORK

The return of cases treated during September by the St. John Ambulance New Territories Medical Department branch show that the total dealt with was 12,773, of which 5,512 were new cases. Of these, nine hundred and five people were seen by the doctors at the various clinics, while 205 visits were paid to patients. There was a total of 137 vaccinations. The clinics at Tuen Wan and Kam Tin supplied quinine mixtures to 370 and 116 patients, respectively.

MANILA SHARES

The following quotations were received after the close of the morning session through Reuters:

Business Done
Prices in Pesos
Oct. 13 Oct. 14

Antamok 33 33 1/2

Atol 33 33 1/2

Batul Gold 21 1/2 20

Batulang Cons. 11,000 11,200

Coco Grove 1,000 1,000

Consolidated Mines 27 1/2 28

De-Monstration 1,000 1,000

Farm 1,000 1,000

HEAVY JAPANESE LOSSES IN NORTH

Great Supplies Of Booty Captured By Chinese At Taian

Air Arm Aided In Victory

Hankow, Oct. 14.

The fighting at Taian is described by the Chinese newspaper *Sao Tan Pao* as the bloodiest that has yet occurred in the Sino-Japanese conflict, and the greatest victory won by the Chinese troops.

The paper reports that 97 undamaged Japanese tanks were captured by the Chinese troops and that fifty tanks were destroyed. Some 300 light and heavy machine guns were captured, 27 Japanese airplanes brought down and a great quantity of heavy guns, rifles, munitions and motor lorries taken.

The Chinese air-arm was chiefly responsible for the victory, writes the *Sao Tan Pao*, over 100 Chinese airplanes having bombarded the Japanese troops for two days. More than 1,000 heavy bombs were dropped. Captive balloons were used by the Chinese for the first time.—*Trans-Ocean*.

TOLING OCCUPIED

Alikow, Oct. 14.

Excluding the decisive battle for the possession of Tchan, a fierce fighting is in progress in Toling, strongly fortified mountain south of the military road to Tchan.

Four Japanese Army detachments are pounding on the Chinese mountain fortress from different directions. By Thursday evening, the Japanese raiding units were reported to have captured the central section of the Chinese position.—*Domei*.

FRESH BATTLE

Hainmen, Oct. 14.

Breaking the lull that prevailed in the past days due to continuous downpours of rain, the Japanese forces operating on the Hainmen front at the northwestern base of the Taipie Mountain Range on Wednesday morning launched a general offensive on Changchunchau, last Chinese stronghold in the area.

The Chinese forces availed themselves of the temporary deadlock to gather large reinforcements from the districts of Macheng in northeastern Hupch, and made feverish efforts to strengthen their fortifications at stake.

With the arrival of additional

ADVANCE ON HANKOW

Tokyo, Oct. 14.

On the southern front south of the Yangtse River the Japanese drive on Hankow both overland and by water made further progress with the Japanese landing at the mouth of Weiyan Lake, in which vicinity the famous Taiyeh iron mines are situated, at 4:30 on Wednesday morning, naval dispatches reveal.

The Japanese marines, in cooperation with the military forces successfully blew up the strong booms at the mouth of the lake while another marine force reached to within five kilometres of Sichuan fort, at the mouth of Shihweiyo port, whence the ores from the Taiyeh iron mines were hitherto shipped to Japan.

The Japanese warships also reached a point three kilometres downstream from Shihweiyo. — *Central News*.

Paper Money Pays For War

Tokyo, Oct. 14.

The *Asahi Shimbun* to-day announces that new war notes are to be issued to pay for the Japanese military expenses in China.

It is said they will replace the Bank of Japan notes hitherto used to pay the expenses. Agencies will be established in Shanghai, Nanking, Hangchow and Soochow, and it is reported that the new notes will be used in South China.—*United Press*.

which connects Tungshan and Yangtse is also making favourable progress in favour of the Japanese forces, field dispatches state.

The information points out that the Japanese troops occupied Hsin-tan, halfway between Yangtse and Tungshan, at 9:50 on Thursday morning, while the Japanese troops driving south along the highway from Alikow to Tchan started a general attack against Teling Hill, important outpost north of Tchan, at 4 o'clock on the same morning.

Another Japanese column driving on Tchan from Joki, which previously reduced, has now broken the centre Chinese positions between Yangtse and Tchan.—*Domei*.

JAPANESE SURROUNDED

Loyang, Oct. 14.

More than 500 Japanese soldiers who fled from Yenan, important town on the Shensi-Henan border, which was recaptured by the Chinese Oct. 10, to Shaoyuan, east of Yenan, are now surrounded by the Chinese at a point near Shaoyuan. Vigorous fighting raged there yesterday.

On Wednesday night, a Chinese detachment staged a raid on Tsingyang, in north Honan, and set fire to the Japanese ammunition depot there. The Chinese safely withdrew after the raid.

It is reported that the Japanese at Tsingyang, west of Tsinfang, have also been encircled by the Chinese. With all communication lines leading to the city cut the Japanese conveyed food supplies to their beleaguered comrades by planes yesterday. The enemy aircraft, however, dropped the food on the Chinese lines by mistake.

Meanwhile, in east Honan, a lull prevails on the various sectors owing to inclement weather.

After several unsuccessful attempts to cross the Yellow River, the Japanese at Choukow on the north bank of the stream in east Honan are withdrawing eastward. — *Central News*.

Big Spy Case In America

New York, Oct. 13.

The most important spy prosecution for the last 20 years opens on Friday in the Federal Court here, when the alleged Nazi spies, Otto Herman Voss, Guenther Gustav Rumrich, Johanna Hofmann and Herr Glaser, stand their trial for alleged espionage.

Voss is a German-born aircraft worker, accused of espionage at the Seversky plant, Long Island. He is a naturalized American.

Rumrich is a deserter from the United States army, and self-confessed novice field agent. He was born in the Chicago.

Johanna Hofmann, the woman in the case, was hairdresser on the liner Europa. She is accused of relaying information to high officials in Germany.

Two other Germans alleged to have been involved in the espionage work Dr. Ignatz Grebl, a former Nazi leader in the United States and a former U.S. army reserver officer, and Werner G. Gudenberg, ex-aircraft employee in Buffalo, at the Curtiss Wright plant, both of whom escaped to Germany during the preliminary investigation.

The prosecuting attorney is Mr. Lunnar Hardy of New York, who obtained 18 indictments from the Federal Grand Jury as a result of the preliminary hearing of the charges.

—*United Press*.

FIVE MEN IN A BOAT EN ROUTE TO N. ZEALAND

Shanghai, Oct. 14.

Three Poles and three White Russians are sailing from Shanghai to New Zealand on October 15 aboard a 30-foot lifeboat equipped with two mills and one auxiliary motor. They expect to make the journey with a cruise via the Philippines, Java, the Celebes, New Guinea and Australia.

The skipper and navigator is a Pole, whose two compatriots are also technicians. The Russians are all acrobats who plan to entertain the natives en route.

The average age of the crew is 30. —*Reuter*.

100 Banishees Arrive Here From S'pore

Banished from Singapore for various offences, over 100 Chinese arrived in Hongkong this week by the steamer Shirlane.

They were met on arrival by Hongkong Police, who have taken the men into "protective custody" until arrangements can be made for their deportation to China.

Owing to the hostilities in Kwangtung, however, it may become necessary to intern them in the refugee concentration camp in the New Territories.

The banishees included two well-known Chinese, Wang Yean-chee and Lian Wen-hua, whose arrests were followed by demonstrations outside the Chinese Consulate-General at Singapore. Shops were closed and other incidents occurred at the same time.

An official of the local agents of the *Mail* said to-day: "It was a larger number of banishees than usual. Generally there are between 20 and 60 on each boat and they are given separate accommodation."

SAFE DIET FOR GASTRIC ULCERS

Great care is needed in the feeding of sufferers from gastric and duodenal ulcers and inflammation of the stomach. The wrong kind of food will increase the pain and discomfort. In the early stages of treatment small quantities of liquid food must be taken at frequent intervals.

But strength must be maintained; the body must be kept nourished. That is why doctors and nurses recommend Horlicks as an ideal food for patients suffering from gastric ulcers and all inflamed conditions of the stomach.

Horlicks contains the essential elements of nourishment. It is pleasant to take. It builds up energy, restores vitality, without irritating even the most sensitive stomach. It gives you strength to combat a long illness, and shortens convalescence. Get Horlicks to-day.

In these difficult times of anxiety and worry, the task of carrying on and doing work which must be done is a doubly difficult one which must tend to exhaust one's nervous energy. Horlicks builds up strength, vitality and prevents that distress and tiredness caused by constant nervous strain. H. M. Hodges, 400-400, Asia Life Building, Hongkong.

SUNDAY At The QUEEN'S

Laughter and Heartache! Tenderness and Tears!

The book that swept the world is on the screen... by the producer of "Little Women."

MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS

With ANNE SHIRLEY, RUBY KELLER, JAMES ELLISON, FAY BRANTER, WALTER BRENNAN, Frank Albertson, Alma Kruger, Virginia Weidler.
ECO-RADIO PICTURE



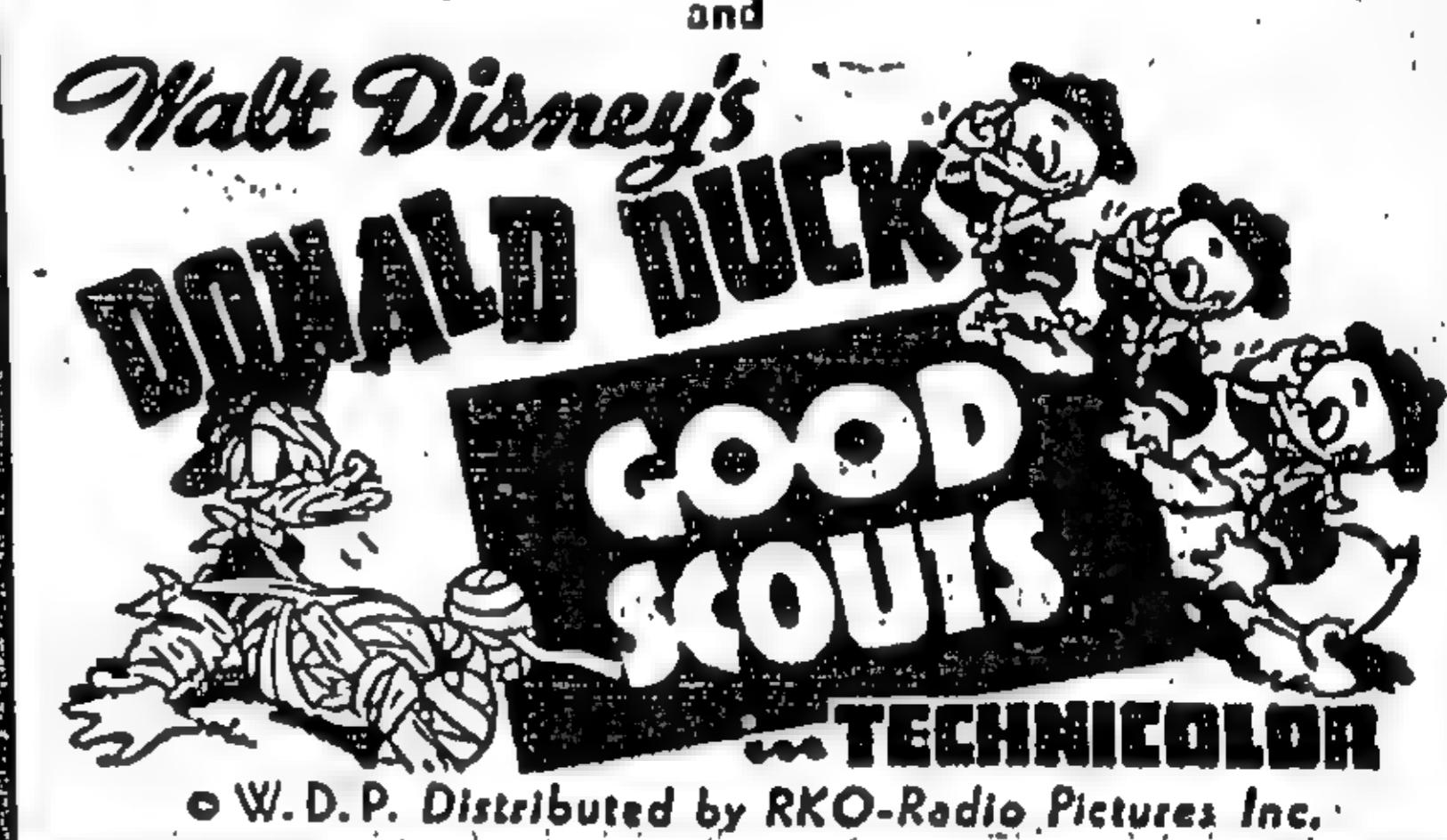
ADDED ATTRACTIONS

SPECIAL RKO-PATHE CHINA WAR NEWS

SEE . . . the bombing of Hankow and Canton . . . the training of China's vast manpower . . . Scenes taken of Hong Kong and Canton by Pathé Cameraman, A. T. Hull, never yet seen in any newsreel.

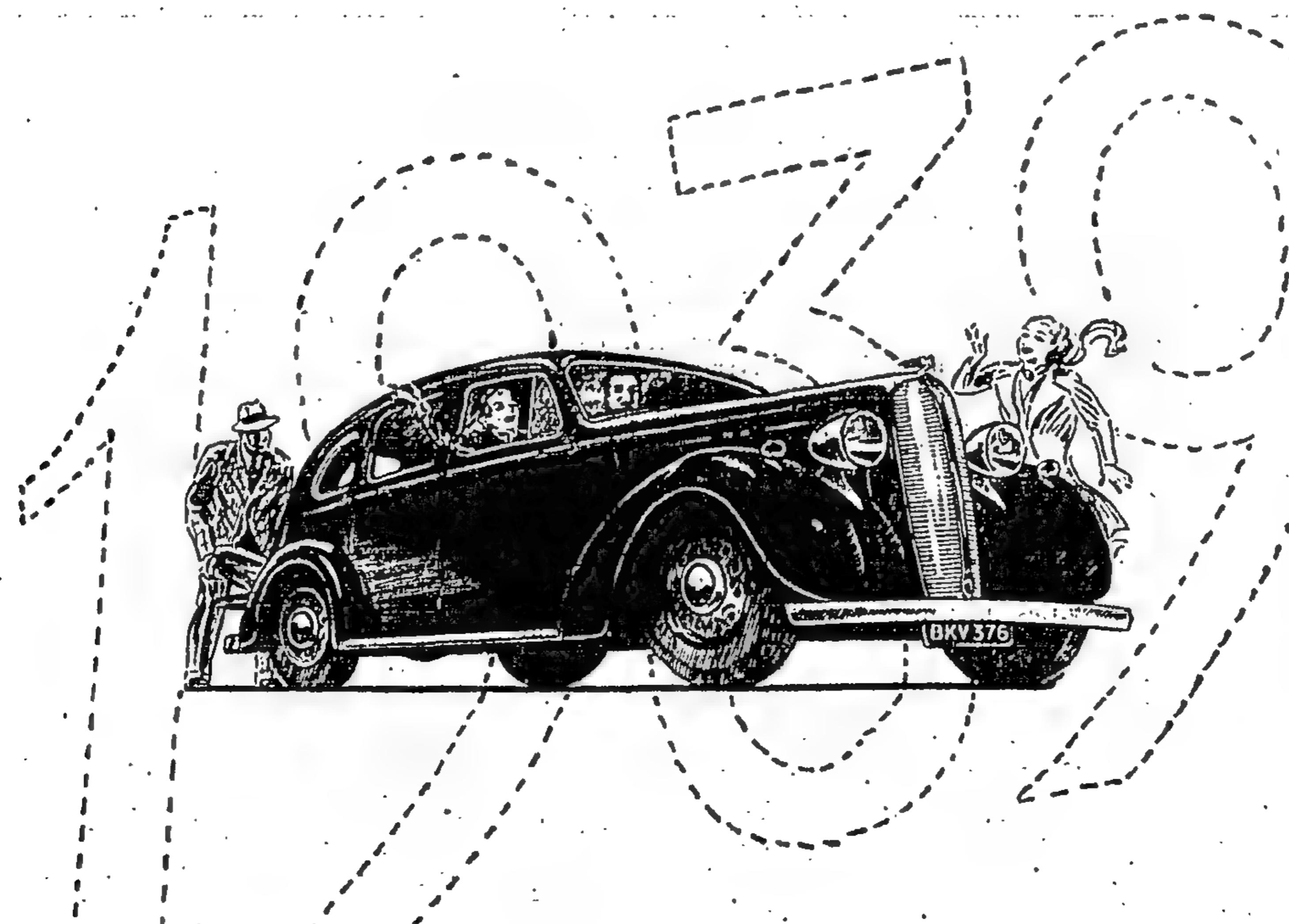
MARCH OF TIME — RACKETEERS vs. HOUSEWIVES

SEE . . . how millions of dollars are stolen from U.S. housewives yearly by short-weight, short-measure cheats . . . how the racketeers do it . . . and how they are caught



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"MINX" and the "14"

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the car people

Display at the Gloucester Arcade
from Saturday, October 15th.

BRITAIN MAY SEND MORE WARSHIPS TO HONGKONG AFTER CABINET MEETS

Premier Cutting Scotland Holiday to Return to London

Big-Scale Re-Armament In Britain Forecast

Special to "Telegraph"

(Telecommunication Ordinance 1930. Copyright by United Press. Received 6.30 a.m. Published 10.30 a.m.)

THE DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT OF THE "DAILY EXPRESS" PREDICTED TODAY THAT THE CABINET MIGHT DECIDE THIS WEEK-END TO STRENGTHEN THE BRITISH NAVAL FORCES IN FAR EASTERN WATERS.

It is understood, states the Correspondent, that Mr. Chamberlain is curtailing his vacation in Scotland for the second time since the beginning of September.

He will probably return to London to initiate a big-scale armament drive and at the same time consider suggestions that the China Station squadron should be substantially increased in view of the Japanese invasion of Kwangtung province.

The present British China Squadron, exclusive of Yangtse River gunboats, consists of the 5th Cruiser Squadron, comprising six cruisers; the aircraft carrier Eagle, the 8th Destroyer Flotilla, comprising nine destroyers; five vessels—H.M. ships Folkestone, Sandwich, Falmouth, Grimsby and Lowestoft—employed on patrol duties; the submarines Odin, Otus, Olympus, Orpheus, Perseus, Parthian, Phoenix, Pandora, Proteus, Rainbow, Rover, Regent, Regulus, Grampus and Rorqual; five West River gunboats, and H.M. ships Thracian and Thanet, of the local Defence Flotilla.

Recently two speedy motor torpedo boats, the first of a flotilla of similar craft, were added to the Station.

With docking accommodation now available at Singapore and the easing of tension in Europe, the "Daily Express" envisages the possible despatch of one or two battleships to the Far East in addition to other smaller craft.

The Cabinet, at the meeting to be called by the Premier, will have placed before it proposals for a great speed-up in British armaments, particular emphasis being laid upon fighting airplanes.

In addition, it is expected that the controversial conscription issue will be fully investigated before Parliament meets again next month.—United Press.

MUSSOLINI BELIEVES JAPAN WILL WIN

Rome, Oct. 13.

It is learned that on receiving the mission of visiting Japanese journalists to-day Signor Mussolini expressed the opinion that he was confident the Japanese would be victorious in the war in China and would eventually banish Communism in the Far East.

"A victory by Japan will permit that country to carry out the development which is a necessity for a strong, fecund and meritorious people," Dr. Duce is reported to have said.—United Press.

PREMIER RETURNING

London, Oct. 13.

According to present arrangements the Prime Minister is returning from his holiday in Scotland on Monday or Tuesday next. The weekly meetings of the Cabinet will be resumed on Wednesday.—British Wireless.

ARMAMENT'S SPEED UP

London, Oct. 13.

The Grand Council of the Federation of British Industries has authorised the President to appoint a small committee to consider action needed for the following purposes and to consult with the Government thereon.

To complete speedily the armament and defense requirements of the country to ensure that the confusion which existed in certain directions during the recent period of crisis should be avoided in any future emergency; and to secure that industry can be effectively and speedily placed upon a war-time basis should the United Kingdom, in spite of its will for peace, unfortunately become involved in war.—British Wireless.

LONDON RAIL STRIKE SPREADS

London, Oct. 13.

A strike is spreading among the London, Midlands and Scottish Railway freight workers, which threatens a serious interference with Britain's food supply.

The strike started because a ticket-collector refused to join the Union.—United Press.

PALESTINE DISORDERS SPREADING

Entire Country In Throes Of Civil War

CAIRO, Oct. 13.

IN SPITE of the sparseness of the uncensored accounts reaching here of conditions in Palestine, the opinion is rapidly gaining ground that the position of the British mandate Government is becoming more and more untenable each day.

Fighting is now going on in every part of the country and 28 battles have taken place during the last three days.

The authority of the Government is now practically confined to those big towns having considerable garrison such as Jaffa, Tel Aviv, Haifa and Jerusalem.

Life has become insecure in most of the smaller towns, as recent events in the town of Tiberias have clearly demonstrated.

The Arab insurgents have already obtained control over the entire northern part of Palestine including Hebron, while the so-called terror triangle near Nablus and Tulkarem has, despite the draconic measures adopted by the British Government, become a place of permanent disorder.

It is now admitted that repressive measures were taken without the precaution of having sufficient troops to insure their enforcement.

Great importance here is attached to an ultimatum sent by the Arab Committee of Defense to Dr. Weissmann, Zionist leader. The Jewish press calls this ultimatum a challenge to the British Empire whereas the Arab news papers regard it as a proof of power wielded by the Arab irregulars.

The news has just reached here from Jerusalem of a severe clash between British troops and Arabs which occurred yesterday evening on the road from Jerusalem to Hebron.

Three soldiers were wounded. One aeroplane, included in the military reinforcements rushed to the scene, is reported to have been shot down although the two occupants escaped unhurt. A number of Arabs were killed and wounded.—Trans-Ocean.

DISORDERS SPREAD

Jerusalem, Oct. 13.

Following assassinations and sporadic fighting, disorders have

NEW CRISIS IN EUROPE

Czech-Hungarian Parleys Cease

KOMAROM, Oct. 13.

CAUSING A GRAVE CRISIS in the negotiations between the Carpatho-Ruthenian delegates and the Hungarian authorities, official despatches have disclosed a reign of terror in Ruthenia by organised gangs equipped with foreign arms and led by Hungarian reserve officers.

It is officially reported that there has been sporadic fighting and at least two Czechs have been killed, while many Hungarians have been arrested.

The Czech Government has invoked martial law.

It is also reported that terrorism is rife in Bratislava. A number of Hungarians have been arrested and charged with terrorist activity.

At Mukacevo, the centre of the Ruthenian terrorist outbreak, there is "murder, manslaughter, robbery and crimes endangering the public" according to an official description.

Meanwhile, the Czech-Hungarian relations are very strained.—United Press.

HUNGARIANS DEPART

Budapest, Oct. 13.

Negotiations between Hungary and Czechoslovakia were broken off at 7.12 p.m. this evening. The meeting lasted only five minutes, and the Hungarian delegation returned to the Hungarian side of the town of Komarom, and boarded a steamer.

Mr. Koloman de Kanya, the Hungarian Foreign Minister, issued a statement emphasising that the Czech counter-proposals referring to the new frontiers differed to such an extent from the Hungarian viewpoint, and there was such a wide gulf between the stand-points of the two delegations concerning fundamental principles of the new settlement, that they cannot hope to be bridged through the present negotiations.

The statement adds that Hungary will request the speediest possible settlement of its territorial claims against Czechoslovakia by the four powers who are signatories to the Munich protocol.—Reuters.

CZECHS REFUSE TO GIVE WAY

Budapest, Oct. 13.

Reports from Komarom state that in a two-hour session the Czechs were unexpectedly firm concerning their negotiations with Hungary over minority rights, an attitude which is attributed to the German and Hungarian assurances of support.

It is understood that the Czechs offered to cede an area inhabited by more than 100,000 Hungarians. However, the Czechs are adamant in their refusal to surrender Bratislava, Kosice and other cities.

Meanwhile Hungarian extremists

spread in the Holy Land, and one Arab in Jerusalem was shot to-day. Four Jews were injured when a truck was bombed at Haifa.

Guards at the Gaza airport, returning snipers' fire, killed one sniper, while a British Lieutenant was wounded at Haifa.

An exploding land-mine on the Lydda-Hatton railway wounded one British.—United Press.

WONT BECOME MINORITY

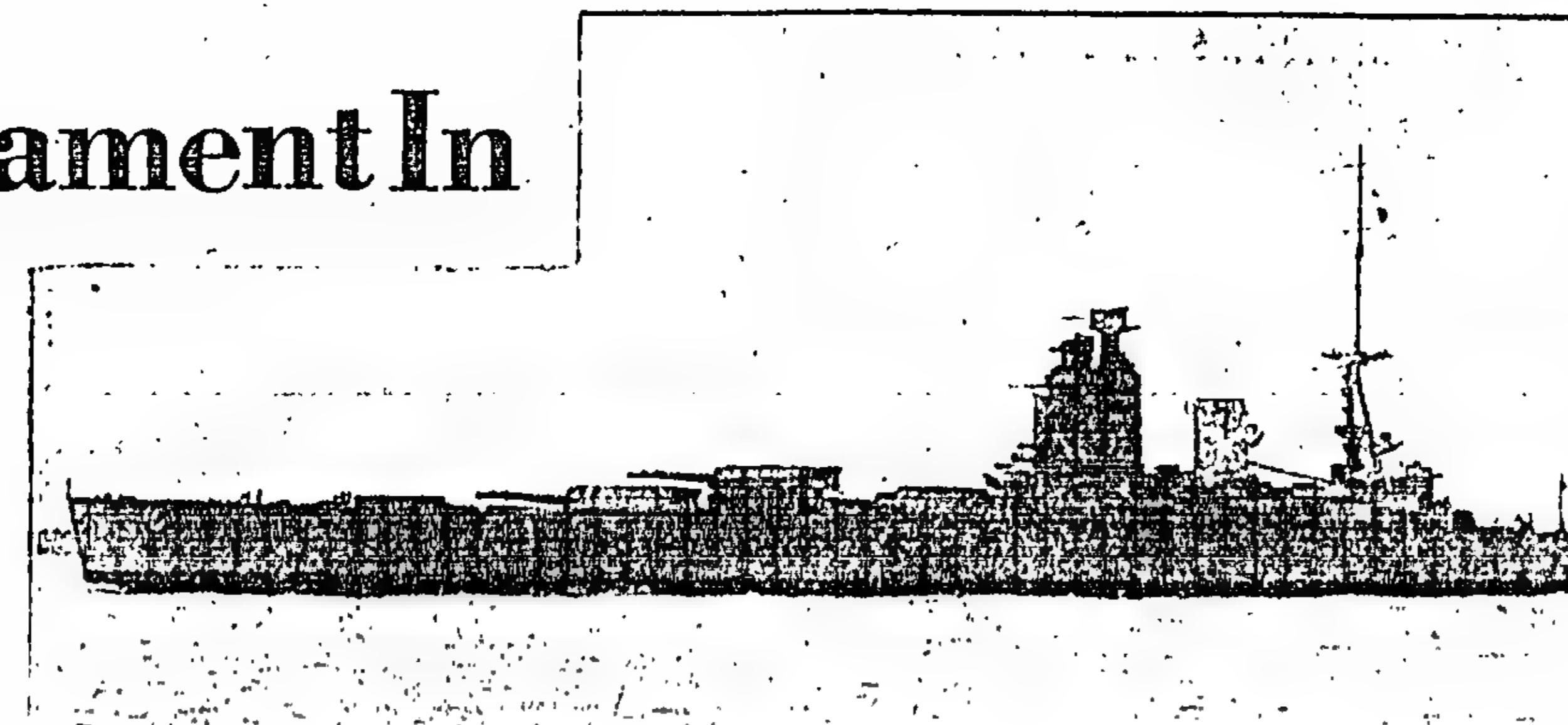
Geneva, Oct. 13.

The Jewish agency in Geneva has declared that it cannot agree to any proposal to make Jews into the status of a minority in an Arab State in Palestine.

The Agency thanked the British Government for its efforts to put down terrorism in Palestine, and asked the British Government to seek an equitable settlement which would safeguard the rights of Jews as well as of Arabs.

A London message says that the High Commissioner for Palestine left Southampton to-day by air on his return to Jerusalem.—Reuters.

The talks are proceeding favourably.



H.M.S. RODNEY, which may soon be seen in Hongkong under the proposed suggestion that Britain's Fleet in the Far East be increased.



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Scotts Hats.

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MODELS AND PRICES

Such has been the success of the present Flying Standard models that the Standard Motor Co. Ltd. have decided to continue them during the following season.

"NINE"	182	"TWELVE" SUPER SALOON	262
"NINE" DE LUXE	192	"TWELVE" DROP-HEAD COUPE	282
"TEN"	204	"FOURTEEN"	288
"TEN" DE LUXE	214	"FOURTEEN" TOURING SALOON	307
"TWELVE"	242	"TWENTY" TOURING SALOON	300

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Flying Standard Cars

Two-Day Race Meeting Great Success: Fast Runs Seen

Favourites Had Lean Time On Second Day Of Carnival

(By "Captain Foster")

The Double Tenth Meeting under the auspices of the Hongkong Jockey Club held on Saturday and Monday at Happy Valley was without any doubt a huge success from every point of view.

The attendance on the first day was pretty good, but on Monday the crowd was much bigger and this could be easily gauged by the support received by the cash sweep department. In the last race, the lucky ticket No. 1621 which drew Mr. Li Lian-kuang's Scenic View in the Kiangsi Handicap, received \$3,304 for an outfit of \$2.

The track was in excellent condition and although no new records were established there were a few fast runs, especially in the Kiangsi Handicap for "B" class China ponies. This event was won by Mrs. L. Dunbar's Red Feather, piloted by Peter Wel, from the 1½ mile post (about half mile 170 yards) in 107½ and the scramble was faster by one three-fifths seconds than King's Warden's time for the Double Tenth Plate over the same distance.

Racing was of very high standard, but the two main events, the October Handicap and the Double Tenth Plate, were poor, for there were only three starters for each race. However, all other events were keenly contested with several good finishes and this spoke volumes for the handicapping.

Centre Court Starts The Ball Rolling

The favourites had a lean afternoon on Monday, the crush commencing like a procession from the second event and Centre Court, with S. W. Tang in the saddle, started the ball rolling with a dividend of \$205.20 for a win in the Canberra Handicap over the champion course for "A" class Australian ponies. This was followed by an explosion in the fifth race when National Guard, cleverly ridden by Young Wing-kwai, captured the navvies event, the Fokien Plate, over a mile and paid \$530 to the doyle of 23 staunch supporters. The jockey not only broke his "duck" but the pay-out was the biggest of this season, the best last being by Oak Bay who handed out \$431.30 for a win in the June Handicap. Young's success caused another sensation, for National Guard was the first leg of the daily double and there were six backers who could not connect the second leg. One of these six "unfortunates" selected Coronation Day while another picked Plain View. There were two tickets on Salvage Master, who was beaten by Gold Coin and one each on Valorous (third pony) and Whalsay. The most interesting feature of the gamble was that Gold Coin was made a hot favourite in the pari-mutuel department, but none of these six backers would place any confidence in the mare even with a crack jockey like Encarnacao. The pool of \$3,704 will be carried over to the next meeting on October 22 and it is interesting to relate that this will be the third since the inception in 1933. The last pool carried over was on November 2 in 1933 when punters failed to connect Night Star with Beginner's Luck.

V. V. Needa Best Jockey Of Meeting.

Append below a complete list of the successful riders:

	1st	2nd	3rd	Stakes
V. V. Needa	8	3	4	
P. Y. Wel	3	2	1	
C. Encarnacao	2	1	1	
A. W. Raymond	2	1	1	
H. C. Pih	2	1	2	
S. W. Tang	1	2	1	
H. J. Henrie	1	1	1	
B. Proulx	1	1	1	
Young Wing-kwai	1	1	1	
P. L. Jui	2	1	1	
B. L. Tao	1	2	1	
L. Wade	1	1	1	
L. W. Gotham	1	1	1	
W. Roy	1	1	1	
P. P. Botelho	1	1	1	
H. P. Chanson	1	1	1	
S. W. Lee	1	1	1	
C. L. Gregory	1	1	1	

The champion jockey of the meeting was V. V. Needa who had a ratio of 3-3-4, followed by Peter Wel who rode three winners with two seconds and a third. It will be seen that Needa was placed ten times out of a total of 16 events and those who had backed his mounts must have been on the right side. C. Encarnacao figures third in the list, while Allan Raymond is closely behind, losing the position by only a third.

OCTOBER HANDICAP A TAME AFFAIR

The October Handicap, which promised to be a great event, turned out a tame affair and Mr. Moller's Silky-light had an easy center to win by four good lengths. Owing to the low imposition allotted to King's Warden and the pony being ridden by Needa, the Dynasty's candidate had some support in the betting but the grey stallion could not put a fight. It was indeed a great pity that Desert Chief could not weigh out owing to a stiff shoulder and the other nomination, Cameronian, belonging to Mr. Eu Tong-sen was considered by the connections to be a sprinter. However, Bear Claw with S. W. Tang up, broke the tape first with Silky-light and King's Warden hanging on behind. At the football gate Needa took his mount forward and he maintained the lead until the 1½ mile beacon was reached when we saw the transformation scene. At this juncture Silky-light was given a stroke of the cane and the brown stallion responded so gamely that Proulx had no difficulty in overtaking King's Warden. In less than a second Proulx got on level terms with the leader and thereafter he had an arm-chair ride down the straight, winning by four lengths. In fact Proulx caged his mount in the last 100 yards from the touch line and the whole distance was covered in 2.30% which was two-fifths of a second faster than the Nathan Handicap (first section) for "B" class China ponies.

FAITH IN ELIZABETH JUSTIFIED

Judging by her performance in the Nathan Handicap (second section) over a distance jaunt, the opinion formed by punters was that Elizabeth was more of a sprinter



The rugby section of the Hongkong F.C. held their last practice trial at Happy Valley on Wednesday in preparation for the forthcoming season. Here is one of the line-outs.—Staff Photographer.

RUGGER MATCHES AT HOME

London, Oct. 13. East Midlands and Leicestershire had a very evenly-contested game in the County Rugby championship at Bedford to-day, the result being a draw of 13-13.

Nottinghamshire, Lincolnshire and Derbyshire defeated Warwickshire by 13-0.

The Police Union trounced Cornwall to the tune of 22-0.—Reuter.

It is gratifying to note that the stake money has been well distributed, no owner scoring a double, and it will be of interest to know that 30 stakes have come in for the spoils. The most successful owner was Mr. Li Po-chun who has a win, three seconds and a third and the total value of the stakes amounts to \$1,450. Then comes the Dynasty and the owner of this stable is going to receive \$1,200 collected by King's Warden and King's Lead. Mr. L. Dunbar has a win, coupled with a second and a third, but the sum of the stake-money comes to \$975. It will be observed that only two owners have collected over \$1,000 and the rest are under this figure. Hereunder I enumerate a list of the successful stakes:

	Total	1st	2nd	3rd	Stakes
Li Po-chun	1	3	1	1	\$1,450
Dynasty	1	1	1	1	1,200
L. Dunbar	1	1	1	1	975
Fu Tong-sen	1	1	1	1	975
Mrs. Dunbar	1	2	2	2	925
Lee	1	2	2	2	925
Marber	1	1	1	1	750
Ciro	1	1	1	1	750
G. Trevorton	1	1	1	1	500
V. M. Grayburn	1	1	1	1	500
T. K. L.	1	1	1	1	500
John Peel	1	1	1	1	500
W. T. Stanton	1	1	1	1	450
Fish	1	1	1	1	450
Young Bros.	1	1	1	1	450
L. T. F.	1	1	1	1	400
P. P. B.	1	1	1	1	375
Anharry	1	1	1	1	300
Li Po-chun & Son	1	1	1	1	300
J. E. D.	1	1	1	1	300
Commodity	1	1	1	1	275
Kong Bros.	1	2	2	2	250
Holenside	1	2	2	2	250
Dr. S. N. Chau	1	1	1	1	225
M. H. T.	1	1	1	1	225
Oliver	1	1	1	1	225
Wong Sin-ngau	1	1	1	1	200
Ellandee	1	1	1	1	200
Mrs. J. H. Taggart	1	1	1	1	200
Why	1	1	1	1	130

NATIONAL GUARD SURPRISES BIG FIELD OF CRACKS

After a sequence of four unplaced outings National Guard, with Young Wing-kwai up, presented his credentials to the two judges and the pony came home first in the Fokien Plate for "E" class China ponies and sub-champion of this season. It was an amazing feat, for there were several good 'uns in the field such as Dark Hazard, Double Chance, Easy Time, Wenning and Yum Sing and, being a novice event, some allowance must be given. Dark Hazard unseated his pilot after passing the judge's box for the first time, but luckily nothing happened to the jockey, Chiu who was riding in the rear. The novices were out to kill each other and a fast race was seen. This was not necessary and the first half of the circuit was run in 1.05, the last half being covered in 1.07%. The result was that the ponies were crawling down the straight, the last quarter being chinked in 33½ seconds. However, National Guard paid \$530 for a win, the best of this season. There were only six backers on the pony for the first leg of the daily double.

Favourite Not Backed In The Daily Double!

It was not very edifying reading to those six punters when they found in the gambling sheet issued by the Club showing that Gold Coin had not been backed in the second selected race, the Hunan Handicap for "D" class China ponies, and the pool of \$3,704 was to be carried over to the next meeting. It was impossible to understand, for Gold Coin was made a hot favourite in the pari-mutuel and she was neglected in the second leg of the daily double.

SPECIAL SWEEP

The main attraction to the Ninth Extra Race Meeting to be held on October 22 will be the Kwangtung Handicap for "D" class China ponies over a mile in which a special dollar cash sweep is being conducted by the Hongkong Jockey Club. The sale of this special lottery has exceeded 150,000 tickets and it is expected to reach the 200,000 mark ere long. Should the sale reach this figure, the first prize is guaranteed over \$80,000.

RUGGERTES PREPARING FOR SEASON

SHANGHAI INTERPORTERS

ARRIVE IN COLONY: BOWLERS, GOLFERS

Two Interport teams from Shanghai arrived in the Colony this morning. The lawn bowlers came by the Tsinan and the golfers by the Rajputana.

The lawn bowlers who reached Hongkong to-day were H. Wallace, captain and manager of the team, J. M. C. Lopes, W. J. McDermott and K. L. Swartzell. The other two members of the team, J. W. Brierley and A. M. Gutierrez, have been here for a few days.

On their arrival, the Shanghai players were met by officials of the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association, including Mr. A. Hyde-Lay (President), Mr. C. B. Hosking (Hon. Secretary), and several members of the Hongkong team.

The official programme of the team commences to-morrow with a match against the Craigengower C.C., but it is more than likely that the visitors will be given a green for practice this afternoon.

Local officials are anxious to give the Shanghai players as much practice as possible before the First Interport, which will be played at Kowloon Docks on Sunday.

The programme is as follows:

THE PROGRAMME

The following is the programme drawn up for the visitors:

Saturday, Oct. 15.—Shanghai v.

Sunday, Oct. 16.—First Interport at Kowloon Docks.

Monday, Oct. 17.—Shanghai v. Kowloon F. C.

Tuesday, Oct. 18.—Shanghai v. Police R. C.

Wednesday, Oct. 19.—Second Interport at Civil Service.

Thursday, Oct. 20.—Shanghai v. Kowloon C. C.

Friday, Oct. 21.—Shanghai v. Indian R. C.

Saturday, Oct. 22.—Third Interport at Club de Recreio.

Sunday, Oct. 23.—Shanghai v. Kowloon B. C. C.

Monday, Oct. 24.—Shanghai v. Hongkong F. C.

Tuesday, Oct. 25.—Shanghai v. His Excellency the Governor's team.

Wednesday, Oct. 26.—Shanghai v. Yacht Club and Kowloon Tong at Kowloon Tong.

Thursday, Oct. 27.—Shanghai v. Taiaco and Hongkong Electric at Taiaco.

Friday, Oct. 28.—Shanghai v. Association Rink.

The Interport dinner will be held as arranged on Saturday, October 22 after the final interport.

The programme is as follows:

THE PROGRAMME

The following is the programme drawn up for the visitors:

Saturday, Oct. 15—Shanghai v.

Sunday, Oct. 16—First Interport at Kowloon Docks.

Monday, Oct. 17—Shanghai v. Kowloon F. C.

Tuesday, Oct. 18—Shanghai v. Police R. C.

Wednesday, Oct. 19—Second Interport at Civil Service.

Thursday, Oct. 20—Shanghai v. Kowloon C. C.

Friday, Oct. 21—Shanghai v. Indian R. C.

Saturday, Oct. 22—Third Interport at Club de Recreio.

Sunday, Oct. 23—Shanghai v. Kowloon B. C. C.

Monday, Oct. 24—Shanghai v. Hongkong F. C.

Football Clubs' Prospects

No. 20—FIGHTING MEN OF POMPEY

Although Portsmouth made such a bad start that they only narrowly escaped relegation last season, they played football worthy of champions when they really began to make progress. Indeed, their record then—33 points from their last 27 games—was surpassed only by the Arsenal.

The team which fought so strenuously to keep the club in the First Division is available to start the new season, and it includes one of the strongest half-back line in the League in Guthrie, Rowe and Wharton. Altogether 22 players have been re-engaged, and although there have been no sensational close-season captures, several promising youngsters have been signed, bringing the professional staff up to 29.

RESERVE STRENGTH

Portsmouth's brightest prospect, in fact, lies in the strength of their reserves. Last season the second team were runners-up in the London Combination, and among them are several young players who would do well in any First Division side. There are one or two positions which the directors would like to see strengthened, but with a limited purse the club will probably have to be content with a few more juniors, in the hope of building them into good players.

Anyhow, Manager Jack Tinn is quite alive to the position, but, as he points out, the club can hardly give the public better football than was produced in the second half of last season, and if the team continue to show the same form Portsmouth will soon be among the League leaders.

Among the newcomers are two young six-footers in Ernest Butler, an 18-year-old goalkeeper from Bath City, and A. Dale, a 16-year-old back

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Ah Cheung Motor Car Works,
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Tel. 28686.

FANLING GOLF**Starting Times
For Sunday**

Old Course
9.10 H. Young, A. Bonner.
9.20 H. Green, D. Humphreys.
9.30 H. Townsend, Capt. Holmes.
9.30 A. D. Humphreys, A. B. Purves.
9.32 J. H. Hance, D. D. Forbes.
9.32 H. Bonner, D. Mayhew.
9.35 H. Townsend, E. H. Price.
9.44 L. Jackson, J. Forbes.
9.48 K. S. Morrison, I. H. Gaze.
9.52 G. A. Penrith, J. R. Ross.
10.00 A. Nicol, N. Garland.
10.04 C. I. Bowker, J. R. Colles.
10.12 G. R. Haworth, A. D. Penrith.
10.12 W. E. Key, W. J. C. Sheawan.
10.15 J. A. D. Morrison, G. S. Archibald.
10.20 J. H. McIlrath, W. Woodward.
10.24 A. S. Dunnnett, A. M. Mack.
10.24 W. J. Hawlings, J. Thompson.

New Course
9.15 Shanghai v. R.H.K.G.C.
9.20 Shanghai v. R.H.K.G.C.
9.20 Shanghai v. R.H.K.G.C.
9.32 N. Garland, Miss Green.
10.00 J. H. Anderson, W. D. Richardson.
11.04 Sir Y. Grayburn, Miss Grayburn.
11.04 F. D. Winter, Miss Vickera.

Rowe, T. (Poole) (C.I.L.) 6 1 12 7
Balmond, R. (Kilmarnock) (C.I.L.) 6 0 13 0
Pringle, A. (Craighouse) (L.I.L.) 6 0 11 0
Wharton, G. (Broomhead) (L.I.L.) 5 9 12 0
Ibbotson, F. (Bradford) (O.R.) 5 5 11 0
Jones, E. (Birmingham) (O.R.) 5 7 10 0
Worrall, F. (Warrington) (O.R.) 5 7 11 0
Anderson, J. (Dundee) (O.R.) 5 7 11 0
Grove, A. (Kilmarnock) (I.R.) 5 10 12 7
Taylor, E. (Sheffield) (I.R.) 5 11 10 0
Taylor, E. (Sheffield) (I.R.) 5 10 10 0
Beattie, J. (Montrose) (C.F.) 5 10 12 0
Jepson, W. (Clowne) (C.F.) 5 10 10 7
Bagley, W. (Wolverhampton) (I.L.) 5 6 11 0
Buckingham, F. (Clowne) (I.L.) 5 7 11 0
Eason, J. (Breckin) (I.L.) 5 8 10 0
Harman, W. (Boston) (I.L.) 5 7 11 0
Parker, C. (Denby) (O.L.) 5 6 11 0

**RUGGER
COMMENCES
TO-MORROW****Club Teams Chosen
For Matches**

The Rugby Football season commences to-morrow when two matches will be played on the Club ground at Happy Valley. The first game will commence at 3.15 p.m. and will be between the Club "A" XV and a Navy side drawn mainly from H.M.S. Tamar. This game will be followed at 4.30 p.m. by a match between the Army and Club 1st XV.

Club teams have been selected as follows:

1st. XV.—M. W. MacGrath; G. K. Chadwick, H. D. Bidwell (Captain); W. E. Grieve, F. M. Thompson; A. H. R. Butcher, E. C. Luscombe; K. A. Watson, K. W. Salter, E. A. Bompas, G. J. P. Carey, C. M. Stark, J. Redman, A. J. G. Taylor and W. B. Richardson.

"A" XV.—G. Low, C. J. Powell, E. Taverner, G. S. Wilson, H. van Leeuwen; F. Cessford, J. R. Henderson; P. W. Burton, J. S. Dunnett (Captain), G. M. Marrs, R. G. L. Oliphant, E. W. Stout, H. W. E. Heath, J. Brown and K. A. Munro.

**SHANGHAI TEAM
HAD A SPLENDID
TRIP TO COLONY**

"We had a very nice trip from Shanghai and we are looking forward to the matches which have been arranged for us," said Mr. H. Wallace, captain of the Shanghai Interport bowls team this morning. Asked what he thought about playing the first Interport so soon after the team's arrival in the Colony, Mr. Wallace laughed and said it was quite all right. He and his team-mates are having a roll-up on the Civil Service C.C. green this afternoon and will have another practice match at the Craglengower C.C. to-morrow. These two practices, said Mr. Wallace, would be sufficient.

Mr. Wallace would not commit himself regarding the likely composition of the Shanghai rink for Sunday. "We'll see how we play these two days," he said. "In any case,

I don't think the rink will be selected until Sunday."

The visitors are staying at the Peninsula Hotel.

**Hongkong
Should Win
Golf Series
SHANGHAI NOT
OPTIMISTIC**

Shanghai, Oct. 11. The Royal Hongkong Golf Club have invited a joint team of from six to eight members from the Shanghai Golf Club and the Hungjiao Golf Club to play a match against them and the following leave for Hongkong in the Rajputana to-day:—Messrs. G. D. Nicholl, K. M. Cumming, D. R. Glass and J. K. P. Hadland. Messrs. W. J. Hawlings and A. V. Pettitt join the team in Hongkong.

Unfortunately the side available is not very strong one but it consists of the only low handicap players who are able to get away and it is felt by the clubs concerned that every effort should be made to send a team in order to revive the old Interport games, which were usually matches between the Royal Hongkong Golf Club and the Shanghai Golf Club.

"Had Ricketts been in the team" writes a golfing official, "it would have been an entirely different matter for he could have engaged Hongkong's star player, Mr. O. E. C. Marton, who like Ricketts in Shanghai, is in a class by himself in Hongkong, and Mr. Nicholl and the other players in the Shanghai side would have been on fairly equal terms with their respective opponents but with Ricketts out of the team each man moves up, probably just sufficiently out of his class to be beaten. Nicholl, however, on form is likely to give Marton a game and Cumming and Hawlings, both old Shanghai Interporters, are capable of putting up a good show, but indications are that Hongkong will win, and fairly easily."—N. C. D. News.

NEW NAVAL ATTACHE

London, Oct. 13. The King has approved the appointment of Commander H. D. Owen, R.N., as Naval Attache to H. M. Embassy in Lisbon.—British Wireless.

I don't think the rink will be selected until Sunday."

The visitors are staying at the Peninsula Hotel.

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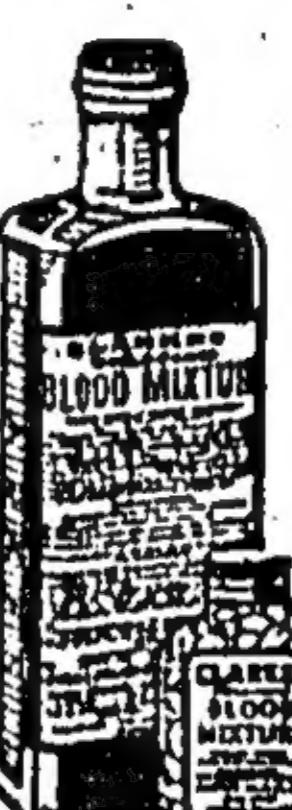
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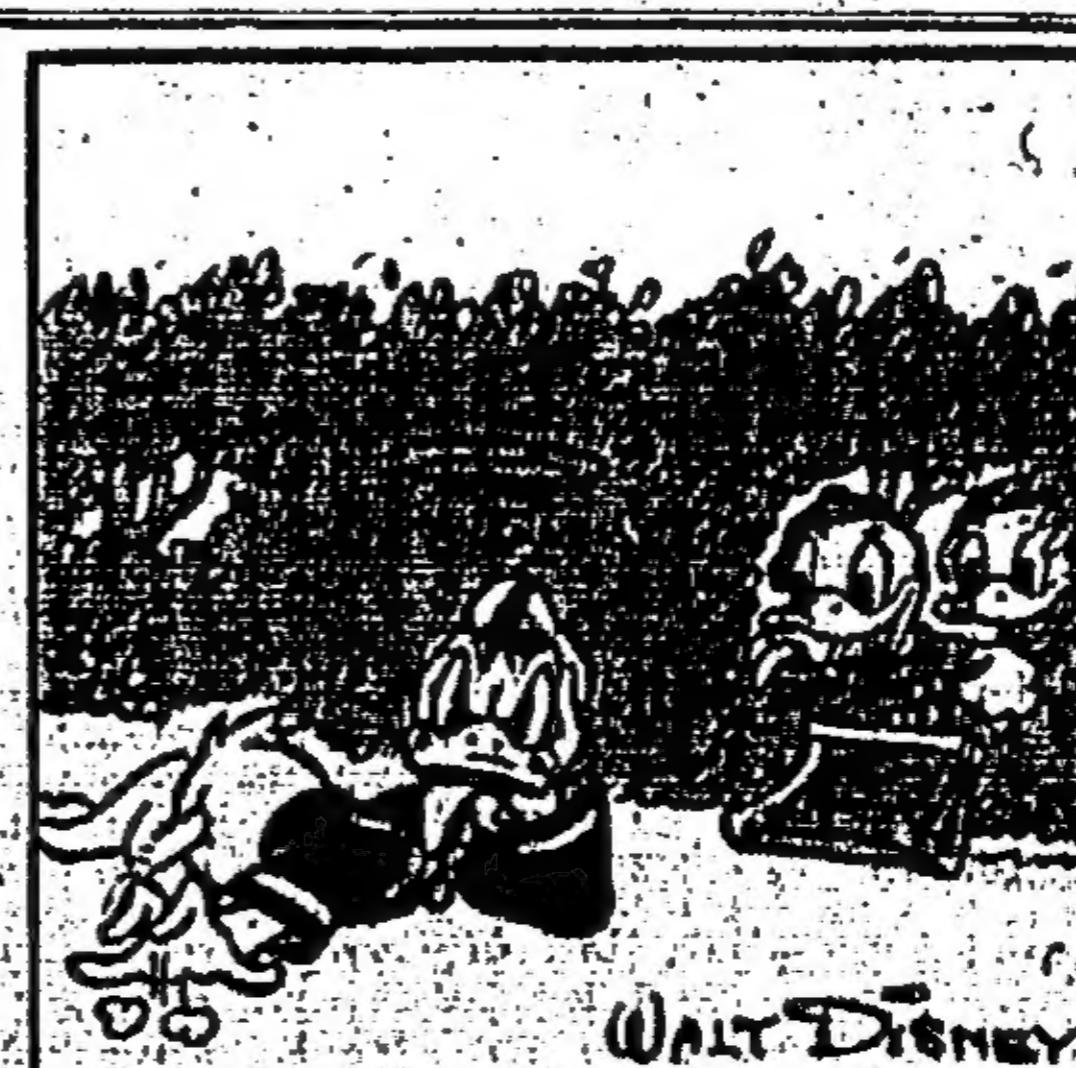
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AUSTRIAN RELIGIOUS DISPUTE

Negotiations Broken Off
By Nazis

VIENNA, Oct. 13. THE FINAL breaking-off of negotiations between the Government and the Catholic Church in Austria was announced by Herr Buerckel in addressing a big Nazi gathering to-day.

Herr Buerckel blamed Cardinal Innitzer for "provoking a week-end demonstration against him." Herr Buerckel added that the demonstrators were mainly Czechs and Jews. Consequently upon this event he had ordered certain measures to be taken.

Firstly all Jews who were Czech subjects, and all Czech subjects who are politically suspect, have to leave Vienna immediately. Secondly all church schools in Austria not already closed are to be closed from to-day. Thirdly the political amnesty which will probably follow the Sudeten-German anschluss will not cover priests. Fourthly all efforts of the part of clerical quarters to obtain an amnesty for Dr. Kurt von Schuschnigg, former Austrian Chancellor, were finally refused. Fifthly no further negotiations between the Church and the State authorities in Austria will take place.—Reuter.

NOT A PRISONER

BERLIN, Oct. 13. Cardinal Innitzer, whose residence was stormed by rioters on Saturday last, is not being held prisoner in his palace according to the official German News Agency.

The report adds that the Cardinal, because of indignation against him among the populace has asked if a watch could be kept for his personal protection. At his request a guard was placed at his palace.—Reuter Bulletin.

LONDON CONCERN AT PALESTINE STRIFE

(Continued from Page 1.)

not conform with the interests of the country.—Trans-Ocean.

CO-OPERATION PLEA

London, Oct. 13. "Zionism cannot be deterred by threats and killing," says the head of the Jewish Agency in Palestine in a telegram in reply to the so-called ultimatum of the Arab Defence Committee at Damascus.

The telegram says that if Arab neighbouring countries ever resort to the practice of massacring Jews they will not prevent the realisation of Zionism, but will only disgrace themselves.

The message adds: "We see the possibility of fruitful co-operation in Palestine embracing Jews, Arabs as well as neighbouring countries but on the essential condition that the basic rights of the Jewish people in Palestine are recognised."—Reuter.

U.S. DELEGATION

Washington, Oct. 13. A delegation of Jewish leaders, headed by Mr. Stephen Wise, President of the Zionist Organisation of America, called on Sir Robert Lindsay, the British Ambassador, and presented a memorandum requesting continuance of Jewish immigration into Palestine.

Sir Robert Lindsay undertook to transmit the memorandum to London.

The same delegation will visit Mr. Cordell Hull, the American Secretary of State to-morrow.—Reuter.

SEVERED HEADS

Jerusalem, Oct. 13. The severed head of two Moroccans Moslems who had been missing for some time from Jerusalem were found inside a sack near Damascus Gate, Jerusalem to-day.

It is believed that the men were formerly bodyguards to the Mufti of Jerusalem.

Various cases of sniping, arson and bomb-throwing are reported, including the killing of two Arabs, one of whom was British. He was killed by Government forces near the Gaza airport.—Reuter Special.

PROTESTS TO WASHINGTON

Washington, Oct. 13. Following a deluge of thousands of protesting letters and telegrams, Mr. Cordell Hull said that Britain is unlikely to make a final decision regarding the further admission of Jews into Palestine prior to November. He said that he was studying the messages he had received carefully, and would make a statement soon.—United Press.

PORTUGUESE ON MURDER CHARGE

Shanghai, Oct. 14. Vasco Marcal, 28-year-old Portuguese was sent yesterday morning aboard a German ship to Macao where he will face his trials on a charge of murdering a British subject, Louisa Maria da Cruz on September 5.

If convicted Marcal will serve a term on the Island of Timor in the East Indies.—Reuter.

ARAB LAWYER ASSASSINATED

Jerusalem, Oct. 13. Abducted and assassinated, Hassan Sidiq Dajany (40) leading Arab lawyer and Nationalist spokesman, is slain in the current rebellion in Palestine.

The first high ranking Arab to be killed and Arabs alike are most shocked at the outrage.—United Press.

HUNGARY THREATENS ACTION

(Continued from Page 1.)

sidered concessions, it is believed on the Slovak side, could under certain circumstances prove fatal to the future of the so bitterly won autonomy.

According to the Hungarian demands, the Slovaks declare, one-fifth of their territory would have been ceded, and the important towns and places would all have been outside the new frontiers.

One of the chief reasons why the negotiations broke down, it is stressed by Emo Bohum, was because one could not agree which census to take as a basis for negotiations.—Trans-Ocean.

TO SEE HITLER

Berlin, Oct. 13. Dr. Frantisek Chvalkovsky, the Czech Foreign Minister, left Berlin to-night for Munich to see Herr Hitler, according to Czech circles.

It is explained in well-informed German circles that Dr. Chvalkovsky's conversations in Berlin to-day concerned the problems directly arising out of the Sudeten crisis, whereas the talk with Fuehrer will concern the future Czech-German relations.

It is declared that Germany is anxious that these relations should be close and friendly.—Reuter.

ANOTHER CABINET RE-SHUFFLE?

Warsaw, Oct. 13. A re-shuffle of the Czech Ministers abroad is imminent according to the *Gazeta Polska*.

The most important change will occur in London and Moscow, according to the paper, these Ministers being recalled and sent to South America. The paper also intimates impending changes in the Czech Foreign Ministry.—Trans-Ocean.

BRITISH LEGION READY

London, Oct. 13. Major-General Sir Francis Fetherston-Godley, leader of the British Legion volunteers visited the Foreign Office to-day and had a conversation with Sir Alexander Cadogan, Permanent Under Secretary. It is understood there was a discussion on whether the services of the British Legion detachment will be required in Czechoslovakia, but that no decision was reached, pending results of discussions in Berlin and the decision of the International Commission sitting there.—British Wireless.

VACANT TENEMENTS

Rapid Decrease Shown In Assessor's Report

The rapid decrease in vacant tenements of all classes owing to the influx of refugees from China, is shown in the report of Mr. J. Ring, Assessor, on the assessment for the year 1938-1939, which was laid before the Legislative Council yesterday.

According to the report, the number of floors reported and found vacant in 1937-1938 averaged 842 per month as compared with 2,070 the previous year, while the number of all classes of tenements each under one assessment reported and found vacant averaged 411 per month as against 936. Thus the total vacancies averaged 1,253 per month compared with 3,008. For April this year, the total number of tenements and floors found vacant was 283 as against 2,595 the previous year. This great reduction was due to the influx of refugees from China since the previous August, following the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities.

The new rateable value of the tenements in Hongkong, Apelchau, Kowloon and New Kowloon amounted to \$35,502,622 as compared with \$34,200,734, an increase of \$1,293,888 or 3.78 per cent. The valuation of the City of Victoria for the year 1938-1939 is assessed at \$21,340,621, an increase of \$542,074 on 2.61 per cent. Hongkong villages at \$3,825,927, an increase of \$256,149 or 7.71 per cent; Kowloon at \$11,133,336, an increase of \$113,890 or 5.37 per cent; and New Kowloon at \$2,208,738, an increase of \$81,775 or 3.84 per cent.

INCREASE IN VALUATION

The increase in the valuation of the City of Victoria compares with a decrease of \$506,407 the previous year, and due to interim valuations of new and improved property, including notable Holland House, and to some improvement in rateable values.

The increase under Hongkong Villages is due to scattered building, storage land and some increase in rateable values. Last year there was an increase of \$129,052. In Kowloon the increase compares with a decrease of \$35,821 last year. It is due partly to new flats, Chinese tenement houses, godowns and storage land, and partly to improved rateable values.

The increase in New Kowloon compares with an decrease of \$18,300 last year, and is due mainly to further building of European dwellings and Chinese tenement houses on the new lay-out near Kowloon City, to factory buildings, and the Chinese tenement houses in Shanshui-pu.

During the 1937-1938 rating year, refunds of rate were granted for vacant floors of tenements where the owners had elected at the last annual valuation to obtain this concession. During the year ending April 30, 1938, 1,007 interim valuations, as compared with 1,263 in the previous year, were made.

In the ten years from 1928-1929 to 1938-1939 the rateable value of the Colony increased by \$3,107,173 or 10.80 per cent. "The influx of refugees from China," concludes the report, "has led to rapid decrease in vacant tenements of all classes. While a few

HEAVY FIGHTING WEST OF RIVER

(Continued from Page 1.)

they were detained by the police on special duty there and sent to the concentration camps at Kam Tin, where there is accommodation for approximately 15,000.

CANTON REMAINS CALM

Canton, Oct. 14. Canton is very calm. Officials and the population have now recovered from their surprise at the Blas Bay invasion and are solidifying into a determination to stick whatever happens. There is a general realisation that where a small mechanised force faces a large armed force, the morale of the latter will prove decisive.

The city streets are completely normal, and the people evacuating are chiefly from the middle-class, including wives and children. However, the usual baggage loaded on lorries is far less than during the bombings.

The population is hardened by the knowledge that crack troops under General Mo Hsi-chen are defending Waihong, while strong Kwangsi detachments are guarding the West River districts.

Officials in the political department are repairing the gear for war-time needs, asked what they would do if Canton falls replied: "We are proceeding on the assumption that the defence will be long-drawn and successful, and therefore we have not even considered the eventualities of Canton falling. The Japanese have backed their way into a thick forest in which they may very well get lost if they penetrate deeper."—United Press.

JAPANESE CLAIMS

Canton, Oct. 14. To a barrage of questions by Reuter's correspondent regarding reports of fighting in the Tamsui district, the Japanese claiming that 2,000 Chinese troops had been wiped out, and foreign reports that the Chinese air force was not active in South China, the Provincial Government spokesman could reply only: "We have no information."

Reports of the arrival of Chinese air force units seem to be confirmed by a telephonic message received by Reuter from a foreigner living on the outskirts of Canton, who stated that early this morning he witnessed several dog-fights between the Chinese and Japanese planes.

Meanwhile the alarm was sounded at 6.15 a.m. amidst a thunderstorm, and several bombers were sighted over the suburbs, though no bombs were dropped in the Canton area.—Reuter.

NEWSPAPER COMMENTS

Tokyo, Oct. 14. The newspapers came out yesterday morning giving prominence to statements regarding the Japanese expedition in South China, and gave editorial comment to the movement, emphasising the position of Britain and France.

The Asahi Shimbun and the Hochi Shimbun expressed a desire for a cautious and restrained attitude on the part of the powers concerned.

All the papers uphold the fresh military action. The Yomiuri Shimbun observes that the move was needed to disillusion the Chinese leaders who had been depending on foreign assistance.

Referring to the projected British manoeuvres with Hongkong as the centre, the paper declares that such a demonstration would "never check Japanese action, but on the contrary would only affect Anglo-Japanese relations adversely."

Stating that Britain and France had been the mainstays of the Central Government, "hitherto having extended assistance to Chiang Kai-shek through Kwantung and Kwangsi," the Nichi Nichi blames them for the extension of hostilities southward. It adds that the loss of two provinces will prove fatal to General Chiang Kai-shek.

This view is also held by the Kokumin Shimbun, which denounces the British naval manoeuvres. It points out that a state of undeclared war exists between China and Japan and asserts that there is "no necessity whatever for Japan to hesitate taking this military action for fear of complications with other countries."

The same newspaper criticises Premier Konoye for addressing notes to foreign diplomatic representatives on Wednesday in connection with the rights and interests of third powers in China. The paper declares that "if any country is menaced by the Japanese expedition to South China it is only receiving its due reward for resisting Chiang Kai-shek."—Reuter.

BASEBALL MANAGER

New York, Oct. 12. At a Baseball Writers' luncheon to-day, MacPhail announced that Durocher would manage the Brooklyn Dodgers for the coming year. The amount of the salary, however, was not mentioned. Durocher said he had selected Chuck Dressen and Nashville as coaches of the team.

The increase in New Kowloon compares with an decrease of \$18,300 last year, and is due mainly to further building of European dwellings and Chinese tenement houses on the new lay-out near Kowloon City, to factory buildings, and the Chinese tenement houses in Shanshui-pu.

During the 1937-1938 rating year, refunds of rate were granted for vacant floors of tenements where the owners had elected at the last annual valuation to obtain this concession. During the year ending April 30, 1938, 1,007 interim valuations, as compared with 1,263 in the previous year, were made.

In the ten years from 1928-1929 to 1938-1939 the rateable value of the Colony increased by \$3,107,173 or 10.80 per cent.

"The influx of refugees from China," concludes the report, "has led to rapid decrease in vacant tenements of all classes. While a few

POST OFFICE.

AIR MAIL SERVICES

Air Mail Services to Shanghai, Nanking, Tsingtao, Tientsin and Peiping are temporarily suspended.

AIR MAIL LETTERS

Surcharged air mail letters may be posted in the ordinary posting boxes. They should be clearly marked "By Air Mail" and bear sufficient postage. Insufficiently prepaid letters may be taxed with double the deficiency or forwarded by Steamer Service, at the discretion of the Post Office.

INWARD AIR MAIL

From	To	Date
Manila	Aerastus	October 14.
Manila	Conte Blanca	October 15.
Direct Service"—due London date, 9th October.	Imperial Airways Plane	October 15.
Japan and Shanghai	Jean Laborde	October 16.
Parcels from Calcutta and Straits	Kutsang	October 16.
Shanghai and Swatow	Kwangtung	October 16.
Amoy	Nanning	October 16.
Shanghai and Swatow	Tjilacora	October 16.
Straits	Yochow	October 16.
Straits and Holow	Agapenor	October 16.
Japan and Shanghai	Cremer	October 16.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Manila	Mulnam	October 16.
(San Francisco date, 23rd Sept.)	Patroclus	October 16.
	Pres. Coolidge	October 18.

OUTWARD AIR MAIL

For	Per	Date and Time
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and Rajputana	G. P. O. and K. P. O.	Friday, Oct. 14.
South Africa, Aden, Egypt, Malta and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 11th November	Parcels	Oct. 14, 9.45 a.m.
	Reg.	Oct. 15, 9.45 a.m.
	Ord.	Oct. 15, 10.30 a.m.

SATURDAY AIR MAIL

| For |
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BERTHING PLANS FOR 1939 ARE OPEN
MAKE BOOKINGS EARLY — to secure accommodation desired

TO CANADA, UNITED STATES and EUROPE

via Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama

EMPEROR OF CANADA via Honolulu Noon, Fri., Oct. 14.
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA Noon, Thurs., Oct. 27.
EMPEROR OF JAPAN via Honolulu Noon, Fri., Nov. 11.
EMPEROR OF ASIA Noon, Fri., Nov. 25.

Air-conditioned equipment on C.P.R. Trans-Continental Trains
Frequent Canadian Pacific Atlantic sailings to European Ports

TO MANILA

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA Thurs., Oct. 20.

Union Building Canadian Pacific Telephone 20752



BARBER-WILHELMSEN LINE

Monthly Service to
BOSTON AND NEW YORK

via LOS ANGELES & PANAMA CANAL PORTS
also taking cargo on through Bills of Lading for West Indies ports, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, Rio Grande do Sul
Buenos Aires, South America.

NEXT SAILING:—

M.S. "TAI PING"

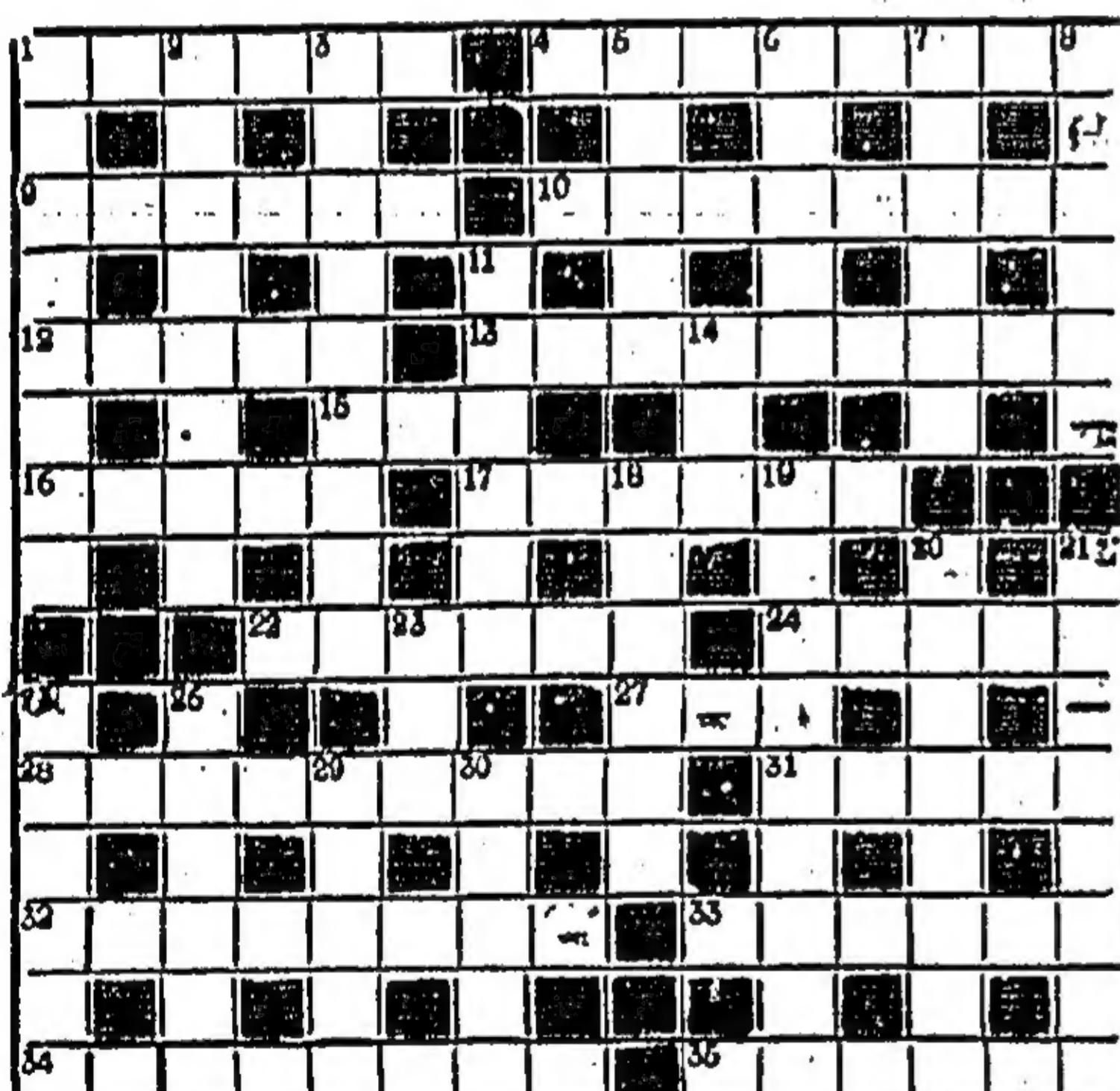
25th October.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong Bank Bldg. Telephone 28021.

OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



ACROSS
1 At the mercy of current movements (6).
4 The description of this servant is of course an optimistic exaggeration (8).
9 Hook of the O.T. (6).
10 Cook uses this for flavouring (8).
12 Save a healing stuff (5).
13 Put in a morning in catching fish being very hungry (9).
15 Certainly no polished man about town (3).
16 Distinctly important (8).
17 Ancient city of Greece (6).
22 A steady change (6).
24 A foreign lady (6).
27 Colour (3).
28 Wine (6).
31 Cosy retreat (for an archer?) (6).
32 Work for a Knight, of olden days (8).
33 African port (6).
34 "Chapfallen" would seem a suitable clue (6).
35 1 down is designed to do this (6).
DOWN
1 He's in a low haunt and likely to stick where put (8).
2 Control (8).
3 Musical instrument (6).
5 The truth of this is evident (6).
6 A smoky implement (6).
8 In my society, obviously it is the majority that do this (6).
11 A holiday for a boy who is not in form perhaps (two words—6, 3).

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION

SWANS DOWN, H. B. I
E A E E A HAMLET
MAGNETISM, M. A. I
L T E T T GASCON
STEERSMEN, D. K. E
H. S. T. N. CROMER
O H U S. S. P. Y. A. A
P R O G N O S I C A T I O N
E L D E W E D L. T
R A D L E Y A W. O. D.
A B R A N T I Q U A R Y
U R A W L S T. S. T. I
I C C I. I N T E N S I V E
V I K I N G O. S. E.
E S G R. S T A T U O R Y

RADIO
SBR JADCAST

Barbara Gilmar (Soprano)
From the Studio

RACHMANINOFF CONCERTO

Radio Programme Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a Frequency of 455 k.c.s. and on Short Wave from 1-2.15 p.m. and 6-11 p.m. on 9.02 m.c.s. per second.

0.00 Relay of the Dance Orchestra from the Roof Garden of the Hongkong Hotel.

(a) Medley of Old Favourites; (b) Don't be that way; (c) Medley of Old Favourites; (d) Rumba at the Ritz.

0.14 Record from Z.B.W.: Charlie Kunz Piano Medley No. R. 1....

Charlie Kunz (Piano) (a) Seventh Heaven; (b) Sunburst; (c) Je vous dirai d'avantage; (d) Chiquita la Cubanita.

0.33 Record from Z.B.W.: Speak To Me Of Love (Lenoir); Intro: Love's last word is spoken (Bixby); Escapade (A Mexican Elopement—Phillips). Al B. Dillington at the Organ on the Paramount Theatre, London. Tango Delle Rose (Schreier and Bottner).—Serge Kratoff and His Hawaiian Band.

0.44 (a) Where is the Sun?; (b) Sweethearts for ever; (c) Foolin' myself; (d) Twilight in Turkey.

7.00 Songs by Peter Dawson (Bass-Baritone).

A Word, Allow Mel ("Pagliacci"—Leoncavallo); A Song Of Tender Memories ("Pagliacci"—Leoncavallo); Sirs! Your Toast (Torador Song) ("Carmen"—Bizet); Room For The Façotum ("Barber of Seville"—Rossini).

7.15 London Relay—Food for Thought.

Three short talks on matters of topical interest.

7.35 Closing Local Stock Quotations.

7.37 Sandy Powell, Hill Billies and Frances Day.

Sandy and Family At Blackpool (Powell)—Comedy Sketch.... Sandy Powell and Company: You Have That Extra Something (V. Ellis).

Frances Day (Soprano) with Orchestra; The Trail Of The Lonesome Pine (from the film)... The Hill Billies with Their Own Novelty Accomp.; I Don't Want To Make History (film "Palm Springs")....

Frances Day (Soprano) with Orchestra; Sandy: The Window Cleaners; Humorous Sketch.... Sandy Powell, 8.00 Time, Weather and Announcements.

8.03 Harry Roy, his Orchestra and Tiger-Ragamuffins.

Jazz Me Blues—Quick-Step; cheerful Blues—Slow Fox-Trot.... Harry Roy's Tiger-Ragamuffins with Clarinet and Vocal by Harry Roy; Maple Leaf Rag—Quickstep; Clarinet Marmalade—Quickstep....

Harry Roy and His Orchestra; You Made Me Love You (McCarthy—Monaco).... Harry Roy's Tiger-Ragamuffins on two pianos with string bass and drums; Internationale—Fox-Trot (film "Everything is Rhythm"); Black Minnie's Got The Blues—Slow Fox-Trot (film "Everything is Rhythm").... Harry Roy and His Orchestra with vocal refrain; She's Funny That Way (Moret-Whiting); From Monday On (Crosby—Burris).... Harry Roy's Tiger-Ragamuffins on two pianos string bass and drums with Clarinet and Vocal by Harry Roy.

8.30 London Relay—"Under Big Ben".

A talk by Howard Marshall.

8.45 Berlin State Opera Orchestra Hungarian Rhapsody No. 1 (Liszt).

8.55 Next week's Programme.

9.00 Studio—Barbara Gilmar (Soprano) with A. T. Lay at the Piano.

1. Arias from: (a) Gianni Schicchi (Puccini); (b) Tosca (Puccini)....

Barbara Gilmar with Piano; 2. Bruyere (Debussy)... A. T. Lay at the Piano; 3. Arias from: (a) Manon Lescaut (Puccini); (b) Turandot (Puccini).... Barbara Gilmar with Piano.

9.20 Sibelius—Symphonic Poem "The Oceanside", Op. 73.

Played by The B. B. C. Symphony Orchestra conducted by Adrián Boult.

9.30 London Relay—The News.

9.50 Rachmaninoff—Concerto No. 2 in C Minor, Op. 18.

Played by Sergei Rachmaninoff (Piano) and the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra conducted by Leopold Stokowski.

10.24 Songs by Theodore Charlier (Bass).

Midnight Review (Glinka).

Orchestra cond. by Eugene Goossens; Song of the Needy Pilgrim (Nekrasoff—Nevstrueff—Manlikin).... with the Afonsky Choir and Balalaika Orchestra.

10.30 Selections from Russian Operas.

"The Golden Cockerel"—Wedding March (Rimsky-Korsakov)....

The Lamoureux Orchestra of Paris cond. by Albert Wolff; "Sadko" (Rimsky-Korsakov)—Song of India.... Alexander Koubitzky (Tenor) with Orchestra cond. by Elie Cohen; "Prince Igor" (Borodin); Introduction Polovtsi Dances—Dance of the Young Girls; Dance of the Men; General Dance.... Les Chœurs De L'Opéra Russe with Orchestra cond. by Slaviansky d'Agrenet; Chorus of the Young Polovtsi Girls.... Les Chœurs De L'Opéra Russe with Orchestra cond. by Slaviansky d'Agrenet; "Boris Godounov" (Mussorgsky)—Death Of Boris.... Theodore Charlier (Bass) with Chorus and Orchestra.

11.00 Close Down.

GOVERNMENT ENTERTAINS
FINANCE MISSION

London, Oct. 13.
His Majesty's Government entertained at luncheon to-day members of the Czechoslovak Finance Mission, Captain Euan Wallace, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, was in the chair.—British Wireless.

SHARE PRICES

The following is the list of local share quotations issued this morning.

Banks
H.K. Bank, \$1,450 s.

H.K. Bank (Lon. Reg.), \$83 s.

Chartered Bank, £93 s.

Mercantile Bank, A. & B. £29 n.

Mercantile Bank, C. £15 1/2 n.

East Asia Bank, \$88 s.

Insurance
Canton Ins., \$225 n.

Union Ins., \$315 n.

China Underwriters, \$2 n.

H.K. Fire Ins., \$200 n.

Shipping
Douglas, \$683 1/2 n.

H.K. Steamboats, \$20 1/2 n.

Indo-China (Pref.), \$60 n.

Indo-China (Def.), \$24 n.

Shell Bearer, \$8—\$10 1/2 n.

Union Waterboats, \$9 n.

Docks Etc.
H.K. & K. Wharves, \$120 n.

H.K. Docks (old), \$10 1/2 n.

H.K. Docks (new), \$10 n.

Provident (old), \$6.00 s.

Provident (new), \$6.50 n.

New Engineering Sh., \$3.00 n.

Shanghai Docks, Sh., \$126 n.

Kaihan Mining Adm., \$7—\$17 1/2 n.

Rauba, \$70 n.

Venz: Goldfield, \$7 1/2 n.

Hongkong Mines, 7 1/2 cts. s.

Philippines Mining

Antamok, P., \$35 1/2 s.

Atoks, P., \$3 s.

Bangku Gold, P., 24 s.

Benguet Consol., P., \$11.60 s.

Benguet Explor., —

Coco Grove, P., 42 1/2 s.

Consolidated Mines, P., \$0.035 s.

Demonstrations P., 27 1/2 s.

E. Mindanao, P., —

Ipo Gold, P., —

IXL, P., 61 s.

Hogons, P., —

Min. Resources, P., —

Paracel Guamius, P., 12 s.

Salacot Mining, P., —

San Mauricio, P., 79 s.

Suyoc Consol., P., 18 1/2 s.

United Paracels, P., 27 s.

Lands, Hotels, P., —

H. and S. Hotels, \$6.00 n.

H.K. Lands, \$38 s.

H.K. Lands, 47 1/2 Deben \$107 1/2 n.

Shanghai Lands, Sh., \$7.00 s.

Metropolitan Lands, Sh., —

Humphries \$9.00 n.

H.K. Realities, \$5.00 n.

Chinese Estates \$98 n.

Public Utilities

H.K. Tramways, \$10.70 s.

Peak Trams (old), \$9 1/2 s.

Peak Trams (new), \$9 3/4 n.

Star Ferries, \$77 n.

Yaumati Ferries (old), \$24 1/2 n.

China Light (old), \$10.60 s.

China Light (new), \$10 1/4 n.

H.K. Electric, \$50 n.

Macao Electric, \$17 1/2 n.

Sundakin Lights, \$10 s.

Telephone (old), \$20 n.

Telephone (new), \$9 n.

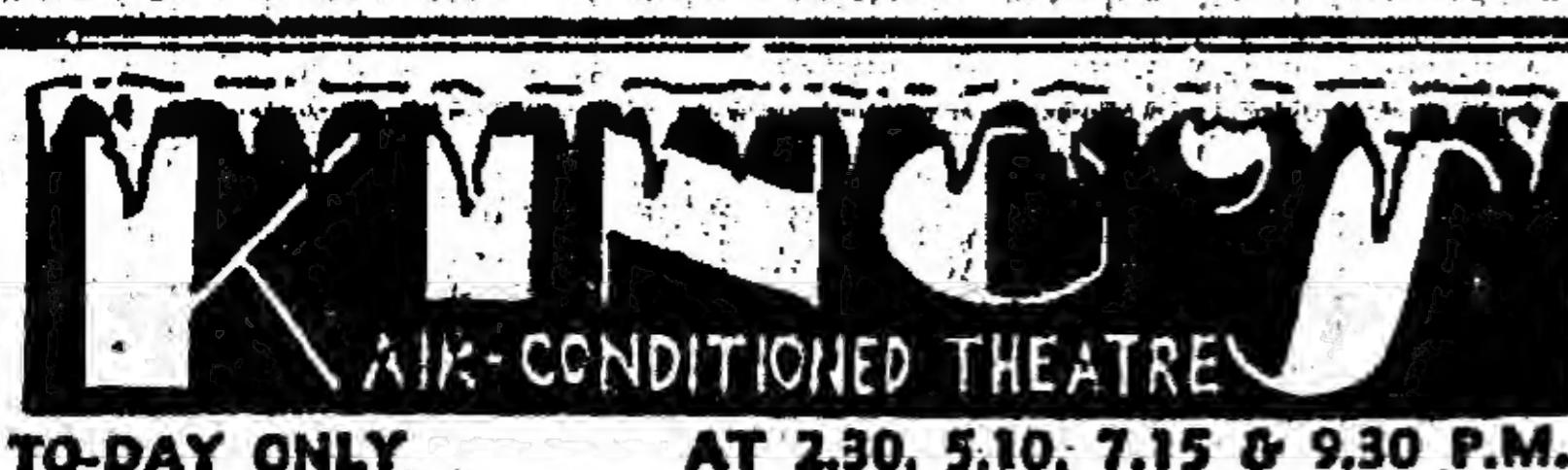
China Buses, Sh., —

Singapore Traction, \$/— 25/- n.

Singapore Pref., \$/— 20/- n.

Industrial

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TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

What Would YOU Do?

If you were Wilo No. 2... in that No. Woman's Land... the home town of Wilo No. 1? See how this second wife balances for her happiness... in a drama that's fascinating and thrilling because it's TRUE!



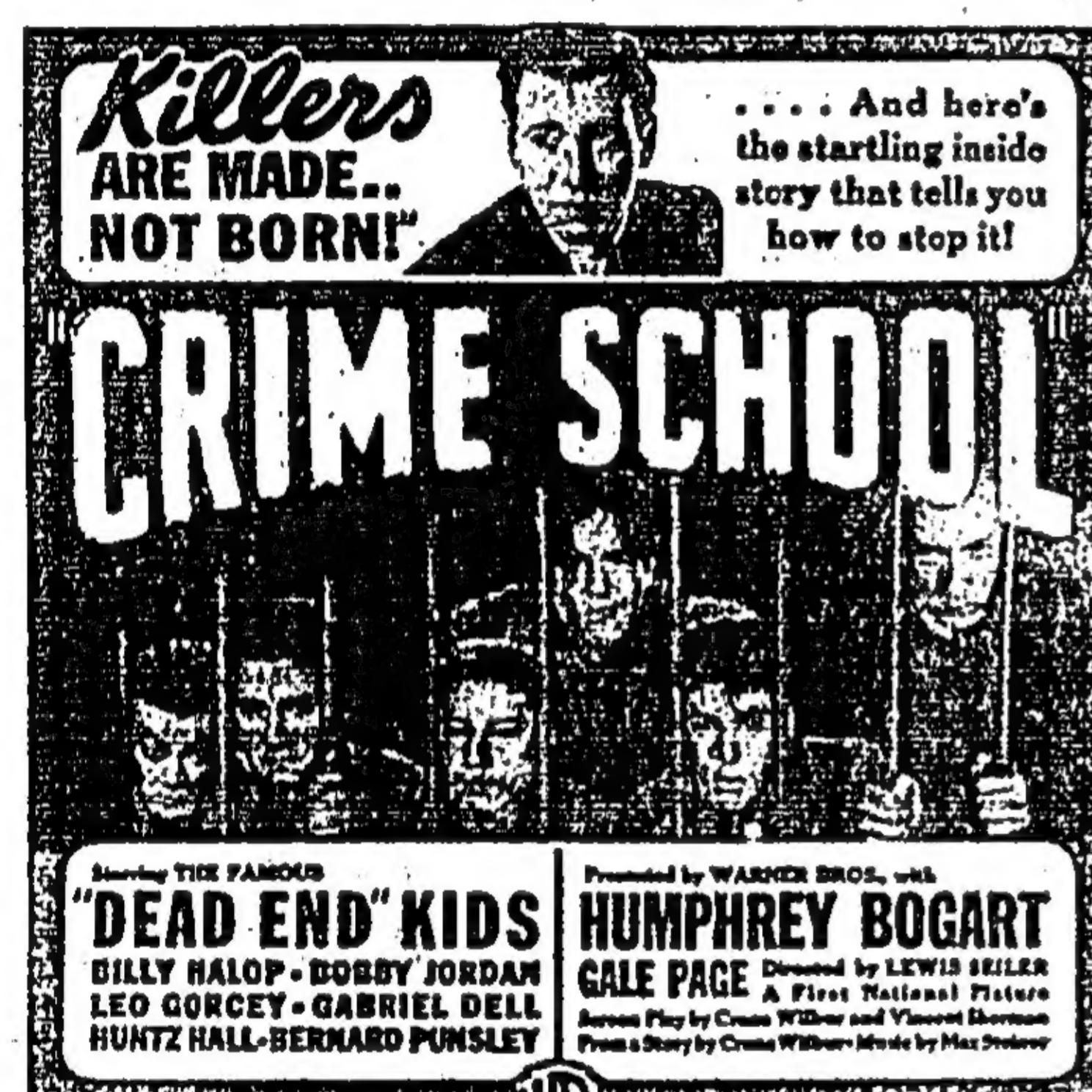
ALSO PETE SMITH SPECIALTY "EQUESTRIAN ACROBATICS" AND OUR GANG COMEDY "FISHY TALES"

FREE CINEMA TICKETS!!!

On display in the lobby of the King's Theatre are many photographs taken by a roving photographer. Identify yourself and you will receive a complimentary pass to see M-G-M's picture entitled "Live, Love and Learn," co-starring Robert Montgomery and Rosalind Russell, commencing Sunday, 16th October. It's Great Fun!!! If you love fun, don't miss it!!!



• TO-DAY & TO-MORROW •
A STARTLING DRAMA! A DARING EXPOSE!



ADDED! Sybil Jason in "THE LITTLE PIONEER" A Featurette in Technicolour

SUNDAY: "MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS" RKO Picture Ruby Keeler - Anna Shirley

SPECIAL MORNING SHOW SUNDAY, 16th OCT. at 11.00 A.M. Our Second VARIETY PROGRAMME including

COLOUR CARTOONS CHARLIE CHASE COMEDIES KRAZY KAT and SCRAPPY CARTOONS and THE THREE STOOGES

PRICES: 50c., 35c. & 20c.; Children 35c. & 20c.; Incl. Tax Complimentary Tickets will not be valid for this show



• TO-DAY ONLY •

A BOLT OF DRAMA THAT'LL BLOW THE FUSES!

BETTE DAVIS FEAMED FOR THE FIRST TIME WITH FRANCHOT TONE "DANGEROUS"

TO - MORROW

ERROL FLYNN

Warner Bros. Picture "CAPTAIN BLOOD"

Experts Are Pleased With The Mercury

Brilliant Achievement Of Novel Aircraft

London, Oct. 13. Aeronautical experts are very satisfied with the performance of the seaplane Mercury the upper component of the Mayo composite aircraft on her flight to the Cape, and in particular with the faultless mid-air launching from the supporting plane Main, despite the fact that at the moment of release every square foot of wing area was called upon to sustain 45 pounds and the weight-power ratio was no less than 20 pounds per horsepower—a combination of wing-loading and power-loading never before carried into aile.

Persistent adverse winds robbed the Mercury of the world's long-distance non-stop flight record as she was forced to land short of Cape Town owing to the exhaustion of petrol supply, and there is inevitably some regret. Floats, each of which is capable of taking 600 gallons, were only loaded with 475 gallons. The Mercury was already carrying 7,000 pounds more than on her trans-Atlantic flight, and although the experience of the just launch has shown that more ambitious starting loads may be allowed with safety, it is fully recognised that the programme of experiment by stages with the novel device of a mid-air launch was the only prudent one. The Mercury is now on her way home from the Cape by easy hops along the normal commercial route, and her future programme is already under consideration.

It is suggested she may make another survey flight with mails across the North Atlantic, resuming the project from which she was switched for the South African flight; or she might again attack the long-distance record. The third alternative would be a long journey well within her capacity over a route which has not at present been disclosed.—British Wireless.

The committee has now been constituted with the title, "Expert Committee on Indian Defence 1938-39"; Chairman, Admiral of the Fleet, Lord Chatfield, Sir Ernest J. Strohmenger, Major-General Sir B. N. Sersison-Brooke, Air Vice-Marshal C. L. Courtney, and Major-General C. J. E. Auchinleck.

With his head and face enveloped in bandages, a boatman named So Loi-ki, 62, was charged before Mr. K. M. A. Barnett at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning with having alighted from a bus while it was still in motion.

Det-Sergeant Kelly said that So had been travelling on a No. 11, Tai-po, route bus. As the vehicle was approaching a station in Pei Ho Street, So stood on the steps and jumped off before the conductor could pull him back. So fell on his face and was sent to the Kowloon Hospital where he remained for three days as the result of the injuries he received.

Addressing So, Mr. Barnett asked him: "Why did you not wait for the bus to stop?"

The defendant: "I have never travelled on a bus before. I have been in Hongkong for three years."

Sergeant Kelly: "He is a boatman from Aberdeen, your Worship."

Passing sentence Mr. Barnett said to the defendant: "I think you have taught yourself a fairly good lesson, and since you are a boatman who does not come on land very often, I shall fine you \$1."

The committee has already been taking evidence in London since the beginning of October, and will proceed to India on October 20. It

hopes to present a report as early in the New Year as possible.—British Wireless.

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15 7.15-9.30

EXPERTS TO AID INDIA'S DEFENCES

Committee Will Conduct Investigation

London, Oct. 13.

It was announced on September 13 last that on the invitation of the Government of India, His Majesty's Government had appointed an expert committee with the following terms of reference: "Having regard to the increased cost of modern armaments to the desirability of organising, equipping, and maintaining forces in India in accordance with modern requirements and to the limited resources available in India for defence expenditure to examine and report in the light of experience gained in executing the British rearmament programme, how these resources can be used to the best advantage, and to make recommendations."

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2 DAYS ONLY TO-DAY • TO-MORROW

15 FUNNY COMICS IN A GREAT SHOW!

IT'S GREAT BECAUSE it has Fred MacMurray as a swing band leader who swings his fists, the Yacht Club Boys at their funniest, Ben Blue daffier than ever, Harriet Hillier Radio's singing star and a terrific cast.

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